





38TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

ANNUAL REPORT

2023/2024

 **16th February 2024**  **3.00 PM**

 **YMCA IPOH**

**NO. 211, JALAN RAJA MUSA AZIZ
30020 IPOH, PERAK DARUL RIDZUAN**



SCAN FOR DIRECTION

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PERAK BAR COMMITTEE 2023/2024



**CHAIRPERSON
J KAMALA MAHLINI**

**HONORARY SECRETARY
ILAVARASI A/P THIRUCHELVAM @ SELVAM**

**PERAK BAR REPRESENTATIVE
B.K. PILLAI**

**FINANCE / SECRETARIAT
DR. SARAVANABAYAN S/O MATHIALAGAN**

**COURT LIAISON
SHEANNA SHANTA A/P KENNETH VELU**

**CONVEYANCING & SYARIAH
RAHIMI BINTI RAMLI**

**CONTINUING PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT
BABU RAJ A/L RAJA GOPAL**

**SOCIAL
ELAINE FOONG SOOK YEN**

**LEGAL AID / YBGK
'AWATIF BINTI AHMAD BASHIR**

**SPORT
SUKHVINDER SINGH SIDHU**

**YOUNG LAWYERS / CHAMBERING STUDENTS
SHASSIDAREN A/L DEVA SANA PATHY**

**PUBLICITY / PUBLICATION / LIBRARY
PARAMASWARI A/P SAVASURI**



**AGENDA FOR THE
ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING
OF THE PERAK BAR TO BE HELD
ON 16.02.2024**



1. To confirm and adopt the minutes of the Perak Bar Annual General Meeting held on 17.02.2023.
2. Matters arising from the above minutes.
3. To consider and to adopt the Annual Report 2023/2024.
4. To consider and to pass the Accounts for the period 01.01.2023 to 31.12.2023.
5. To elect the Chairman of the Perak Bar Committee for the year 2024/2025.
6. To elect not less than four (4) but not more than ten (10) members of the Perak Bar Committee for 2024/2025.
7. To elect one Member to represent the Perak Bar to the Bar Council for the year 2024/2025.
8. To appoint two Honorary Auditors
9. To deliberate on the motions presented by/to the Perak Bar Committee
10. General.

ILAVARASI A/P THIRUCHELVAM @ SELVAM
Honorary Secretary
2023/2024

**MINUTES OF THE 37TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE PERAK BAR HELD ON
17TH OF FEBRUARY 2023 AT
IPOH SWIMMING CLUB, PERAK DARUL RIDZUAN**

1. The meeting was called to order at 3.05 p.m. by Mdm Chairlady, Ms. Kamala Malini a/p P. Jeganathan. Mdm Chairlady welcomed and expressed her gratitude to the members for attending the 36th Annual General Meeting (AGM) of Perak Bar. The number of quorum of the 37th Annual General Meeting was 103 members.
2. Mdm Chairlady invited Mr. James Ong to give a talk about Risk Management Group from the Bar Council.
3. At 3.10p.m, Mr. James Ong gave a talked regarding Risk Management and reminded everyone to scan the given QR code.
4. Mdm. Chairlady thanked Mr. James Ong. Mdm Chairlady then proceed to play the Audio Visual for the International Malaysia Law Conference (ILMC) which will be held on 11th to 14th of July 2023.
5. At 3.17 p.m., Mdm Chairlady invited the members to hold a moment of silence for members who are no longer with us.

ITEM NO. 1 – TO CONFIRM AND ADOPT THE MINUTES OF THE PERAK BAR ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING HELD 18.02.2022

6. The Annual Report at pages 4 to 8 were perused by the members.
7. Mr. Surindar Singh a/l Chain Singh proposed the minutes to be adopted and this was seconded by Mr. S.V. Namasoo.

ITEM NO. 2 – MATTERS ARISING FROM THE ABOVE MINUTES

8. There were no matters arising from the previous minutes the AGM.

ITEM NO. 3 – TO CONSIDER, TO ADOPT THE ANNUAL REPORT 2022/2023

9. The Annual Report at page 11 to 69 were perused by the members.
10. Mdm Chairlady went thru her report from page 11 to page 19 of the report.
11. Mr. Surindar Singh a/l Chain Singh refer to page 12 of the Chair Person's Report. He urged that the elected Committee Members to attend all meetings.
12. Mdm Chairlady on the finance report gave a suggestion to the members that the current the subscriptions fee for the Perak Bar is RM100.00 annually. She informed that it may in the future need to be increased to RM150.00 and the expenses are on the increase.
13. Mr. Surindar Singh a/l Chain Singh referred to page 22 of the report and enquire on the deficit surplus of RM24,000.00. He informed that the deficit needs to be reduced.
14. Mr. Purshotamdas a/l Nathermal enquire Item 8 of the Bar Games on page 27 of the report.

15. Dr. Saravanabavan a/l Mathialagan explained that a sum of RM1,050.00 was paid to the medical personal for were present during the Penang-Perak Bar Games where RM150.00 was paid to per Medical Officers which took up the substantial amount. The remaining sum were used for rental of equipments, place and food etc.
16. Mr. S.V. Namasoo informed that all amount must be reflected and itemised well in the future.
17. Mr. Purshotamdas a/l Nathermal informed that the proposal for the increase of the subscription fee should be decided from the committee and the proposal should come from the Committee where it should be a part of the Agenda.
18. Mdm Chairlady informed that she will take this into consideration.
19. Mdm Chairlady explained on the position of Perak Bar acquiring our own building
20. Mr. Amrick Singh Sandhu proposed Item 9 at Page 27 to remove “Perak vs Selangor” and to be amended as Bar Games Interstate.
21. Pn. Nurul Jannah Binti Khairul Anuar enquire on Item 7 at page 26 drinks and mineral water for RM3,540.00.
22. Dr. Saravanabavan a/l Mathialagan explained that the drinks are inclusive of the alcohol beverages. He explained that the alcohol beverages were borne by the sponsors.
23. Mr. Surindar Singh s/o Chain Singh and Mr. S.V. Namasoo informed that this should be reflected and itemised in the future.
24. Mr. Nathan a/l N. Krishnan enquire on item 8 and 9 at page 27 of the report regarding the uniform and travelling expenses.
25. Dr. Saravanabavan a/l Mathialagan explained that the uniform was for 80 pieces and the total amount spend for was RM2,900.00. We have divided it 40 for interstate bar games and 40 for Penang Perak Bar Games. This are the jerseys for the participants. For the travelling expenses, we subsidize for about 21 participants who are young lawyers and chambering student RM150 per person.
26. Mr. Iruthaya Raj and Mr. Mathialangan s/o Mathuramuthu supports the decision for allowances for Young Lawyers.
27. Mr. Amrick Singh Sandu explained on the amount of the RM150 received by the young lawyers which is inclusive of transportation and accommodation.
28. Mdm Chairlady informed that they will tweak the wording next time.
29. Mr. Purshotamdas a/l Nathermal informed that members pay the sports fund and there should be some fund from the Bar Council for State bars for the interstate bar games as we pay the sports funds. He asked the Bar Rep and the Mdm Chairlady to raise this issue in the Bar Council.
30. Mr. Surindar Singh s/o Chain Singh informed that the Accounts must be closed before proceeding.

31. Mr. Purshotamdas a/l Nathermal proposed the Accounts for the period 1.1.2022 to 31.12.2022 to be passed and this was seconded by Mr. S. Dharmanathan a/l Suppiah Saminathan.
32. The AGM then proceed with discussions of the Annual Report 2022/2023.
33. Mdm Chairlady briefly explained on the Self Insurance Fund (SIF) and asked members of the Bar to raise any question they have on this now for the Bar Rep to raise in the Bar Council.
34. Mr. Surindar Singh a/l Chain Singh explained in detail on the Self Insurance Fund (SIF).
35. Mdm Chairlady thanked Mr. Surindar Singh a/l Chain Singh for the explanation. She then informed that the Bar Council have employed a team of professional to prepare an Actuarial Reports. And it will have a tremendous effect if it is managed properly. And it is still in a planning stage.
36. Mr. Mathialagan s/o Mathuramuthu asked Mr. Balakrishna Balaravi Pillai on why did the SIF in Hong Kong failed?
37. Mr. Iruthaya Raj explained on why it shouldn't be self-fund and the disadvantages of SIF.
38. Mr. Balakrishna Balaravi Pillai explained in detail that an independent body will be managing the SIF fund and on the long run, members will benefit from it. He asked members to forward their opinion and views to Perak Bar.
39. Mr. S.V. Namasoo raised issue on the Lexis Nexis Saga on what stage of negotiation it is.
40. Mr. Balakrishna Balaravi Pillai explained Mr. S.V. Namasoo in detailed that the suit with Lexis Nexis and was settled with RM1.3 million for the Year 2023.
41. Mdm Chairlady urge YBGK lawyers to come and engagement whenever there is an opportunity.
42. Mr. S.V. Namasoo enquire on why there is no report on Young Lawyer/Chambering students portfolio.
43. Mdm Chairlady explained that the Committee member resign effective November 2022 and she took over the portfolio, there is nothing much to be said on that as there is no report from the member.
44. Mr. Surindar Singh a/l Chain Singah informed that Young Lawyers portfolio is one of the important portfolio in the Committee and we must make the best effort to have the report ready.
45. Mr. Balakrishna Balaravi Pillai echoed Mr. Surindar's view and urge members to volunteer to join various subcommittees in the Bar Council.
46. Mr. Surindar Singh a/l Chain Singh raised an issue that every member of the committee should join or be a sub committee in the National Level automatically.
47. Mr. Lai Choe Ken informed that all the committee are invited to server or take part in the subcommittee at the national level.
48. Mdm Chairlady thank Mr. Surindar's feedback and the upcoming committee will take into consideration.

49. Mr. Iruthaya Raj raised issue on interpreters and transcription service.
50. Mr. Lai Choe Ken suggests Mr. Iruthaya Raj to raise this issue up in the upcoming Bar Council AGM.
51. Ms. Sheanna Shanta a/p Kenneth Velu proposed that the Annual Report to be adopted and this was seconded by Ms. Minderjit Kaur a/p Amolak Singh.

ITEM NO. 4 – TO CONSIDER, TO PASS THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE PERIOD 1.1.2022 TO 31.12.2022

52. Mr. Surindar Singh a/l Chain Singh informed to adopt the closing of finance as passed earlier.

ITEM NO. 5 – TO ELECT THE CHAIRMAN OF THE PERAK BAR COMMITTEE FOR THE YEAR 2023/2024

53. At 4.20 p.m., before the nominations and elections began, Mdm Chairlady thanked all the previous Committee for their hard work and efforts being in the Committee. Mdm Chairlady then invited Mr. Mathialagan s/o Mathuramuthu to chair the meeting accordingly as the returning Election Officer.
54. Mr. Purshotamdas a/l Nathermal thanked and proposed a vote of appreciation for the Committee.
55. Mr. Mathialangan s/o Mathuramuthu thanked the Chairperson and the Committee. He informed that the members can nominate a minimum 4 to 10 members for the Committee.
56. Ms. Thirumangai and Ms. Farzana volunteered to count the votes for the election.
57. Mr. Mathialangan s/o Mathuramuthu announced that the nominations for the Chairman was open.
58. Dr. Saravanabavan a/l Mathialagan proposed Ms. Kamala Mahlini a/p P Jeganathan as the Chairlady for the Year 2023/2024 and this was seconded by Mr. Purshotamdas a/l Nathermal.
59. Mr. S.V. Namasoo proposed the nominations for the Chairman to be closed and this was seconded by Mr. Surindar Singh a/l Chain Singh.
60. Mr. Mathialangan s/o Mathuramuthu announced Ms. Kamala Mahlini a/p P Jeganathan as the Chairlady of the Perak Bar Committee for the Year 2023/2024.

ITEM NO. 6 – TO ELECT EIGHT MEMBERS OF THE PERAK BAR COMMITTEE FOR THE YEAR 2023/2024

61. Mdm Chairlady, Ms. Kamala Mahlini a/p P Jeganathan explained that she proposed to have 8 members only to serve as a committee this term but she leave it to the floor and she is it guided by the provisions of the Legal Professional Act.
62. Mr. Mathialangan s/o Mathuramuthu the proceeded with the nomination.
63. Mr. Purshotamdas a/l Nathermal proposed Ms. Sheanna Shanta a/p Kenneth Velu and this was seconded by Mr. Nathan a/l N. Krishnan.

64. Mr. Teeban Kummar A/L Sugumar proposed Dr. Saravanabavan a/l Mathialagan and this was seconded by Mr. Yip Ma Ying.
65. Mr. Lai Choe Ken proposed Ms. Elaine Foong Sook Yen and this was seconded by Mr. Sukhvinder Singh Sidhu
66. Mr. Shassidaren a/l Deva Sana Pathy proposed Mr. Sukhvinder Singh Sidhu and this was seconded by Mr. Babu Raj a/l Raja Gopal.
67. Pn. Nurul Jannah Binti Khairul Anuar proposed Pn. Rahimi Binti Ramli and this was seconded by Pn. Ruzitah Binti Sarbani.
68. Mr. T. Ellangovan A/L Thambiraju proposed Mr. Babu Raj a/l Raja Gopal and this was seconded by Mr. Sukhvinder Singh Sindhu.
69. En. Khairul Anuar Bin Musa proposed Pn. 'Awatif Binti Ahmad Bashir and this was seconded by Pn. Nurul Jannah Binti Khairul Anuar.
70. Mr. Sukhvinder Singh Sidhu proposed Mr. Shassidaren a/l Deva Sana Pathy and this was seconded by Mr. Amrick Singh Sandu.
71. Ms. Mary Ann proposed Ms. Paramaswari a/p Savasuri and this was seconded by Mr. Amrick Singh Sandu.
72. Mr. Purshotamdas a/l Nathermal proposed the nomination to be closed and this was seconded by Mr. Nathan a/l N. Krishnan.
73. Mr. Mathialangan s/o Mathuramuthu announced that there are nine (9) candidates who were elected as the Perak Bar Committee for the year 2023/2023, namely:-
 - i. Ms. Sheanna Shanta a/p Kenneth Velu
 - ii. Dr. Saravanabavan a/l Mathialagan
 - iii. Ms. Elaine Foong Sook Yen
 - iv. Mr. Sukhvinder Singh Sidhu
 - v. Pn. Rahimi Binti Ramli
 - vi. Mr. Babu Raj a/l Raja Gopal
 - vii. Pn. 'Awatif Binti Ahmad Bashir
 - viii. Mr. Shassidaren a/l Deva Sana Pathy
 - ix. Ms. Paramaswari a/p Savasuri

ITEM NO. 7 – TO ELECT ONE (1) MEMBER TO REPRESENT THE PERAK BAR TO THE BAR COUNCIL FOR THE YEAR 2023/2024

74. Mr. Babu Raj a/l Raja Gopal proposed Mr. Balakrishna Balaravi Pillai, and this was seconded by Mr. Surindar Singh a/l Chain Singh.
75. Pn. Nurul Jannah Binti Khairul Anuar proposed the nominations to be closed and this was seconded by Mr. Lai Choe Ken.
76. Mr. Balakrishna Balaravi Pillai was therefore elected as the Perak Bar Representative to the Bar Council for the Year 2022/2023.

ITEM NO. 8 – TO APPOINT TWO (2) HONORARY AUDITORS

77. Mr. Mathialagan s/o Mathuramuthu commended Mr. Raja Singam a/l Devapitchai and Ms. Lee Pooi Mun @ Nur Azean Lee Bt. Abdullah for doing a good job as the Honorary Auditors.
78. Mr. Purshotamdas a/l Nathermal proposed Ms. Lee Pooi Mun @ Nur Azean Lee Bt. Abdullah, and this was seconded by Pn. Nurul Jannah Binti Khairul Anuar.
79. Mr. Balakrishna Balaravi Pillai proposed Mr. S.V. Namasoo, and this was proposed by Mr. Babu Raj a/l Raja Gopal.
80. Mr. Lai Choe Ken proposed the nominations to be closed and this was seconded by Ms. Minderjit Kaur a/p Amolak Singh.
81. Hence, Ms. Lee Pooi Mun @ Nur Azean Lee Bt. Abdullah and Mr. S.V. Namasoo were thereby appointed as the two (2) Honorary Auditors for the term 2023/2024

ITEM NO. 9 – GENERAL

82. Mdm Chairlady thanked Mr. Mathialagan s/o Mathuramuthu for conducting the election. She also welcomed all the new elected committee.
83. Mdm Chairlady asked members to support the activities organised by Perak Bar.
84. Mr. S.V. Namasoo raised the issues on the lack of interpreters.
85. Mr. Balakrishna Balaravi Pillai suggest Mr. S.V. Namasoo to put a motion on this issue of interpreters in the Bar Council at the AGM.
86. Mr. S.V.Namasoo raised an issue regarding the EFS filing system. He asked that if we filed a document wrongly, why can't it be reimbursed or refunded. Why must we pay again for the full price. It is a deliberate daylight theft.
87. Mdm Chairlady informed that the issue of interpreters was raised in the Bar Council and she will raise the EFS issue at the Bar Council meeting.
88. Mr. Surindar Singh a/l Chain Singh asked whether is there any indication of any new judge replacing YA Tuan Su Tiang Joo as YA Tuan Su Tiang Joo would being transferred to KL. There is a back log due to this in the Ipoh High Court.
89. Mr. Purshotamdas a/l Nathermal informed that the annual reports should be sent out 2 weeks before the AGM. And the notice of agenda should be sent 7 days before the AGM. He informed that the reports should be sent out 2 weeks before the AGM as the reports this year was sent on 10.2.2023.
90. Mr. Nathan a/l N. Krishnan raised an issue at the Lower Courts toilets are locked in the new building and the emergency exit is also being locked.
91. Mdm Chairlady will see what it can be done after meeting with the Pengarah.

92. Mr. Surindar Singh a/l Chain Singh informed all the members for a note of appreciation for Mr. Lai Choe Ken for serving the Perak Bar Committee for 17 years and to Mr. Varpal Singh a/l Menender Singh for serving the committee and travelling all the way from Taiping.
93. The members of Perak Bar gave a round of applause for Mr. Lai Choe Ken and Mr. Varpal Singh a/l Menender Singh.
94. There being no other matters, Mdm Chairlady thanked all the members for attending the AGM.
95. The AGM was adjourned at 4.40 p.m.

(sgd)
ILAVARASI A/P THIRUCHELVAM @ SELVAM
Honorary Secretary
2022/2023

PERAK BAR ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING ON FRIDAY, 17TH FEBRUARY 2023

ATTANDANCE LIST

<u>NO</u>	<u>NAME</u>	<u>NO</u>	<u>NAME</u>
1	' AWATIF BINTI AHMAD BASHIR	25	KALAINILAA A/P KALAIYARASU
2	AMIRAH NABIHAN BINTI SHAHRIR	26	KALAMALAR A/P C PARAMAGURU
3	AMRICK SINGH SANDU	27	KAMALA MAHLINI A/P P JEGANATHAN
4	ARTHUR YEONG CHONG SEN	28	KAREENA KAUR A/P JAGJIT SINGH
5	BABU RAJ A/L RAJA GOPAL	29	KHAIRUL ANUAR BIN MUSA
6	BALAKRISHNA BALARAVI PILLAI	30	KIRAN PREET KAUR A/P DALJIT SINGH
7	BAWANI A/P KANIAPAN	31	KORINAVATHI A/P KRISHNAMOORTHI
8	CHANG LIH YIK	32	LAI CHOE KEN
9	CHONG KOK YEW	33	LAW HONG SAN
10	CHOONG MENG SZE	34	LEE POOI MUN @ NUR AZEAN LEE BT. ABDULLAH
11	CHUAH TEONG WAH	35	LEON MOON WAN
12	DHIVIYA A/P ANBANANTHAN	36	LIEW MENG WAI
13	DIVIYA A/P MUTTIAH	37	LIM CHING CHING
14	ELAINE FOONG SOOK YEN	38	LIM TEIK LEE
15	EMALIANA A/P BAH ALI	39	MA FOONG YIN
16	FONG PO KUAN	40	MANOHARAN A/L TEVADASIN
17	GUNASEGRAN A/L DESARI	41	MARY ANN
18	GUOK JINN LIH	42	MARY LIM @ LIM MEI LENG
19	ILAVARASI A/P THIRUCHELVAM @ SELVAM	43	MATHIALAGAN S/O MATHURAMUTHU
20	INTAN SURAYYA BINTI ABDUL HALIM	44	MERLINNA CHAI
21	IRUTHAYA RAJ, A	45	MINDERJIT KAUR A/P AMOLAK SINGH
22	JAGJIT SINGH A/L GIAN SINGH	46	MOHAMMAD YUNUS BIN RAZAK
23	JAMES HUNTZEN ONG	47	MOHAMMED MIRAN BIN MOHAMMAD SALIP
24	JESPREET KAUR A/P GURDIP SINGH	48	MUHAMMAD ARIF BIN ISHAK

<u>NO</u>	<u>NAME</u>	<u>NO</u>	<u>NAME</u>
49	MUHAMMAD WAFI BIN ABDULLAH	74	PRITHI MALA VERMA
50	NAHTAN A/L N. KRISHNAN	75	PRIVESH PAUL SINGH A/L SUCHA SINGH
51	NAMASOO, VEJAYAN A/L SUPPIAH NAMASOO	76	PURSHOTAMDAS A/L NATHERMAL
52	NAVIT KAUR RANDHAWA A/P HIRA SINGH	77	RAJA SINGAM A/L DEVAPITCHAI
53	NAZIATUL AZRIN BINTI FAIZAL	78	ROSLIZA BINTI RUSLAN
54	NG MUNG YIN	79	ROSMALIZA BINTI MUSTAFFA
55	NG YUN KHONG	80	RUHAFIZA BINTI MAT SAID
56	NGEH KO CHEONG	81	RUZITAH BINTI SARBANI
57	NOORWAHIDA BINTI HAJI OTHMAN	82	S. DHARMANATHAN A/L SUPPIAH SAMINATHAN
58	NOR AKMAR BT MOHD ALI	83	SANDEEP SINGH A/L JIT SINGH
59	NOR ASHIKIN BINTI NOOR AZAIDIN	84	SANGITHA NAMASOO
60	NOR FADILLAH ANUM BINTI SIOTAR	85	SARAVANABAVAN A/L MATHIALAGAN
61	NOR IZZATUN UDDA BINTI MOHAMED	86	SEERALASITTAN A/L ELIATHAMBY PALANYVEL
62	NORHANIM BINTI IDAHAM @ IDHAM	87	SHAHIR BIN ABDUL KARIM
63	NUR ADNEN BINTI YAHYA	88	SHASSIDAREN A/L DEVA SANA PATHY
64	NUR FADHLIN BINTI MOHAMMAD FADZLI	89	SHEANNA SHANTA A/P KENNETH VELU
65	NUR SUHAILY BINTI RAMLI	90	SU CHING
66	NUR SYUHADA BINTI ZULKAPLE	91	SUKHJIT SINGH GILL A/L DARSHAN SINGH
67	NURUL FARZANA BINTI RUS BAKARURRAINI	92	SURINDAR SINGH A/L CHAIN SINGH
68	NURUL JANNAH BINTI KHAIRUL ANUAR	93	SYARIFAH AMNAH BINTI ZAINAL ABIDIN
69	NURUL SYAHIRAH BINTI AZMAN	94	T. ELLANGGOVAN A/L THAMBIRAJU
70	NURUL SYUHADA BINTI MOHD YUSOF	95	TAN CHEA YEE
71	ONG HUI XUE	96	TAN YIN FONG
72	PARAMASWARI A/P SAVASURI	97	TEEBAN KUMMAR A/L SUGUMAR
73	PREETKIRAN KAUR A/P PRETHAM SINGH	98	THAM JIE YING

NO**NAME**

- 99 THARSHINI A/P CHANDRAN
100 THIRU MANGAI A/P KRISHNAN
101 V. SREEDARAN NAIR A/L A. VELOO PILLAY
102 VARPAL SINGH A/L MENENDER SINGH
103 ZARITH SATINA BINTI MD SANI

PERAK BAR ANNUAL REPORT BY THE CHAIRMAN



Dear Members of the Perak Bar

Continuing with my 2nd term as Chairman of the Perak Bar with the support of the members who attended the 37th AGM held on 17.2.2023 and with the teamwork of the newly elected Committee members for the year 2023/2024, I am glad to inform that the past 10 months (ie March until December 2023) has seen an increase in the number of activities and programmes organised by the Committee for the benefit of members.

In order to ensure the continued success of each of these activities and programmes, the participation of members is of paramount importance. The Committee member in charge goes to great lengths to ensure that a particular activity is carried out and implemented well in order to ensure maximum benefit for members and much time, effort and costs goes into the preparatory work. Therefore, when a particular event fails to garner the much needed and anticipated response from members, then this not only disappoints the organising sub committee but also discourages attempts at having similar events in the future. I humbly urge all members to extend their full support for all events and programmes organised by the Committee.

A total number of 10 committee meetings were held from the months of March until December 2023 and the attendance of each Committee member is as follows and the reports of the various sub committees can be found in this Annual Report for members to peruse.

Attendance of each member :-

Kamala Mahlini a/p P Jeganathan	10/10
Ilavarasi a/p Thiruchelvam @ Selvam	9/10
Dr. Saravanabavan s/o Mathialagan	10//10
Sheanna Shanta a/p Kenneth Velu	9/10
Rahimi Binti Ramli	5/10
Shassidaren a/l Deva Sana Pathy	9/10
Babu Raj a/l Raja Gopal	8/10
'Awatif Binti Ahmad Bashir	7/10
Paramaswari a/p Savasuri	7/10
Sukhvinder Singh Sidhu	10/10
Elaine Foong Sook Yen	10/10
Perak Bar Representative to the Bar Council :	
Balakrishna Balaravi Pillai (by invitation)	6/10

As part of ongoing efforts to encourage younger members of the bar and pupils in chambers to participate and obtain further knowledge in this profession, the Perak Bar Committee decided to sponsor 16 members (preference given to young members and pupils in chambers) to attend the International Malaysian Law Conference held in Kuala Lumpur commencing 10th July 2023 and which ended on 13th July 2023. The names of those sponsored are as follows:

- 1 Koay Jin Qian
- 2 Elaine Foong Sook Yen
- 3 Jeyamaran a/l Sandanasamy
- 4 Yiap Yee San
- 5 Ilavarasi a/p Thiruchelvam @ Selvam
- 6 Morgan a/l Subramaniam
- 7 Nur Farhana Afiqah Binti Radzwan
- 8 Ng Pei Qi
- 9 Intan Nabila Binti Salehuddin
- 10 Muhammad Syamil Bin Ahmad Rodzi
- 11 Lee Zhen Yi
- 12 Vithiya Rubiny a/p Chittran
- 13 Ong Hui Yue
- 14 Paramaswari a/p Savasuri
- 15 Nurul Jannah Binti Khairul Anuar
- 16 Balakrishna Balaravi Pillai

Those sponsored were requested and required to send a write up on their experience at the Conference, which are also included in this Report.

It has been a very busy year for me as by virtue of being the Chairman, I am also entrusted with the duty, amongst others, to be the Co-Chair of the Conveyancing Practice Committee (CPC) and a member at the Solicitors Remuneration Enforcement Committee as well as a member of the Courts Liaison Committee of the Bar Council and am routinely called upon at each meeting of the Bar Council to update Council members on the workings and deliberations of the CPC. The diary of events attached with this report sets out my attendances at various meetings and engagements throughout this term.

As I sign off my tenure as Chairman and pass the baton to my successor, I wish to record my heartfelt gratitude to all the Committee members, sponsors ,supporters, friends and Secretariat staff who have worked alongside me, to ensure that I am able to carry out my duties to the best of my abilities. Shortcomings that may have been encountered by any member, are not intentional and this Committee has been endeavoring to do its utmost best at all times.

A big THANK YOU once again and here's to a prosperous and healthy New Year to everyone.

Yours Sincerely,

(sgd)

J. KAMALA MAHLINI

Chairman

Perak Bar Committee

2023/2024

DIARY OF EVENTS ATTENDED BY CHAIRMAN (TERM 2023-2024)

FEBRUARY

2nd- joint collaboration by Perak Bar with Bar Council Conveyancing Practice Committee on the Northern Region Conveyancing Seminar

9th- hi tea for YA Bhupindar Singh (to congratulate on confirmation as High Court Judge) & YA Su Tiang Joo (farewell to KL High Court)

17th – Perak Bar 37th AGM

18th- attending Bar Council meeting

24th- visiting Lower Courts (Criminal) at Wisma Wan Mohamed & informal meeting with Yg Berusaha Tuan Abdul Kamar, Pengarah, Lower Courts

MARCH

7th- chairing 1st Pk Bar Committee meeting

9th – speaker at Perak Makmur Summit @RPGC

11th- attending last BC meeting for term 2022/2023

17th- attending meeting with representative of Lexis Nexis at KL

18th – attending 77th Malaysian Bar AGM & Annual Dinner & Dance

18th- attending 1st BC meeting for the term 2023/2024

APRIL

4th – meeting Deputy Chairman of Perak Academy (Mr Chan Kok Keong)

7th- attending Iftar by BC at KL Hilton

8th – attending 2nd BC meeting

11th- chairing 2nd Pk Bar Committee meeting

14th- courtesy call on Pn Norhasniah (Ipoh Sessions Ct Judge)

18th- courtesy call on Tuan Meor Sulaiman (Ipoh Sessions Ct Judge)

- attending online meeting chaired by BC President- Briefing session on the role of Chairpersons/
Deputy Chairpersons & expectations of Bar Council Committees

26th- attending emergency BC meeting (online)

28th- attending meeting with Co-Chair & Deputy Co-Chairs of CPC (online)

MAY

- 2nd- attending meeting with Co-Chair & Deputy Co-Chairs of CPC (online)
- 6th- attending 3rd BC meeting
- 9th- chairing 3rd Pk Bar Committee meeting
- 10th- attending EGM of Malaysian Bar
- 11th- attending dinner hosted by Chairman, Conveyancing Practice Committee
- 12th- attending 1st CPC meeting at Bar Council
- 20th- attending Hari Raya event organised by Perak Bar
- 21st- distribution of dry rations by Perak Bar at Pertubuhan Baitul Aini Kanak-kanak Yatim & Miskin at Kg Kuala Pari Hilir, Ipoh
- 25th- meeting with officials of Lembaga Perumahan Hartanah Perak

JUNE

- 2nd- delivering opening speech at Southern Region Conveyancing Seminar at Johor Bahru
- 6th- hosting Office bearers of Bar Council at Perak Bar Secretariat & chairing 4th Perak Bar Committee meeting
- 8th- 11th – attending team bonding & 4th BC Meeting at Langkawi, Kedah
- 15th- attending Mesyuarat Persediaan Program Jelajah Kehakiman Negeri Perak at meeting room at Lower Cts, Ipoh
- 17th & 18th – attending Inter State Bar Games at Kuala Terengganu
- 19th- co chairing 1st Conveyancing Practice Committee of Bar Council (CPC) for 2023/2024
- 21st- attending courtesy call to Judges/ JC of the Ipoh High Courts
- 28th- attending online meeting (AD -HOC committee for LN negotiation) re complaint by member regarding LN subscription

JULY

- 4th- chairing 5th Perak Bar Committee meeting
- 6th- attending 1st Court Liasion Committee Meeting (BC) via online
- 7th- attending meeting at BC (AD-HOC Committee for LN negotiation)
- 8th – attending 5th BC meeting
- 10th until 12th – attending International Malaysian Law Conference (IMLC)
- 25th- Meet & Greet @ Bar Room, High Court Ipoh
- 26th- attending CPC co chair & deputy co chairs meeting (online)

AUGUST

1st-chairing 6th Perak Bar Committee meeting

5th- attending 6th BC meeting

SEPTEMBER

7th- attending AD-HOC Committee for LN negotiation (online)

8th -attending CPC office bearer's meeting with state conveyancing chairpersons (online)

- attending AD-HOC Committee for LN negotiation with reps from LN (online)

9th- attending 7th BC meeting

12th- chairing 7th Perak Bar Committee meeting

15th- attending 2nd CPC meeting at Bar Council & Solicitors Remuneration Enforcement Rules Committee of BC

OCTOBER

7th – attending 8th BC meeting (online)

12th- attending 4th online meeting with Court Liaison Committee

- chairing 8th Perak Bar Committee meeting

13th- attending CPC Chairs & Deputy Co Chairs meeting (online)

NOVEMBER

3rd- attending meeting as representative of CPC with House Buyers Association & Persatuan Arkitek Malaysia & President of Bar Council

6th- attending online meeting with Co-Chair & Deputy Co Chairs of CPC

7th-attending online meeting with Risk Management, AMLA, Ad Hoc Touting, CPC & CICFD Sub Committees of Bar Council with MAYBANK

- attending online meeting (as member of Ad Hoc Committee) with Lexis Nexis representative

15th- attending online meeting with CPC BNM SubCommittee members

- attending 5th online meeting with Court Liason Committee, BC

- chairing 9th Perak Bar Committee meeting

18th- attending 9th BC meeting

20th – attending CPC meeting with Board of Valuers & Estate Agents

23rd- attending online meeting as representative of CPC with Maybank, CAC, Head Office, KL

- chairing CPC meeting (online)

28th- attending online meeting (as member of Ad Hoc Committee on Lexis Nexis Negotiation Team)

DECEMBER

5th- chairing 10th Perak Bar Committee meeting

6th - attending online meeting (as member of Ad Hoc Committee) with Lexis Nexis representative

9th- attending 10th BC meeting

19th- attending 3rd Solicitors Remuneration Enforcement Committee meeting (online)

20th- co chairing 2nd meeting of CPC with state conveyancing chairmen

FINANCE & SECRETARIAT REPORT

SECRETARIAT

The Secretariat office of the Perak Bar is located at No.41, Jalan Dato Maharajalela, 30000 Ipoh, Perak and it operates from Mondays to Fridays from 8.30am to 5.30pm. The secretariat can be reached as follows:-

Phone: 05-2537590 / 05-2415457

Fax: 05-2537590

Email: perakbar@perakbar.org / perakbar@gmail.com

The members of the Perak Bar currently stands at 1260. The Sub-Committees, as per previous years, were packed with events throughout the year. As such, workload at the Secretariat had also increased tremendously.

The Perak Bar disseminates the latest news, information, circulars and events to all members of the Perak Bar via email and our website.

FINANCIAL STATUS

The financial position of the Perak Bar remains healthy and stable. Details of the financial position are set out in the Audited Accounts ending 31 December 2023.

The Auditors' request has been met by always maintaining a reasonable sufficient balance in the Current Account for working capital. The excess amount has been added to the Fixed Deposit Account.

We have now a strong Fixed Deposit balance of RM563,305.82 and 'cash at bank' in Current Account stands at RM77,648.10 which is free of any encumbrances as at 31 December 2023.

MAINTAINING THE SUBSCRIPTION OF RM100 PER MEMBER FOR YEAR 2023

The subscription for the year 2023 was fixed at RM100.00 following the reduction of Subscription from RM150.00 to RM100.00 in the year 2020. Members have been diligently paying the subscription throughout the year.

3-MONTHLY FINANCIAL REPORTS SENT TO AUDITORS

We have also kept our auditors apprised of our spending by sending them 3- monthly accounts. The Secretariat will continue its ongoing efforts to evaluate and improve internal controls across all operational and financial processes. Greater emphasis will continue to be placed on raising the awareness of the Perak Bar Committee and other support staff to improve internal controls and financial protocols across the Perak Bar to support our continuing goals of financial discipline, efficient processes and robust governance framework from an audit perspective.

SUBSIDIZING LAWYERS AND PURCHASE OF BOOKS FOR LIBRARY

The Committee decided not to fully subsidise the young lawyers for all events. However, we did contribute for the attendance for seminars, sports and law conference. Most notably we have sponsored sixteen (16) participants for the International Malaysian Law Conference held in July 2023. We have

also provided subsidies for the Penang Perak Bar Games and Inter-state Bar Games. We have spent on books to update our library. New text books on different areas of law have been purchased and we hope that members could utilise them. Certain portion of the funds are also utilised to upkeep and maintain our secretariat.

PROCEEDS FROM NON- SUBSCRIPTION ACTIVITIES

Proceeds obtained through training and events, services, and partnerships are invested into organisational activities that are designed to support and represent the Perak Bar's interests and priorities.

CONCLUSION

We will strive to serve the Perak Bar better and provide members with a more effective and efficient management of finances. We welcome feedback and suggestions on ways that we can assist members and increase the effectiveness and efficiency of the Treasury and Secretariat. We will continue to our level best to render all assistance to members in a timely manner.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I wish to thank the members of the Perak Bar Committee, and the Secretariat staff particularly Ms. Kariam Kaur and Ms. Nur Aziela Binti Zamri for their invaluable input and commitment in managing the Secretariat and assisting with the Perak Bar's finances. Special thanks to Mr.Elavarasan , Ms.Lee Pooi Mun and Mr.SV Namasoo for their assistance.

I wish the incoming committee the very best and success for the incoming term of office.

(sgd)
DR.SARAVANABAVAN A/L MATHIALAGAN
Chairperson
Finance / Secretariat
2023/2024

PERAK BAR

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31-12-2023

		2023	2022
	<u>Notes</u>	<u>RM</u>	<u>RM</u>
FIXED ASSETS	1	96,300.75	107,589.83
CURRENT ASSETS			
Fixed Deposits	2	563,305.82	549,710.22
Utility Deposits	3	1,490.00	1,490.00
Cash at Bank	4	77,648.10	97,811.24
Prepayments	5	1,330.00	1,330.00
Cash in Hand		653.90	719.85
		644,427.82	651,061.31
NET CURRENT ASSETS		644,427.82	651,061.31
		740,728.57	758,651.14
FINANCED BY :-			
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS		758,651.14	783,196.95
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR		(17,922.57)	(24,545.81)
		740,728.57	758,651.14

PERAK BAR
RECEIPTS & PAYMENTS ACCOUNT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31-12-2023

		2023	2022
	<u>Notes</u>	<u>RM</u>	<u>RM</u>
<u>RECEIPTS:</u>			
Annual Dinner	7	29,550.00	41,360.00
AGM Booth Rental		500.00	1,000.00
Collections – Virtual Run		-	20.30
Collections – Fun Run		21,380.00	-
Collections – Majlis Berbuka Puasa		2,070.00	3,052.80
Collections – Photostat & Others		335.70	608.60
Collections – Seminar	11	6,650.00	1,129.80
Collections – Reusable Face Mask		-	75.00
Collections – Rules and Ruling of The Bar Council Book		-	25.00
Collections – High-Tea Judges		2,280.00	66.00
Collections – Car Sticker		3,635.00	1,695.00
Collections – Advertisement - Job Vacancy		2,050.00	1,900.00
Subscription From Members		145,362.50	133,750.00
SCB Interest		-	263.46
TOTAL RECEIPTS		213,813.20	184,945.96
Add: Fixed Deposit Interest Received		13,595.60	7,085.95
Add: Building Fund		26,600.00	28,000.00
Add: National Legal Aid Centre – Perak Bar LAC		52,041.90	40,755.96
Add: Reimbursement from Malaysian Bar Q.Rent/Assessment/CCTV		9,767.40	2,247.40
Less : Refund Subscription		(3,412.50)	-
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS		312,405.60	263,035.27

PERAK BAR

RECEIPTS & PAYMENTS ACCOUNT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31-12-2023

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2023</u> <u>RM</u>	<u>2022</u> <u>RM</u>
<u>PAYMENTS:</u>			
1 <u>Administrative Expenses:</u>			
Accounting Fee		5,400.00	7,200.00
AGM Expenses		3,458.00	3,560.00
Bank Charges		283.50	199.15
Donation – Food/Cycling Bike/IMLC		2,364.00	1,000.00
Flowers & Condolence		1,155.00	185.10
IT Services (E-Pop+Email+Blasts+UBS-Sage)	9	3,530.00	3,530.00
Subscription-Digital Library(Feb 2022 to Feb 2025)		-	6,296.40
2 <u>Annual Dinner Expenses</u>	6	58,955.40	75,095.20
3 <u>Bar Activities:</u>			
Advocacy Training Expenses – Reimburse on Jan 2024		3,933.65	-
Bar Committee – Events & Activities	12	31,650.50	4,079.90
Perak Bar Games – Penang vs Perak	7	5,850.00	11,110.70
Interstate Bar Games - Terengganu	8	9,039.60	4,599.00
Transportation for Books-M/s Visva & co		-	300.00
High tea for Judges (YA Tuan Bhupindar Singh and YA Tuan Su Tiang Joo)		3,060.00	-
Gift Souvenirs for guest speakers		777.10	38.00
Refreshments – Talks & Seminars		765.30	649.80
Seminar & Talk & Forum	10	16,686.20	-
Social Sub Committee Expenses		909.80	-
Sponsorship – Conferences	11	8,460.00	-
4 <u>Building Expenses:</u>			
Assessment		1,673.40	1,643.40
Quit Rent		604.00	604.00
5 <u>Committee Expenses</u>			
Refreshments - Committee Meeting		270.05	233.30
Travelling – Committee Members		-	1,052.20
6 <u>Depreciation</u>		13,133.08	16,820.54
7 <u>Office Expenses:</u>			
Computers – Repair & Maintenance		250.00	-
Upkeep of Office Equipment		2,015.35	1,474.80
Upkeep of Office		3,030.00	2,880.00
8 <u>Printing & Stationery:</u>			
Newspaper		907.50	1,087.00
Postage		622.59	494.58
Printing, Binding & Stationery		2,301.20	3,272.55
Purchase of Badges/Car Stickers		3,110.00	1,255.00
Rule of Court Expenses		-	40.00
9 <u>Staff Emoluments:</u>			
Bonus		7,696.25	6,757.50
EPF		8,311.00	7,706.00
Salaries/Services Rendered		67,530.00	68,504.60
SOCSO		1,076.40	1,118.80
10 <u>Utilities:</u>			
Electricity		4,804.05	4,277.80
Telephone		4,255.00	4,298.35
Water & Indah Water		418.35	466.45
Operational Expenses		278,286.27	246,825.12
Less: Disbursement-Legal Aid Centre (From NLAC)		52,041.90	40,755.96
Total Operational Expenses		330,328.17	287,581.08
Surplus/ (Deficit)		(17,922.57)	(24,545.81)

PERAK BAR

NOTES TO ACCOUNT AS AT 31-12-2023

1 FIXED ASSETS

		<u>2023</u>						
	Rate	Cost 1.1.2023	Additions 2023	Cost 31.12.23	Accm Depcn 1.1.2023	Depcn 2023	Accm Depcn 31.12.23	Net Book Value
Books	10%	311,749.05	1,844.00	313,593.05	243,507.66	7,008.54	250,516.20	63,076.86
Renovation	10%	73,831.00		73,831.00	41,051.95	3,277.90	44,329.86	29,501.14
Computer	50%	62,668.00		62,668.00	57,193.50	2,737.25	59,930.75	2,737.25
Furniture and Fittings	10%	18,242.54		18,242.54	17,148.64	109.39	17,258.03	984.51
Office Equipment	10%	15,413.12		15,413.12	15,412.12	0.00	15,412.12	1.00
		481,903.71	1,844.00	483,747.71	374,313.87	13,133.09	387,446.95	96,300.77

		<u>2022</u>						
	Rate	Cost 1.1.2022	Additions 2022	Cost 31.12.22	Accm Depcn 1.1.2022	Depcn 2022	Accm Depcn 31.12.22	Net Book Value
Books	10%	308,705.55	3,043.50	311,749.05	235,925.28	7,582.38	243,507.66	68,241.40
Renovation	10%	73,831.00		73,831.00	37,409.84	3,642.12	41,051.95	32,779.05
Computer	50%	55,569.00	7,099.00	62,668.00	51,719.00	5,474.50	57,193.50	5,474.50
Furniture and Fittings	10%	18,242.54		18,242.54	17,027.09	121.54	17,148.64	1,093.90
Office Equipment	10%	15,413.12		15,413.12	15,412.12	0.00	15,412.12	1.00
		471,761.21	10,142.50	481,903.71	357,493.33	16,820.55	374,313.87	107,589.85

2 (A) FIXED DEPOSIT - HONG LEONG ISLAMIC BANK

2023

RM

FD Receipt No.	Principal	Accumulated Interest	Interest 2023	Total Fixed Deposit
36868006181	25,000.00	22,042.26	988.17	48,030.43
36868006281	23,000.00	18,808.26	878.98	42,687.24
36868006448	15,000.00	11,285.01	596.80	26,881.81
36868008144	37,000.00	22,574.69	1,381.65	60,956.34
	100,000.00	74,710.22	3,845.60	178,555.82

2 (B) FIXED DEPOSIT - PUBLIC BANK BERHAD (Newly created on 3.11.2022)

534044	100,000.00	-	2,600.00	102,600.00
534045	100,000.00	-	2,600.00	102,600.00
534046	175,000.00	-	4,550.00	179,550.00
	375,000.00		9,750.00	384,750.00

TOTAL FIXED DEPOSITS (2A) + (2B)

563,305.82

PERAK BAR

NOTES TO ACCOUNT AS AT 31-12-2023

		<u>RM</u>
3	<u>UTILITY DEPOSITS</u>	
	Water	200.00
	Electricity	640.00
	Telephone	650.00
		1,490.00
4	<u>CASH AT BANK</u>	
	Public Bank Statement as at 31.12.2023	82,668.25
	Add: Un-credited amount	-
	Less: Receipt not accounted	-
	Less: Un-presented cheques	(5,020.15)
		77,648.10
5	<u>PREPAYMENT</u>	
	Infinitas-Email Blast Annual Subscription for Year 2024	950.00
	Infinitas-Renewal of Domain Name & Hosting for Year 2024	380.00
		1,330.00
6	<u>ANNUAL DINNER - YEAR 2023</u>	
	<u>Receipts</u>	
	Members Tickets	26,550.00
	<u>Sponsors:-</u>	
	LC NG & Associates	3,000.00
		29,550.00
	<u>Less: Expenses</u>	
	Food & Beverages (Weil Hotel)	40,018.00
	Emcee, Sound systems & Lighting	5,020.00
	Hall Decoration	3,000.00
	Spin Photo Booth	1,500.00
	Door Gift & Souvenir	3,663.90
	Lucky Draw Gifts	2,473.50
	Best Dress	400.00
	Annual Dinner Tickets	280.00
	Video Montage & Planner	2,600.00
		58,955.40
7	<u>Perak Bar Games –Penang vs Perak</u>	
	Travelling Allowance - 39 participants x RM150	5,850.00
8	<u>Interstate Bar Games - Terengganu</u>	
	Travelling Allowance - 26 participants x RM300	7,800.00
	Allowance for Netball team	750.00
	Buying Darts Equipment	109.00
	Training for Darts & Bowling	380.60
		9,039.60
9	<u>IT Services</u>	
	Infinitas-Email Blast Annual Subscription for Year 2023	950.00
	Infinitas-E-POP Subscription Cloud Storage	2,200.00
	Infinitas-Renewal of Domain Name & Hosting for Year 2023	380.00
	UBS-Sage	0.00
		3,530.00

PERAK BAR

NOTES TO ACCOUNT AS AT 31-12-2023

RM

10 Collection - Seminars

Northern Region Seminar on Conveyancing Matter	6,400.00
Family Law Talk	150.00
Medical Negligence	100.00
	6,650.00

Less: Expenses

a. Northern Region Seminar on Conveyancing Matter:

Reservation rooms for 8 speakers	2,840.80
Food, Beverages & Hall Rental	9,638.40
Souvenir	3,892.00
Miscellaneous expenses	215.00

16,586.20

b. Reimbursement for Medical Negligence talk

100.00

16,686.20

11 Sponsorship-Conferences

IMLC - 11 participants	8,460.00
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12 Bar Committee – Events & Activities

Friendly Badminton match with MMA	3,752.93
Fun Run	19,781.85
Perak Bar T-Shirt & Cap	5,650.00
Hangout Session with Big 5 Professional	107.40
Hari Raya Open House	2,254.32
Refreshment for Yoga Class	104.00
	31,650.50

Report Of The Internal Auditors

It is our considered opinion that the Final Accounts set out in the preceding pages give a fair and true view of the financial state of the affairs of the Perak Bar for the period 1st January 2023 to 31st December 2023.



LEE POOI MUN @ NUR AZEAN
LEE BINTI ABDULLAH
HONORARY AUDITOR
PERAK BAR



S V NAMASOO
HONORARY AUDITOR
PERAK BAR

BAR REPRESENTATIVE REPORT

So on my 10th continuous, back to back term serving the Perak Bar Committee / Representative to the Bar Council, the important updates for this term are as follows:

1. LEXIS NEXIS

In 2023, all members of the Malaysian Bar (“MB”) had the wonderful ability to access the legal search database through the Malaysian Bar website, as part of the court settlement of the legal suit brought by Lexis Nexis against MB.

Despite the fact that the connection interface perse was not the smoothest (as it needed to be accessed through the MB website), it nevertheless allowed us “mere mortals” (those who did not have private subscriptions!) to access its vast legal database. In my opinion, the Lexis Nexis platform had one of the easiest and “coolest” search capabilities to use.

However for the year 2024 subscriptions, negotiations were made with Lexis Nexis on a state by state basis (and not as Malaysian Bar as a whole- but was done via an ad hoc committee of BC undertaking this task) but unfortunately it did not go through as Perak Bar alone had to fork out its own money amounting to almost RM 85,000.00 which in our opinion is not necessary at this juncture, as we as Perak Bar members already have access to three other top notch legal databases through our annual subscription to MB.

Negotiations have not completely stalled and the able and capable members of the said ad hoc committee conducting these negotiations are still trying to come up with a more affordable and viable solution. However at the end, it is within the discretion of Perak Bar whether it will subscribe to it or not.

2. COURT INTERPRETERS

This is an perennial issue which has not been able to be addressed by the Courts/POJ completely despite the numerous attempts made to address it over the years.

We had previously advised members to write to court prior to a civil trial if an interpreter of a particular language is required.

However if the court refuses to provide the same for whatever reason, kindly make a note to the Perak Bar Committee. We need to collate data on this to be further submitted to the Bar Council’s Court Liaison Committee.

Nevertheless, it is to be noted that POJ in recent times has been having drives and initiatives nationwide to attract Chinese dialect interpreters and we hope this effort will keep ongoing and make matters better for litigants.

3. MALAYSIAN BAR PROFESSIONAL INDEMNITY SCHEME (“MBPIF”)

At the Malaysian Bar 2009 AGM, that being about 15 years ago, the general body approved a proposal to set up a Self-Insurance Fund (SIF), for which members (many without even realising) were

contributing RM 100 annually through our annual subscription fees. This fee is/was being collected to “kick-start” the said self-indemnity scheme.

The current fund from this SIF fund stands at over RM 24 Million. This is considered a healthy amount of sum to start the programme.

However, the Bar Council has been advised against diving straight into the “deep end” by getting into a complete 100% SIF programme straightaway as it is not well equipped in many areas to undertake this huge mammoth of a task of a complete self indemnity scheme in one go.

Further to that, it is still not entirely certain if the said scheme will run afoul with Bank Negara Malaysia (“BNM”) and/or the Financial Services Act 2013 as there are mixed legal opinions in regards to whether the SIF is an “insurance business” or not.

In the interim, it has been decided that prior to moving to a full SIF scheme, a hybrid version of the SIF would be first undertaken by the MB through its next insurance broker (Marsh is the current broker) and appointed insurer.

In a nutshell, a complete SIF is the way forward and the MB will eventually move in that direction in few years to come but the transition will be through the proposed hybrid system where the MB will take the risk set at a particular threshold, say for example RM 25M, and any amount / claim beyond that will be absorbed by the insurer. With this system, the MB can limit its risk and exposure, whilst understanding and familiarising the workings of the SIF programme as times goes on, and also at the same time be in compliance with BNM.

I would like to inform members that the reason this scheme is to be undertaken by the Malaysian Bar is for the wider benefit of the members in the long run with the annual premiums collected from us members (after making the necessary payments for costs and claims, the balance which is pretty substantial, instead of it lining the pockets of the 3rd party insurers), could be used instead to provide greater insurance coverage to us members with the possibility of even preventing the constant increment in the annual premiums or even with a the possibility of the premiums decreasing over time.

4. IMPROVED INVOLVEMENT OF PERAK BAR MEMBERS PARTICIPATING AT THE MALAYSIAN BAR LEVEL

It is to be noted that Perak Bar members’ involvement in national level subcommittees, courses and activities has tremendously increased in 2023 compared to the previous years. We encourage further participation in similar programmes and we at the Perak Bar will undertake to sponsor as many young members / pupil in chambers as possible for the Bar’s various programmes, courses and activities.

5. NEW PERAK BAR BUILDING

Perak Bar with the support and encouragement of the Bar Council is in the midst of locating a new building.

This is primarily to house the secretariat and Legal Aid/YBGK centre within the same building and also to have larger square feet than the current building.

Besides that, the Perak Bar also needs a bigger auditorium as the current building's 1st floor doubles up as the library and auditorium and is currently too small and cramped for the various activities conducted by Perak Bar.

On that note, kindly notify Perak Bar if members have suggestions of known or available buildings for sale in Ipoh as we are still on a look out and keeping our options open for a suitable new building.

6. INTERNATIONAL MALAYSIAN LAW CONFERENCE (IMLC) 2023

The IMLC, the flagship event of the MB was a runaway success. It was officiated by the Yang Dipertuan Besar of Negeri Sembilan & the Prime Minister of Malaysia. It was four full days packed with various talks, seminars and plenary sessions on various area of legal practice and legal jurisprudence.

We even had some notable moderators/speakers from Perak Bar, such as our former chairmen Mr. Babu Raj and Mr. Kenny Lai.

The Perak Bar itself managed to sponsor 16 members for this event.

Over and above from the coffers of the Perak Bar, I had successfully devised and managed to persuade the Treasurer of the Bar Council to allow Perak Bar to utilise almost RM 6,500 from the previous year's unutilised Library Fund (which has never in prior years been allowed to be returned to Perak Bar for any other further use).

For member's information, RM 10,000 is given annually by the Bar Council to the Perak Bar for purchase of library materials. However if any of the said amount is unutilised, it is considered "burnt" and need to be returned to BC, which cannot then be brought forward to the next year for Perak Bar's use.

With the extra available funds, we were actually able to sponsor even more members/pupils. We from the Perak Bar tried really hard to get more members to sign up under this full sponsorship programme, but there were no takers! Therefore we managed to utilise some of the balance funds for some of our members to attend the IMLC gala dinner (of which as mentioned earlier, if unutilised, it will get "burnt" and not be returned to Perak Bar for any other further use).

All in all, it was a brilliant experience for all those who attended the event in terms of knowledge gained and networking made.

With that I end my report and signing off as your Bar Rep for the year 2023.

As always, it has been an honour in serving all of you.

Thank you.

Dated 8th FEBRUARY 2023

(sgd)

"B.K. PILLAI"

(BALAKRISHNA BALARAVI PILLAI)

Perak Bar Representative to Bar Council

COURT LIAISON SUB COMMITTEE (CRIMINAL & CIVIL PRACTICE) REPORT 2023

The Court Liaison Sub Committee (“CLSC”) continued with its primary objective of looking into the various issues and problems encountered by members of the Perak Bar, relating to both the civil and criminal practice in Perak Courts for the 2023/2024 term.

1. Criminal Practice

Upon receiving feedback on the unsuitability of the area where remand proceedings were conducted at Wisma Wan Mohamed, Ipoh, Perak in February 2023 we found that remand was actually conducted at the lock up area. We further discovered that the conditions at the lock up area were less than satisfactory for our members to represent the accused and to sufficiently discharge their duties. We addressed this issue with the Director of Courts Tuan Ahmad Kamar Bin Jamaluddin and the officers of the Lower Courts where we raised our concern on the lack of space, privacy and even basic amenities such as tables and chairs for lawyers. It was stressed that our members safety and access to their clients should not be compromised. As a result of the same, remand is only conducted at the lock up area on Fridays. Mondays to Thursdays, remand is conducted at the Magistrates courts situated at Wisma Wan Mohamed and the High Court, on rotation. As for weekends, for now; remand is still conducted at the Ipoh police station /Head Quarters.

2. Civil Practice

Upon meeting with YA Dato Abdul Wahab Bin Mohamed, YA Dato Bhupindar Singh a/l Gurcharan Singh Preet and YA Tuan Moses Soosayan; the Registrars and Senior Assistant Registrars of the High Court of Malaya in Ipoh in June and August 2023, we were able to iron out several issues with regards to civil litigation namely :-

- i. the reversion to the practice of filing Witness Statements to the “Question and Answer” format.
- ii. Matters involving certificates of urgency were addressed wherein the Courts have agreed to fix the Hearing dates of such matters without going through case management within a day if the Court is satisfied with the reasons stated in the Certificate of Urgency. If the Court is of the view there is no urgency, then the Hearing of the matter shall be fixed within two (2) weeks. Members have been notified to state clearly the reasons for an early Hearing date in their Certificate of Urgency and to write in to Court if they wish to expediate the matter.
- iii. The Courts have also agreed not to remove the inclusion of Penal Notices on any draft Orders in spite of any objections to the same from opposing counsels. The Courts agreed that the Penal Notice vide Form 83 Rules Of Court 2012 is an endorsement applicable in all Judgements and Orders (interim and/or final) where there is an order requiring performance or restraint from parties.

- iv. The Courts also agreed that the requirement to file Notice of Hearing and Directions For Trial in Joint Petitions for Divorce were not applicable to Joint Petitions for Divorce.
- v. The Courts were further agreeable to Hear and dispose Joint Petitions for Divorce filed under Code 33JP and for uncontested matters filed under Code 24F/ “Saman Pemula (Keluarga)” regardless of the residential address of the parties.
- vi. Members were notified to meet with the Judicial officers when their draft orders for matters obtained under Chamber Proceedings vide Order 32 Rules of Court 20123 were amended by the Registry to “Open Court” proceedings, wherein the filing fees for the respective orders differs vastly.
- vii. On the difficulty of members having access to Judicial officers of the High Court of Ipoh, it was agreed that members can contact them vis email or phone first to resolve any issue pertaining to their matter first. If the Judicial Officers are unable to resolve the same via email or telephone, they will then call in the respective member to assist them better face to face.

CLSC Circulars No 02/2023, 03/2023, 04/2023 and 05/2023 were issued to the members accordingly.

3. Running Down matters

Pursuant to a meeting with lawyers specifically handling running down cases in November 2023, various issues including but not limited to limited time frames given for compliance of pre trial directions, filing of witness statements and the compulsion to complete cases within a nine (9) month period from date of filing were brought to our attention. These issues have been raised with the Director of Courts and at the time of writing this report, we are awaiting for feedback. CLSC will continue to follow up and update members in due course.

4. Misc Matters

- a) With regards to the issue of the difficulties lawyers were facing when requesting adjournments for Hearings with clashing dates in different Courts for both civil and criminal matters, after engaging with the Courts, we were notified by the Director that priority shall be given to ageing cases and the adjournments of matters filed later should be allowed.
- b) With regards the difficulties faced by members when requesting the refund of Court deposits in execution proceedings from Ipoh Courts which includes inter alia the requirement of having to furnish a certified true copy of the Law Firm’s Current Bank Account Statement for three (3) consecutive months, the Original Filing Receipts in colour etc CLSC has notified CLC at the Bar Council to raise the matter directly with the Chief Registrar since Ipoh Courts have informed members that those are purportedly the requirements of Putrajaya.

Acknowledgement :- I wish to record my appreciation to the current Chairlady of the Perak Bar Madam Kamala Mahlini, the Committee members and to my CLSC members for the generosity of their time and input. It has truly been a privilege to serve as Courts Liaison for the 2023/2024 term.

(sgd)
SHEANNA SHANTA
 Chairperson
 Courts Liaison Sub Committee

LAPORAN JAWATANKUASA KECIL CONVEYANCING

Dalam tempoh sepanjang tahun 2023, telah terdapat banyak penambahbaikan daripada beberapa pihak seperti Pejabat Tanah dan Galian (Perak), LHDN dan LPPSA telah dilaksanakan dimana secara tidak langsung dapat membantu pelaksanaan proses dokumentasi diantara pengamal undang-undang dan juga pihak berkuasa tempatan.

Antara penambahbaikan adalah seperti sistem pembayaran yang lebih sistematik dan pelarasan dalam sistem e-Tanah dalam keadaan lancar, tiada isu-isu besar yang diutarakan, walaubagaimana masih terdapat beberapa isu-isu kecil yang secara teknikal dapat diberikan penjelasan dan juga penyelesaian.

Sepertimana yang sedia maklum, bahawa pihak Maljis Peguam Malaysia telah melaksanakan *Conveyancing Practice Committee (CPC)*, dimana dengan adanya jawatankuasa tersebut sedikit sebanyak dapat membantu menyelesaikan isu dan berkongsi kaedah-kaedah atau cara penyelenggaraan dokumentasi di negeri masing-masing. Kewujudan jawatankuasa tersebut juga telah banyak membantu dan memberi penyelesaian pada negeri-negeri yang mempunyai masalah berkaitan pengurusan di pejabat tanah.

Tidak dinafikan bahawa jawatankuasa conveyancing ini sangat memainkan peranan yang besar dalam menyalurkan maklumat atau informasi yang terkini dan status perkembangan undang-undang dalam melibatkan urusan di Pejabat Tanah dan Galian, LHDN dan LPPSA yang secara pratikalnya berkait rapat dengan peguambela peguamcara.

Oleh itu, saya ingin mengucapkan ribuan terima kasih pada semua pihak yang telah terlibat secara langsung atau tidak langsung dalam memberikan maklumat-maklumat yang terkini supaya dapat dikongsikan bersama-sama.

(t.t)

RAHIMI BINTI RAMLI

Pengerusi

Jawatankuasa Kecil Conveyancing

LAPORAN JAWATANKUASA KECIL SYARIAH

Penguatan dan penambakan amalan Peguam Syarie telah berjalan dengan lancar dan disambut baik oleh semua pengamal undang-undang syariah di Negeri Perak khususnya. Pelbagai program telah berlangsung yang melibatkan peguam syarie secara khusus sebagaimana berikut :-

1. Usaha untuk mewujudkan Enakmen Guaman Syarie bagi negeri Perak telah memasuki fasa akhir sebelum ianya dapat diluluskan dan dilaksanakan.
2. Program Bantuan Guaman Syarie (BAGUS) telah mendapat sambutan baik daripada orang awam dan juga di kalangan pengamal undang-undang syariah dan Civil. BAGUS turut terlibat di dalam program jelajah kehakiman yang berlangsung pada 12 Ogos 2023 hingga 13 Ogos 2023 di Mydin Meru Ipoh yang mana secara langsung dapat memperkenalkan dengan lebih dekat lagi BAGUS dan fungsi bagus kepada orang awam.
3. Terkini Mahkamah Syariah di Ipoh adalah antara Mahkamah terawal yang menggunakan konsep “One Stop Centre” di mana semua urusan pemfailan dan pertanyaan mengenai kes-kes dan/atau prosedur mahkamah syariah di uruskan di pusat tersebut tanpa perlu berurusan di kaunter mengikut mahkamah yang berbeza
4. Selain itu urusan pembayaran di Mahkamah Syariah di dalam Negeri Perak khususnya telah memudahkan lagi dengan pembayaran melalui “jom pay” atau menggunakan “Debit Card” sahaja. Tiada lagi bayaran tunai akan diterima bagi kesemua urusan pembayaran di Mahkamah Syariah.

Saya percaya melalui peranan jawatankuasa syariah secara tidak langsung dapat berkongsi dan menyalurkan informasi dan mengemaskini maklumat terkini kepada peguamcara peguambela yang turut beramal sebagai peguam syarie di Negeri Perak khususnya.

(t.t)
RAHIMI BIN RAMLI
Pengerusi
Jawatankuasa Kecil Syariah



CONTINUING PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT SUB COMMITTEE

The Perak Bar Continuing Professional Development Committee organised the following webinars for the term 2023-2024 :-

9th JUNE 2023	 <h2>CRIMINAL TRIALS ADVOCACY</h2> <p>Mr. Salim Bashir, Former President of Malaysian Bar 2020/2021 who is also an Adjunct Professor UITM (Law Faculty) 2021/2022 is a UK trained lawyer specializing in Criminal Defence and trials. He has conducted many notable public interest cases amongst others Kim Jong Nam murder, Aminul Rashid police shooting case and many other prominent criminal trials.</p>
3 PM FRIDAY	
PB AUDITORIUM	
FREE	

23rd JUNE 2023	 <h2>FAMILY LAW FOR BEGINNERS:</h2> <p>Divorce, Annulment, Child Custody, Maintenance & Access</p> <p>Shanker Sundaram, called to the Malaysian Bar in 2013, began his legal career at Azim, Tunku Farik & Wong and later joined J.R Ravendran & Associates. Specializing in Family matters like contested divorces, adoption, and child custody cases, he gained expertise at S.K Sundaram & Partners.</p> <p>Shanker established his own firm, Shanker Sundaram & Co., focusing on Matrimonial Disputes in Shah Alam and the Klang Valley. He served as the Chairperson of the Young Lawyers Committee, showcasing his meticulous nature as a determined civil litigator</p>
3 PM FRIDAY	
PB AUDITORIUM	
FREE	

5th DEC 2023 **3 PM TUESDAY** **PB AUDITORIUM** **FREE**

MEDICAL NEGLIGENCE PRACTICE & PROCEDURE

The talk will provide an overview of issues that members will regularly come across when instructed to pursue a medical negligence claim against health professionals and health facilities by the client. Amongst the issues that will be addressed at the talk are as follows:

- Considerations in preparing the claim and pre-action discovery.
- The need for expert opinion and preparation of expert reports.
- Pleadings and compliance with case management directions.
- Trial preparation and issues that commonly arise at the trial.
- Proving liability and quantum of damages.



R. Jayabalan graduated with an LLB (Hons) degree from the International Islamic University Malaysia (IIUM) in 1996 and was admitted as an advocate and solicitor of the High Court of Malaya in 1997. He has been in active practice since 1997 based in Johor Bahru. His main area of practice is general civil litigation with special interest in professional negligence litigation including medical negligence claims. He also handles disputes concerning contract and commercial law, land law, industrial relations and administrative law and arbitration. His litigation practice covers across the country, including appellate practice at all levels of court. He is also currently serving as the Chairman of the Johore Bar and Chairperson of the Bar Council Small Firms Practice Committee.

Besides this, we also in corroboration with Malaysian Bar organised few seminars in Perak, namely Northern Region Conveyancing Seminar in February 2023 and the Advocacy Course in November 2023.

I hope that these seminars and talks had benefited our members. We are making attempts to place the recorded talks on our website for viewing.

A note of appreciation to Mr. Shassidaren Deva Sana Pathy, Mr. Sukhvinder Singh Sidhu and Ms Elaine Foong Sook Yen for kind assistance in moderating the sessions. I must also place my note of thanks to Ms Kariam Kaur and Cik Nur Aziela for their hard work and dedication.

Finally, I would like to thank the members who have supported and contributed in one way or another to the committee and I wish my successor the very best.

Dated 27th December 2023.



(sgd)

BABU RAJ RAJA GOPAL

Chairperson

Professional Development Sub Committee

2023 / 2024.

LAPORAN JAWATANKUASA KECIL PUSAT BANTUAN GUAMAN MAJLIS PEGUAM & YAYASAN BANTUAN GUAMAN KEBANGSAAN [YBGK] NEGERI PERAK

Pengerusi : 'Awatif Binti Ahmad Bashir

Ahli Subkomiti : 1. Balakrishna Balaravi Pillai
2. Kumaresan A/L Shanmugam
3. Ng Wei Jun
4. Ng Yun Khong
5. Nurafiqah Binti Abd Aziz
6. Nurul Syuhada Binti Mohd Yusof

Pegawai Eksekutif : Saralawati Binti Sulaiman
Pembantu Pentadbiran : Joan Tang May Yin

PENGENALAN

Suatu perjalanan yang mencabar yang dipenuhi dengan pengalaman yang berharga. Saya, sebagai Pengerusi Pusat Bantuan Guaman & Yayasan Bantuan Guaman Kebangsaan Negeri Perak (LAC/YBGK) mencatatkan dengan rasa syukur dan bangga bahawa tahun 2023 adalah tahun yang luar biasa bagi Pusat Bantuan Guaman Majlis Peguam Negeri Perak ini. Dengan rendah hati, saya ingin berkongsi bahawa ini adalah pengalaman pertama saya dalam Jawatankuasa Bar Perak, dan dengan pengalaman dan pengetahuan yang terhad, perjalanan ini tidak mungkin tanpa bantuan individu dan peguam-peguam di sekeliling saya.

KERJASAMA SUBKOMITI YANG LUAR BIASA

Pengalaman saya yang baru dalam Jawatankuasa Bar Perak diimbangi dengan kekuatan subkomiti yang sangat hebat. Subkomiti LAC/YBGK tidak hanya membantu saya untuk menyesuaikan diri dengan tanggungjawab saya sebagai Pengerusi, tetapi juga menjadi tonggak utama kejayaan LAC/YBGK. Saya ingin mengambil peluang ini untuk mengucapkan terima kasih kepada setiap individu dalam subkomiti yang telah menunjukkan dedikasi, kecekapan, dan semangat kerja berpasukan yang luar biasa.

PERANAN SEKRETARIAT

Perjalanan ini tidak akan mencapai kejayaan tanpa sokongan dan usaha gigih daripada sekretariat. Mereka telah bekerja keras dengan penuh dedikasi dalam menyelaraskan pelbagai program dan inisiatif yang telah dirancang. Kecekapan mereka adalah penentu kejayaan program-program LAC/YBGK yang telah kami jalankan sepanjang tahun 2023.

KEJAYAAN MELALUI PROGRAM

Pada tahun 2023, kami berjaya melaksanakan sebanyak 13 program (sila rujuk LAMPIRAN A) dengan berkesan. Setiap program itu tidak hanya memberikan akses keadilan kepada mereka yang memerlukan, tetapi juga mengukuhkan lagi kedudukan Pusat Bantuan Guaman Majlis Peguam Negeri Perak sebagai agen perubahan yang positif dalam masyarakat.

TERIMA KASIH KEPADA KESEMUA PEGUAM LAC/YBGK

Secara khususnya, saya ingin menyampaikan ribuan terima kasih kepada semua peguam LAC/YBGK, dan juga peguam *non LAC/YBGK* yang telah memberikan sumbangan tenaga dan masa mereka yang berharga dalam setiap program LAC/YBGK terutama Program Ceramah Undang-Undang Jenayah Juvana dan Dadah Dalam Kalangan Pelajar Sekolah dan juga Program Jelajah Kehakiman. Bagi kedua-dua Program ini penglibatan Peguam *NON LAC/YBGK* amat saya hargai. Tanpa sokongan dan semangat sukarela kesemua peguam, pencapaian ini tidak mungkin tercapai.

KEPUASAN DAN HARAPAN AKAN MASA DEPAN

Dalam mengakhiri laporan ini, saya ingin menyatakan kepuasan hati saya terhadap pencapaian Pusat Bantuan Guaman Negeri Perak pada tahun 2023. Namun, kita tidak boleh berhenti di sini. Saya berharap agar pusat bantuan ini terus dikenali oleh orang awam dan terus memberikan perkhidmatan guaman kepada mereka yang memerlukan. Semangat kebersamaan dan keikhlasan dalam memberikan akses kepada keadilan adalah asas kejayaan kita.

Saya berharap bahawa tahun-tahun akan datang akan menyaksikan lebih banyak lagi kejayaan bagi Pusat Bantuan Guaman Negeri Perak.

Terima kasih kepada semua yang telah menyertai dan menyokong Pusat Bantuan Guaman Majlis Peguam & Yayasan Bantuan Guaman Kebangsaan Negeri Perak (LAC/YBGK) sepanjang tahun 2023.

(t.t)

'AWATIF BINTI AHMAD BASHIR

Pengerusi

Jawatankuasa Kecil LAC/YBGK

A. SENARAI AKTIVITI ANJURAN LAC & YBGK PERAK 2023

1. Sesi Taklimat ‘Pengenalan kepada LAC’ kepada Pelatih Dalam Kamar (PDK)

- **9 Mac 2023, 3.00ptg – 5.00ptg**
- Auditorium Perak Bar
- 1 Peguam & 1 Pegawai Eksekutif
- 26 PDK

- **29 Mei 2023, 3.00ptg – 5.00ptg**
- Pusat Bantuan Guaman Majlis Peguam (Perak)
- 1 Pegawai Eksekutif
- 2 PDK

- **4 Ogos 2023, 3.00ptg – 5.00ptg**
- Pusat Bantuan Guaman Majlis Peguam (Perak)
- 1 Pegawai Eksekutif
- 3 PDK

- **24 Ogos 2023, 3.00ptg – 5.00ptg**
- Pusat Bantuan Guaman Majlis Peguam (Perak)
- 1 Pegawai Eksekutif
- 8 PDK

- **13 October 2023, 3.00ptg – 5.00ptg**
- Auditorium Perak Bar
- 2 Peguam, 1 Pegawai Eksekutif & 1 Staf Admin
- 23 PDK

- **18 December 2023, 3.00 pm – 5.00 pm**
- Auditorium Perak Bar
- 2 Peguam & 1 Staf Admin
- 25 PDK



2. Program Ceramah Undang-Undang Jenayah Juvana dan Dadah dalam Kalangan Pelajar Sekolah/Remaja

- **24 Mac 2023, 9.00 pagi – 11.00 pagi**
- SMK Danerson, Ipoh
- 7 Peguam, 1 Pegawai Eksekutif & 2 PDK
- Pelajar Tingkatan 4,5 & 6



- **18 Ogos 2023, 8.30 pagi – 9.30 pagi**
- SMK Sri Kampar, Kampar
- 3 Peguam, 1 Pegawai Eksekutif & 1 PDK
- Pelajar Tingkatan 3 & 4



- **22 Ogos 2023, 12.00 tengah hari – 2.00 petang**
- SMK Tengku Menteri, Taiping
- 3 Peguam, 1 Staf Admin & 1 PDK
- Lebih kurang 300 pelajar



- **20 September 2023, 1.00 petang – 4.00 petang**
- SMK Tarcisian Convent, Ipoh
- 3 Peguam, 1 Pegawai Eksekutif & 2 PDK
- Pelajar Tingkatan 3,4 & 5



- **10 Oktober 2023, 11.00 pagi – 1.00 petang**
- Kolej Vokasional Ipoh
- 3 Peguam, 1 Pegawai Eksekutif & 3 PDK
- Pelajar Tahun Pertama



3. Booth LAC

- **9-12 Mei 2023, 9.00 pagi – 12.00 tengah hari**
- Wisma Wan Mohamed, Ipoh
- 5 PDK
- Orang Awam



4. Lawatan ke Penjara

- **26 May 2023, 10.00am – 12.00pm**
- Penjara Tapah
- 3 Peguam dan 2 PDK
- 22 orang tahanan reman/bantuan



5. YBGK Training Part One & Two

- **3 Jun 2023, 9.00am – 5.00pm**
- Via Zoom
- 2 Peguam YBGK sebagai *Trainers*, 1 Pegawai Eksekutif
- 5 Peguam



- **7 Oktober 2023, 9.00 am – 6.00 pm**
- Bar Council Legal Aid Centre (Perak)
- 2 Peguam YBGK sebagai *Trainers*, 1 Pegawai Eksekutif & 1 Staf Admin
- 20 Peguam



6. YBGK Training Part Three

- 24-25 Jun 2023, 9.00 pagi – 5.00 petang
- Perak Bar Auditorium
- 3 Peguam YBGK sebagai *Trainers*, 1 Pegawai Eksekutif & 1 Staf Admin
- 9 Peguam



7. Kunjungan Hormat Jabatan Bantuan Guaman dan Jabatan Tenaga Kerja, Perak

- 7 Julai 2023, 9.00 pagi – 12.00 tengah hari
- Jabatan Bantuan Guaman dan Jabatan Tenaga Kerja, Perak
- 2 Peguam & 1 Pegawai Eksekutif
- Pegawai dan staf jabatan yang terlibat



8. Program Bersama Orang Asli: Jom Ketahui Hak Dana Bersama Peguam

- 29 Julai 2023, 9.00 pagi - 1.30 petang
- Perkampungan Orang Asli Sungai Tisong, Sungkai, Perak
- 14 Peguam, 3 PDK, 1 Pegawai Eksekutif, 1 Staf Admin, 5 wakil dari Perak Woman for Woman (PWW),
- Lebih kurang 100 penduduk kampung



9. Jelajah Kehakiman at Mydin Meru

- 12 & 13 Ogos 2023, 10.00 pagi – 6.00 petang
- Mydin Meru
- 24 Peguam termasuk 6 Peguam Syariah, 3 PDK, 1 Pegawai Eksekutif, 1 Staf Admin
- Orang Awam



10. Program taklimat berkenaan YBGK di Mahkamah Sei Manjung

- **5 September 2023, 3.00 petang - 5.00 petang**
- Mahkamah Majistret Seri Manjung, Perak
- 4 Peguam YBGK dan 1 staf Admin
- Pegawai, staf Mahkamah dan pelajar Intern



11. Program Simulasi Pelajar-Pelajar Latihan Industri Bersama Timbalan Pendakwa raya, Pegawai Pendakwa, Polis Mahkamah dan Pegawai serta Kakitangan Mahkamah Magistret Seri Manjung

- **8 September 2023, 3.30ptg – 5.30ptg**
- Bilik Bicara Mahkamah Magistret Seri Manjung
- 2 Peguam YBGK, 7 PDK
- Orang awam dan pegawai yang terlibat



12. Hari Bantuan Guaman

- **5 Oktober 2023, 9.00 pagi – 12.00 tengah hari**
- Mahkamah Seksyen / Majistret Ipoh
- 1 Peguam, 2 PDK, 1 Pegawai Eksekutif, 1 Staf Admin
- Orang Awam

- **2 November 2023, 9.00 am – 12.00 pm**
- Mahkamah Seksyen / Majistret Taiping
- 2 Peguam, 2 PDK, 1 Pegawai Eksekutif
- Orang Awam

- **7 December 2023, 9.00 am – 12.00 pm**
- Mahkamah Seksyen / Majistret Teluk Intan
- 1 Peguam, 1 PDK, 1 Pegawai Eksekutif
- Orang Awam
-



13. Majlis Penghargaan (Hi-Tea)

- **23 December 2023, 3.00 pm – 6.00 pm**
- Miker Signature Restaurant
- 25 Peguam, 3 PDK, 2 LAC staff
- Sebagai penghargaan kepada peguam-peguam yang aktif atau terlibat dengan aktiviti LAC & YBGK



B. STATISTIK KLIEN LAC

2022

2022	Female											
	Types of Cases											
	Criminal		Employment		Family		Syariah		Others		Total	
Types of LAC Programmes	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen
Walk in Clients	2	0	2	0	8	0	0	0	11	1	23	1
UHNCR	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Total	2	2	2	0	8	0	0	0	11	1	23	3
	4		2		8		0		12		26	

2022	Male											
	Types of Cases											
	Criminal		Employment		Family		Syariah		Others		Total	
Types of LAC Programmes	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen
Walk in Clients	3	0	0	0	5	0	1	0	13	0	22	0
UHNCR	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15
Total	3	15	0	0	5	0	1	0	13	0	22	15
	18		0		5		1		13		37	

2023

2023 (up to October)	Female											
	Types of Cases											
	Criminal		Employment		Family		Syariah		Others		Total	
Types of LAC Programmes	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen
Walk in Clients	3	1	11	0	21	1	3	0	17	1	55	3
Prison Visit	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total	3	2	11	0	21	1	3	0	17	1	55	4
	5		11		22		3		18		59	

2023 (up to October)	Male											
	Types of Cases											
	Criminal		Employment		Family		Syariah		Others		Total	
Types of LAC Programmes	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen
Walk in Clients	1	1	16	0	21	0	2	0	36	0	76	1
Prison Visit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1	1	16	0	21	0	2	0	36	0	76	1
	2		16		21		2		36		77	

C. STATISTIK FAIL LAC

2022

2022	Female											
	Types of Cases											
	Criminal		Employment		Family		Syariah		Others		Total (A)	
Files	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen
Opened	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	3	1
Assigned	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	3	1
Unassigned	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

2022	Male												Grand Total (A + B)	
	Types of Cases													
	Criminal		Employment		Family		Syariah		Others		Total (B)			
Files	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen		
Opened	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	4	1
Assigned	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	4	1
Unassigned	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

2023

2023 (up to October)	Female											
	Types of Cases											
	Criminal		Employment		Family		Syariah		Others		Total (A)	
Files	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen
Opened	0	1	3	0	5	1	1	0	0	0	9	2
Assigned	0	1	3	0	3	1	1	0	0	0	7	2
Unassigned	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0

2023 (up to October)	Male												Grand Total (A + B)	
	Types of Cases													
	Criminal		Employment		Family		Syariah		Others		Total (B)			
Files	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen	Citizen	Non-Citizen		
Opened	0	0	5	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	17	2
Assigned	0	0	4	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	14	2
Unassigned	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	0

D. STATISTIK KLIEN YBGK

2022		2023	
Types of YBGK Programmes	Clients	Types of YBGK Programmes	Clients
Walk-in	171	Walk-in	211
Court letter	168	Court letter	140
Remand	11,555	Remand	13,376
Bail	7,074	Bail	7,968
Mitigation	9,283	Mitigation	11,329
Prison visit	2	Prison visit	21
Prison letter	6	Prison letter	2
Letter from YBGK HQ	12	Letter from YBGK HQ	20
Registered by Lawyers	0	Registered by Lawyers	29
Total	28,271		33,096

E. STATISTIK FAIL YBGK

No	Category	2022			2023		
		Opened	Assigned	Unassigned	Opened	Assigned	Unassigned
1	Walk-in	116	111	32	141	122	51
2	Court letter	133	99	42	105	121	26
3	Prison visit	2	0	2	4	5	1
4	Prison letter	2	1	1	2	2	1
5	Brought by lawyer	20	18	2	29	27	4
5	Letter from YBGK HQ	0	0	0	14	11	3
	Total	273	229	79	295	288	86

YOUNG LAWYERS & PUPILS SUB COMMITTEE REPORT

The Young Lawyers and Pupils Committee (YLPC) of the Perak Bar stands as a dynamic advocate for the interests and well-being of its young members and pupils. Committed to fostering a vibrant legal community, the YLPC orchestrates a multifaceted array of activities.

1ST ANNUAL MEETING OF YLPC FOR THE TERM OF 2023/2024

The first meeting took place on 9th March 2023 at the Perak Bar Auditorium, we had the pleasure of meeting a number of young lawyers and pupils amongst them we were able to enlist a sub-committee of 10 members. They were: Bama A/P Varadaraju, Dhiviya A/P Anbanathan, Lee Zhen Yi (Eric), Nur Fadhlin Binti Mohammad Fadzli, Jeyaramm A. Rajan, Presna A/P Pandian, Privesh Paul Singh, Sharmila Raj, Syamil Haidhar Bin Abdul Jalil Alwi and Sukhvinder Singh Sidhu.

BLOOD DONATION AND SCREENING CAMPAIGN

The YLPC is elated to announce the resounding success of our Free Health Screening Event held on September 23rd, 2023. With overwhelming community support, we welcomed over 100 participants to the Perak Malayalee Association (PMA Hall) for a day dedicated to prioritizing health and well-being.

The collaborative efforts with our esteemed partners, Hospital Raja Permaisuri Bainun Ipoh (Blood Donation), Persatuan Diabetes Malaysia (Cawangan Perak), and the National Cancer Society of Malaysia, proved immensely impactful. The event offered comprehensive health screenings, including blood donation sessions, free diabetes screenings, and cancer awareness programs with screenings.

We extend our heartfelt gratitude to all participants and volunteers who contributed to the success of this event. Your proactive engagement exemplifies a community committed to embracing a healthier future.





SHORT CALL AND LONG CALL ADMISSIONS, 2023

Over the course of the year 2023, until the present date, I have had the honor of attending and overseeing a significant number of Short Call and Long Call admissions to the Bar.

These admissions mark not only the legal recognition of our young lawyers but also symbolize the expansion and vitality of our legal community. Witnessing these aspiring professionals take their rightful place in the legal landscape has been a source of pride for the YLPC and a testament to our collective dedication to the future of the legal profession.

I extend my sincere appreciation to all my committee members including my learned friends from Taiping, Mohd Hakimi Bin Shaari, Varpal Singh A/L Menender Singh and Vijaya Anushia A/P Vengadasalam and all those involved in supporting these admission ceremonies.

As the 2023/2024 term unfolds, I find myself reflecting on the incredible journey the Committee and I have undertaken together as a team and a community. It is with immense gratitude that I extend my deepest thanks to each one of you for your unwavering commitment, passion, and tireless efforts.

With heartfelt appreciation,

(sgd)
SHASSI DSP
Chairperson
Young Lawyers & Pupils Sub Committee
2023/2024

SPORTS SUB COMMITTEE REPORT

The Perak Bar Social Committee has always been proud in hosting Sporting events to facilitate with a work and social balance in between its Members. In 2023, we had the pleasure of organizing several Sport events which had resulted in a positive outcome. It was a great time bonding with Members from different State Bars. We had the following events over the past year which has been memorable for all who had participated.

BADMINTON FRIENDLY MATCH

A friendly Badminton Match was organized with collaboration with the Malaysian Medical Association (Perak) which was held on 20.8.2023 at YMCA, Ipoh.

We had the pleasure of having several Medical Officers from the Hospital Raja Permaisuri Bainun to join us as well as our own Members who enjoyed their time while keeping fit burning their calories. We thank our sponsors for sponsoring the Trophies and prizes for this event.

BOWLING FRIENDLY MATCH

A friendly Bowling Tournament was organized this year which was held Esplanadade Bowl Kg Koh, Sitiawan on 5.11.2023. It was a joint effort by a fellow Senior Member of the Perak State Bar, Mr Amir Khusyairi wherein he had taken his time and effort to making the event a success.

It was a fruitful event with participants enjoying a friendly game of Bowling. More importantly, it was the first Perak State Bar sporting event that has taken place out of of Ipoh for the benefit of the Members. I take this opportunity to thank our Sponsors, Mr Amir, Ms Sheanna, Mr Shassi, Mr Privesh for making this event memorable.

INTERSTATE BAR GAMES 2023.

This year, the Terengganu State Bar had the pleasure of organizing the Annual Interstate Bar Games 2023 (ISBG). The Perak State Bar sent their contingent to represent the State Bar to participate in the ISBG 2023 with close to 70 participants this year around. We had numerous players who joined several sports event namely Pool, Darts, Ladies Futsal, Football, Cross-Country and Netball. It was a tough competition between other participants from different State Bars for all Sporting events held.

The Perak State Bar managed to bag in 1st place for Football which was headed by team captain, Mr Hafiz. We will indeed come back stronger in the next ISBG and we thank the Terengganu State Bar for being wonderful host and making the ISBG 2023 a memorable event for all.

PENANG PERAK BAR GAMES 2023

This year's annual Penang Perak Bar Games was hosted by the Penang State Bar. This event was joined by the members of the Perak State Bar wherein I had the pleasure of working with Mr. Teh Ee Teng who is the current Sports Chairman of the Penang State Bar. The event was held on 24.11.2023 and 25.11.2023 and was graciously attended by many members of both the State Bars.

Sports events that were organized were, Tennis, Futsal (Premier & Veteran), Darts, Pool, Cross-Country, Volleyball, Netball, Badminton, Bowling and Football. Our Members took home the Trophy for Pool, Futsal wherein Perak bagged the score of 17-4, Netball and Football which ended with a whopping score of 4-2 despite the Penang State Bar having the victory of taking home the Championship Trophy. We thank Mr. Hafiz for sponsoring the Football team, Mr Chong Kok Yew, Mr Kenny Lai who sponsored the Badminton team, Mr Amir Khusyairi (Teluk Intan) for sponsoring T-shirts for the Bowling team.

The Penang Perak Bar Games 2023 came out to be a success with the event ending with a wonderful dinner hosted for Members and players. We thank the Penang State Bar Chairwomen and Penang State Bar members for the gracious dinner hosted. We hope to come back stronger next year with the Penang State Bar hosting the games.

I humbly thank the Perak State Bar for being supportive for all events mentioned above. I also thank my sub-committee for all their hard work in making this years events a great success. I hope that more Members will join in for future sporting events and to keep up with the traditions which have been on going for many years.

Cheers to a fruitful 2023/2024.

(sgd)
SUKHVINDER SINGH SIDHU
Chairperson
Sports Sub Committee
2023/2024

SOCIAL SUB COMMITTEE REPORT

Dear Members of Perak Bar,

I am pleased to present the Social 's report for the year 2023, highlighting the successful events organized by Perak Bar to foster camaraderie and strengthen the bonds within our legal community.

1. MOVIE NIGHT: JOHN WICK, CHAPTER 4 - 24/03/2023:

Our social calendar kicked off with an exciting movie night featuring "John Wick, Chapter 4" on March 24th, 2023. Members enjoyed a thrilling evening together, bonding over shared interests in cinema and legal expertise.

2. BIG 5 PROFESSIONAL HANG OUT SESSION AT CAWANMU, DE GARDEN - 28/04/2023:

The second event was a remarkable hangout session at Cawanmu, De Garden, on April 28th, 2023. We were delighted to host the Big 5 Professionals, bringing together lawyers, doctors, engineers, pharmacists, and accountants. With a fantastic turnout of approximately 55 attendees, the evening was filled with lively conversations and networking opportunities.

3. HARI RAYA OPEN HOUSE AND CHARITY DINNER - MAY 2023:

In the spirit of giving back, Perak Bar organized a Hari Raya Open House, where we welcomed anak yatim from Pertubuhan Baitul Aini Anak-Anak Yatim Dan Miskin Ipoh to join us for dinner. The following day, we extended our support by delivering essential goods and necessities to contribute to their well-being.

4. INTRODUCTION TO YOGA CLASS - 30/07/2023:

Promoting the well-being of our members, an introduction to a yoga class was held on July 30th, 2023. Seven dedicated lawyers participated in the early Sunday morning session, embracing the benefits of mindfulness and relaxation.

5. BIG 3 FUN RUN 2023 - CO-ORGANIZED WITH IEM AND MMA PERAK:

In collaboration with the Institution of Engineers Malaysia (IEM) and the Malaysian Medical Association (MMA) Perak, Perak Bar co-organized the Big 3 Fun Run 2023. With over 100 participants, including lawyers, engineers, and medical professionals, the event featured 4km and 8km routes, promoting both physical wellness and inter-professional networking.

6. ANNUAL DINNER: COLORS OF THE RAINBOW - 16/12/2023 AT WEIL HOTEL:

The grand finale of our social calendar was the Annual Dinner held on December 16th, 2023, at Weil Hotel. Under the theme "Colors of the Rainbow," the event witnessed the full booking of 20 tables. The night was filled with joy, laughter, and a spectacular dance performance by both senior and junior lawyers, creating lasting memories for all in attendance.

I extend my heartfelt gratitude to all members who actively participated in these events, contributing to the success of our social initiatives. Also, a shootout appreciation to my subcommittee members, Ilavarasi, Abby Phang, Chelsea Yiap, Kareena, Ong Hui Xue, Maggie and Kai Xin.

Best regards,

(sgd)
ELAINE FOONG SOOK YEN
Chairperson
Social Sub Committee

PICTURE























PUBLICITY, PUBLICATION AND LIBRARY SUB-COMMITTEE REPORT

With great pleasure, we inform the members that the "Perak Bar Committee" has carried on with its regular subscription to a number of additional law reports and journals in 2023. In addition, we bought a new textbook to add to our collection on Interlocutory Application.

Moreover, we installed computer and other modern amenities. Hence, our library now is better organized and convenient for members to use. We hope that members will take advantage of this.

We also created a new Instagram and Facebook account for perak bar events and activities. Further, the global view on communication has shifted with the development of social media. Social media platforms including Facebook, Instagram, WhatsApp, Telegram, and webpages have been increasingly popular over time for information dissemination.

Thank you.

(sgd)

PARAMASWARI A/P SAVASURI

Chairperson

Publicity, Publication & Library Sub-committee

2023/2024

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REPORT ON THE INTERNATIONAL MALAYSIAN LAW CONFERENCE 2023

PREPARED BY KOAY JING QIAN

Introduction

This is the report on the International Malaysian Law Conference 2023 (IMLC 2023) held on the 10/7/2023 to 13/7/2023. This year's IMLC theme is "Navigating the Future, Exploring the Present" features over 120 speakers who shared their insights and experience on the said topic. Below are the talks given by the speakers including questions that the public posed during the Q & A sessions:-

Conference Programme

DAY 1:

I. Welcoming Address by the President of Malaysian Bar

The President, Ms Karen Cheah Yee Lynn welcomed the attendees. She spoke about the recent law reforms about the decriminalizing suicide attempts and the implementation of technologies in our legal system.

II. Opening Address by The Chief Justice of Malaysia

The Honourable Tun Tengku Maimun binti Tuan Mat spoke on the potential use of Artificial Intelligence in the judiciary particularly in sentencing, the effects of the Covid-19 pandemic which introduced the use of technology into our legal system such as the e-filing system and talk about the importance of upholding the rule of law.

III. Special Address by The Founding President of IDEAS

Tunku Zain talked about the importance of supporting judicial independence.

IV. Keynote Address by the Prime Minister of Malaysia

Dato Seri Anwar Ibrahim promised that he would not compromise the judicial independence. He will fight against those that compromise or are looking to compromise the judicial independence. The PM announced that the government will increase allocations to the National Legal Aid Foundation (YBGK) by RM10 million. The PM explains that the state has its secular elements but religious values must be embedded (in the system). The PM says that a total separation between the state and religion is not acceptable. The PM also stresses the responsibility in making sure access of quality education everywhere and the need to give opportunities to all.

Plenary 1: Intersection of the Rule of Law and Human Rights in Malaysia

Q: Why should the government spend time on human rights rather than economic reform?

Dato' Ambiga: Human rights are not separate from economic reform. Economic wellbeing goes together with the society's wellbeing. Death in custody is not relevant to some until it happens to them or to their family member.

Lim Wei Jiet: Economic wellbeing is correlated with the society's wellbeing. Companies that invest in Malaysia will look into the judicial independence in this country. When there is a problem with the contract, the companies need to be sure they are in a fair jurisdiction.

Phil Robertson: Everyone should exercise their human rights and speak out on ways to fix it.

Q: 1. How do we deal on issues about bail? Does it need reforms?

2. How to improve quality of life for prisoners?

3. Issues on the Wang Kelian mass grave case where only foreigners are arrested.

Dato' Ambiga: It is not difficult to address these issues but it must start with leadership. Human rights are our inalienable rights. If we cannot defend our basic rights then there is no point in Malaysia being on the Human Rights Council. Human rights on marginalised community especially on LGBT rights has been made taboo. Everyone is afraid of losing power. Leadership must come from the top. On the Wang Kelian case, there is a Royal Commission Report but they chose to classify it. On many cases where the courts have upheld justice by Court Orders, however there are no enforcement on the Court Orders.

Phil Robertson: Police rarely investigate police. It is the same in other jurisdictions that I have been and seen. On the issues on human rights of the LGBT community, for example the Nur Sajat case shows the prosecution of the LGBT community in Malaysia. Malaysia has sent officers to arrest Nur Sajat and she had flee to Thailand. Even then, Malaysia has asked Thailand authorities to deport her. The US has intervened and saved Nur Sajat. The way Malaysia prosecutes LGBT community is shocking. On the issue of bail, it is basic human rights to allow bail even though there are concerns of witness intimidation. However, many cases don't qualify that.

Lim Wei Jiet: Human rights are made better when the laws on POCA and SOSMA are reformed. The laws on POCA and SOSMA allows for the people to be arrested and then investigation are carried out at their own sweet time. I conducted an interview once at the Semenyih detention centre where one prisoner told me there are detainees that have been detained for over 10 years without being charged in court but neither are they released.

Q: How do Malaysia deal with refugees carrying the UNHCR card and some refugees that don't have it. How do Malaysia deal with people abusing the UNHCR card?

Phil Robertson: The reality is that Malaysia does not rectify the refugee protocol. The UNHCR card is not a great form of protection. The reality is we have a lot of immigrants with the UNHCR card detained in the detention centre and the people and they have no access to help from the UNHCR.

Dato Ambiga: Malaysia are very dismissive on illegal immigrants. They don't realise that many of them became illegal because they are cheated by corrupted handlers or agents. For example, the Wang Kelian case where they are making money out of humans. There are no sense of humanity in the leaders of Malaysia for the marginalised community.

Q: How to deal with the issue of the increase of politicization of religion?

Phil Robertson: The bottom line about international human rights are everybody get the same rights.

Dato Ambiga: What is so difficult about prison reforms? SUHAKAM has been doing a fantastic jobs on the reports but nobody cares. Politicians only care about winning the next general election. We should not fall for divisive politics that are in practice now.

Q: We have to strike a balance on human rights and our own brother and sister getting a better life in Malaysia. How do we address that?

Phil Robertson: Many refugees are prepared to take over jobs that many doesn't want. For example the refugee employment in the plantation sector. We have to put a huma face on human rights.

Dato' Ambiga: All I can say is that foreigners are not taking food out of our mouths.

Q: Does the China module works?

Dato Ambiga: Democracy is still the best. We cannot live with the China module. Democracy is being nosiy. You don't want the quietness of the Chinese. We do not need dictators and live in fear.

My opinion and takeaway:

Human rights are the basic rights that each of us should exercise to improve our quality of life. We should also champion for human rights in our society because once the basic human rights are upheld and enforced, only then our quality of life and economy will become better.

Plenary 3: Exploring Diversity and Inclusion

There are data shown on the 2014 survey on female and male lawyers in the legal sectors. At 2014, woman leadership at the bar are faring very low.

Mr Rafique: There is an issue on whether there is a different quality of work produced by the male and female lawyers. Actually, there is none. There are still female lawyers leaving practice at child bearing age when that should not be happening. However now, I believe there is no inequality.

Angela Conway: How digital transformation holds great possibility to equality. There are many opportunities on digital transformation as well as threats. Many countries are developing super apps to provide one shop stop for facilities. For example, in Canada there is a Civil Resolution Tribunal for small claims under \$5000. Australia develops an app for elderly and individual with disabilities. In the UAE, there is a Ministry of Possibilities that provide workshops that advises birth to marriages all in one location. There are also threats such as online violence, cyber crime and increasing bias. The areas in technology, finance and law are dominant by men. Urgent action is needed for diversity and inclusivity. We can make it a priority to invest our money in diverse entrepreneurs.

Dr. Vizla: We should recognize what we cannot change rather than fantasies. We should accept it and recognize how we live and work. There is something called unconscious bias, affinity bias, halo effect and confirmation bias. These biasness causes mental health issues. No number of presenting facts to this biasness will work. We have access to diversity yet these beliefs still persist. We should determine our own destiny by learning and unlearning again, recognizing the diversity in institutions are about the choices we are making, connecting with each other's humanness and diversity is about accepting people's dignity and right to life.

My opinion and takeaway:

Woman are the key players in contributing to our society especially in the legal sector. In 2023, there are many prominent female judges, lawyers, politicians and activists. We should strive to include more diversity in our legal system.

DAY 2:

Plenary 4: Generative AI: Opportunity or Threat?

Benjamin Cheong: The salaries of lawyers in Singapore is getting higher and higher. With the advancement of technologies, we do not need so many lawyers anymore. Nowadays, client want more for less. We have to rethink the training in our law schools how to train students to use AI. How to use tools to help us in our work. However, there are new risks that comes with generative AI. For example is IP infringement, potential copyright infringement, personal data infringement.

Min Chen: How lexis is doing to address AI. Lexis fine tune their model by feeding the model materials they have copyright in. Then lexis will reenforce it by human feedback. It is a critical step to address hallucination issues. Lexis also have partnership with cloud providers such as Microsoft.

Adilah: The generative AI can help us focus on higher value of work. Many are too busy answering email and over 8 hours spent on email & meeting. There is fear that AI might replace jobs that we are doing. 60% have that fear. 64% are looking at AI to do the job we need to do.

Gaythri: We start with a consumer problem. Then will decide what to build. During this process we will fine tune the AI. In the last 5 years we have been actively working with AI internally and build our product.

My opinion and takeaway:

AI does help our work gets easier in this modern-day world. However, AI still needs the reinforcement of human input in order for it to be applicable in our legal sector.

Plenary 5: Hard Talk: The Economy-On Track or Sidetracked?

YB Tuan Mohd Rafizi Ramli: What does the Ministry of Economy do? It is a planning & coordinating ministry. Structural economy issue. Very difficult to do structural reform & require everyone to be on same page. Our focus is on mid-term and long-term strategy. Prime Minister spoken many times about day to day policy about how government spend. As much teeth to enforcement policy. How to focus on common implementation & problem. One or the things we focus on is taking profit without adding value to the society. How to create competitiveness. We have national economic council meeting. Legislate against rent seeking. The government has started the first step to codify rent seeking. It takes 2 or 3 years take survey to determine line T40 or B40. The reclassification of household income and expenditure by October or November this year will be completed. Allow more regulations by the government. There is

also this focus on the opportunity to graduate from the lowest. We cannot just continue to keep giving cash assistance. Cannot just give money and expect everything to sort things out. Renewable energy is the sector that has the highest investment sector. Energy transition roadmap. We hope this will perk interest of foreign interest. We are confident this are the type of activity in the future. We have the geographical advantage to put this in place. Modern farming. Rather than asking ppl to farm, govern will invest in small scale of modern farming greenhouses, container with solar.

Shakira Teh Sharifuddin: The importance of sequencing policy reforms that is one of the biggest challenge. We have so many blueprints. The biggest challenge is implementation. Transportation planning is done in Putrajaya. Third is in financing. Alot of financing come from the Federal Government. Communication is done continuously to the public. Movies. Class dynamic in our society. Think about how we can better share the wealth and prosperity in this country. I agree with the revisiting of the reclassification of the T40 or B40 in this country. Important that we take into account people who cannot work and elderly when we think about social protection and assistance. The challenge is that we need to spend more. Only 1% of GDP in social assistance. If compared to other developed country is 2%. We can improve from moving away blanket subsidy and challenging it to those more in need. Human capital especially in tertiary education. We should extend to preschool education. Bigger implication on learning capability. Narrow learning gap those in high income and lower income.

My Opinion & takeaway:

Everyone has their role to play in order to improve our country's economy. The Ministry of Economy is always drafting and thinking up new policies and ways to improve the economy. Hence, lawyers should always be on our toes and keep up with the current legislations and policies implemented by the current government to better advise clients on matters involving the current economy.

Breakout session 1: Prospect and Viability of Small Firm Practice: Is Affiliation and Group Practice the Next Logical Step?

Issac Chan from Hong Kong:

Group practice is sole proprietors but brand together. There is still independence of the bar and independence with client. We are all sole proprietors but we share rents. In the same chamber we are instructed to argue on all side of the same case. We do not share profit.

Malaysian rules make reference to Hong Kong rules. 20 years onwards, the number of group law practice in Hong Kong is only 3.

Major hindrance to Group Practice is in one of the rules. Rules 11; for the purpose of any practice. Members of GLP would be conflicted in the same case if there is another chambers on it. Conflict of interest. 1 common reason why they broke up from international law firm.

Drafters of rules must look into how to get out of the conflict of interest. Bar council can suggest things that can be disclosed. Identity of client can be removed.

Navaratnam: Is there a future for small practice in GLP? Bar council should educate public what practices are there in Malaysia. General labels if in website of Malaysian bar council, list out advantages and disadvantages, give us better leverage. Are small law firms viable? Always viable what level and what type of work. Individual work practice and group work practice. Group work practical problem. One person will front up tenancy agreement. Front up costs of library, copy machines. The significant advantages big law firms have is they can attract more work. Larger insurance covers.

My takeaway and opinion:

There are advantage and disadvantage in Group Practice. For the moment, Group Practice is still something that is very new in Malaysia and the rules are still not as developed as countries that have already been practicing Group Practice. The main concern I have in this practice is client's confidentiality and solicitors-client privilege.

Breakout Session 2

Cross-Border and Domestic Mediation: Opportunities and Challenges in the Future for Dispute Resolution and Transactional Lawyers.

Francis Goh: Lawyers out there adopt mediation also. We tell clients that we can mediate to help you get better outcome. In order to have a successful mediation, you need to have a trained mediator and lawyers who understand the value of mediation.

Q: What are the impediments in mediation in Malaysia?

Datuk Vernon Ong: Mediation was introduced 2009. Mediation is more than just a win-win, it is also healing the relationship between parties. All parties that come to court have some kind of relationship. The value of mediation is in the healing of relationship. It is a challenge for lawyers to go for mediation advocacy. Why are we not moving forward for mediation.

Shanti Abraham: A part of the impediment of growth in mediation is that lawyers do not see their involvement and their roles in mediation. Introducing practice directions on mediation to allow presence of lawyers during mediation.

Sujatha: From a business perspective, saving the relationship is important. The role of the counsel is very strategic to client. In a cross-border dispute, the venue of mediation is important.

Francis: Sensitising yourself with mediation begin in board rooms. Mediation is something that your management understand. Put in a mediation clause take away the sting by saying who propose the mediation. Transactional lawyer is the spokesperson to dispute lawyer.

Melissa: We are at the stage where lawyers need to know about mediation in Hong Kong. In Hong Kong mediation is part of the court system and is mandatory. There is a need to sign mediation certification before a case can proceed to trial.

My opinion and takeaway: Mediation is an important step in the legal system and should be encouraged. Going for mediation may help clients to get their remedy and at the same time do not damage their relationship.

Breakout Session 3

Out of the Mouth of Babes: Interviewing Children in Custody Disputes

Puan Evrol Mariette: When dealing with child reasoning ability that is below 12, I tend to be more cautious. When should the guidelines be applied? After the hearing or trial, the conversation of child be the final determining factor & take into account the child's wishes. Where the conversation to be had? Child friendly environment. Key consideration be more informal as possible. Seating position may impact dynamics. Ask them how can the court make their living condition better? Having a judicial

conversation there is no step by step manual. There are too many issues intertwined. It is not about pleasing mother or father. It is about child's rights.

Dr Diana: I provide an insight to child's mental health before during after judicial conversation. Psychological assessment: Have to enter the child's world. What is concern me about assessment. Mental health professionals 1 or 2 times then give opinion. Impossible to do in such a short amount of time. Have to build a rapport with the child. At least requires 2 months.

DAY 3 :

Plenary 6: Words that Wound: The Legal Dilemma of Regulating Hate Speech and Fake News in the Digital Age

Defining hate speech is difficult. Sceptical that regulate hate speech using hard law. It is not always obvious. Subtle or superficial. It will not work unless there is a sensitive and competent judiciary. Recognize cultural sensitivity. Merely causing offence should never be the reason to curb speech. Everyone should have the right to cause offence. Equally believe shouldnt use the right unless there are compelling circumstances. As long as you are talking about something not harmful you should be allowed to do it. Can regulate hate speech through soft law and education. Isit level to determine the level of responsibility of media of reporting hate speech? Many times, media suffer for reporting.

There are few attempts by intergovernmental organisations. Robust plan of action formulating plan on hate speech. Professional freedom that journalist enjoy should be protected. Any sanction from the courts should be porportion to that. There is a growing phenomenon of attempts to curb speech on particular words- fake news. It may be a way of curbing freedom of speech. The challenges in this particular area is the difficulty to determine fake news and the huge amount of subjectivity.

Q: Causing offence by itself is insufficient to rent hate speech. What element must be present for it to become hate speech and how can it be regulated in hard law? Does it involve violence? If a call of action violence and discrimination is needed and disharmony is caused. Does it matter and would u comment on it?

A: Applying it in particular situation is not easy. How can u be sure that it will cause violence. The dividing line is whether the speech cause violence or not. The target group has to keep in mind. Shouldnt be loose wording. Being polite to each other comes from ethic not law. Rudeness shouldnt be a criminal offence. Either u hit back or u shame him off her. In society shame is an important factor.

Breakout Session 6: Effective Advocacy: Exploring the Future

Datuk Vazeer: Scrolling through authority something we got through everyday. Lack of preparation. Effective advocacy must be delivered effectively to deliver your argument seamlessly. Pick up skills sharing screen.

Dato' Mary Lim: Judges actually use multiple devices such as laptop and tablets.

Sometimes the judges cannot see the documents. Problem when counsel refer to the physical document and the share screen documents is too small.

Issues with disappearing advocate. Counsel disappear halfway through zoom hearing.

Sometimes, after the introduction by junior counsel who said senior counsel is going to deal with interlocutory matter, the senior counsel is not there.

Q: What tools useful in zoom hearing?

A: During screen sharing, important to brush up on skills. When we are looking something on the screen the judges are also looking at the same thing. The ability to highlight and to steer and guide the judges to what you're looking at.

Q: How do judges protect the integrity of proceedings how to make sure not compromised?

A: Use at least 3 devices. Communicate using mobile app. Ensure connection is secure. 3rd device using research resources.

Q: With the use of technology will the younger generation of lawyers be more at ease?

A: Yes. Using mind maps and PowerPoints when submitting is done rather well. There is no real age divide.

My opinion and takeaway: Since the Covid-19 pandemic, courts have utilized zoom for hearings and trials to go on to prevent backlog of cases. Lawyers should familiarize with the usage of zoom hearing and how to share screen more effectively to prevent any inconvenience from happening during the hearing.

DAY 4:

Breakout Session 7: Navigating Legal Currents: Understanding Recent Developments in Shipping and Admiralty Law and Their Relevance to General Commercial Practice.

Jason Chuah: Whether shipping law is public or private law? Shipping companies think it is private law. The structure of commercial shipping law is that dry shipping encompasses the contract that you need. Contract made on land. Wet shipping law is questions about towing, salvage. What is the source of law to dry shipping? Contract law and act is an act that is a general legislation. Does not refer to specific area. The players in shipping tend to be big. The cargo interest is also big (person who has interest in cargo) Because the players are so powerful, the law allow them contractual freedom. Not dealing with consumer contract. Because there is a high level of contracting freedom, there is interpretation of contract. The law of implied term become extremely potent. Much of Malaysia's dry shipping law borrow from the way of the English law. Section 3 and Section 5 of Civil Law Act allow us to turn to English common law. Section 5 allows us to bring into this jurisdiction not only rules of common law or English statutes relating to mercantile matters including shipping. If there is a lacuna in certain parts of Malaysia, there is an ongoing reception of English law. We have a scattered system of shipping law in Malaysia.

Jeremy Joseph: Just imagine u have cargo on vessel. The vessel is owned by Korean ship owners. Cargo damaged. Want to take action. Want to sue him have to go through Korean legal system. In the world of admiralty. Arrest the vessel in your home area and get security for your claim. Once u obtain the security just concentrate on litigating the thing in court. Korean ship owner is not going to wait around. Negotiate with u to release vessel. Find another security. Bail bonds. Not used nowadays. First class bank

guarantee. PNI club's letter of undertaking. PNI clubs are mutual insurance. Many of these exclusions in insurance claims. Ship owners banded together to mutually insure each other and association is called PNI clubs. Provide letters of undertaking for vessel. Is good security for release. The arresting party can make application to court (judicial sale) to sell the vessel. The sale proceeds are deposited in court. Many other potential claimants will put their own claim and intervene in your claim. How the laws deal with it: highest priority will get proceeds.

What is maritime law: we don't have special act. Directly imported UK law: Supreme Court Act 1981.

Order 70 rules of court 2012

The Supreme Court gave 18 categories of claims. In order to arrest ship must fall under 18 categories

Second category must satisfy 21(4): when file claim must be registered or beneficial owner of vessel. If cannot satisfy cannot get warrant of arrest. Can be set aside and award damages.

Do search on Lloyd's website but not updated maybe transfer done 2 or 3 days ago.

Maritime liens: lien is a right to have possession over something. Generally speaking, right of possession is lost if u loose something.

Maritime lien is attached to vessel follow vessel wherever it goes. Survive even in change of ownership. 4 recognized categories. Collision claims, salvage, unpaid crew wages, masters disbursements (master not reimburse when use money to buy something)

My opinion and takeaway: Shipping law is completely different than commercial law. It is a niche practice where it focuses on contracts and the jurisdiction where the vessel is from. A good insight into the basics of shipping law. Lesson learnt from this session that can be applied in commercial and general civil law is that contractual terms are very important in the event of a dispute.

Breakout session 8: Exploring Contemporary Issues in Criminal Law: Perspectives and Insights

Dato Rajpal: SOSMA was busy abused and it should be appealed. Should or should it not?

PDRM: The bar council stand it should be repealed. From PDRM's point, it should be enforced. When enforce so many mistakes, will be improved. There is a sunset clause to review the SOSMA in every 5 years.

Dr Sundra: Criminology is made up of many perspectives, psychology, sociological etc. I am addressing it from sociological standpoint widely acceptable perspective related to crime. Tuan Shan made it very clear to necessity of SOSMA. The mistrust before police and criminal agencies rises because u have leaders who don't understand the law and make statements. Not everyone arrested are from international terror group. Do we need such a procedure for such a right? Traumatized as individuals either u are innocent or guilty. We should be moving towards democracy. With the advancement of forensic investigation and the intelligence of police, do we need 21 days. Is whipping effective? No studies to show? Why?

Latheefa Koya: POTA, POCA. In March 2022, we were temporarily happy n excited SOSMA was defeated. The motion tabled was defeated by 85 MPs. You have to speak out and why no. Why do we not need SOSMA, the list is long. The laws are adequate under the Penal code, CPC. There is this campaign to abolish ISA. We can only fight for ourselves. Government is sensitive they always want to

look popular. The Basis of arrest? Tattoo, do not need to have proper evidence. Why does a murder case given 14 days only but SOSMA need 28 days? There is no justification.

Dato' Rajpal: enacted as procedural code. ATIPSOM. It is basically for that purpose. Unfortunately after lahad datu incident 2015, many laws are tightened to make sure there is enforcement. S4(4) arrest for 24 hours 4(5) superintendent 28 days s13 make the whole offence unbailable unless u are a child, woman. S18-28 days a innocent person may give statement just to get out. Statement admissible.

Q: The easiest way to defend any law is to show its effectiveness. Does the PDRM has statistics how many used, how many charged & convicted under SOSMA? Why is these statistics not released to the public?

A: Yes, we have to show that what we do first day to last day. We have percentage to show how many charged. Why is it not public? We prepared answer to the home minister. I don't want to give answer that contradicts.

Q: In the future will it be possible to have a law to cover spent conviction? For young offender life is gone. How to ensure these people get a second chance.

A: In Singapore there is a provision called Spent Time. We don't have this provision. I suggested we need to have this provision. It is work in progress.

My opinion and takeaway: SOSMA is a threat to our personal liberty and our rights of freedom as protected in the Federal Constitution. It is important for SOSMA to be reviewed again and for it to be abolished in the Parliament.

Breakout Session 9: Litigation Funding

Victor: Go back to 13th century in England, the need to protect vulnerable. The Hong Kong identifies 2 principal concern. The agreement to share the spoil of litigation. It is considered objectionable for stranger of litigation gambling in the result of litigation. We don't want to turn the court into gambling.

Moderator: Public policy must keep pace with time. Would u get answer from court. Is a champerty agreement is against public policy?

Victor: The courts have taken nuance of approach. There are cases where it is legal. A barrister try to share 20% of litigation was put in jail for that. There is important exception in HK now. Legitimate common interest exception. In UK organisations form to protect fishery. Access to justice exception. Constitutional challenges. If plaintiff has no means to fight litigation. If get somebody who has interest to fund. Trustee bankruptcy to claim against bankrupt.

Tom: The law developed through jurisdiction. The claim was not illusionary. The regulators in Singapore has proactively allowed funding of litigation. Liquidators can access litigation funding. The arbitration funding is permitted. The insolvency funding is permitted. Commercial litigation court will have more supervision on litigation funding.

Victor: Hong Kong and Singapore are head to head in legislative changes. In Hong Kong, there are 2 legislative changes. Since early 2019, funding for litigation allowed exception for champerty. Detail code of practice to litigation funding. Advisory body in Hong Kong that keeps an eye of conduct.

Tuan Su Tiang Joo: Legal Fees are claimable as damages in the case of fraud. Discuss about the case *of Ling Peek Hoe & Anor v Ding Siew Ching & Ors* [2022] 7 CLJ 412 where the HC has awarded legal fees, general damages, punitive and exemplary damages. On appeal to the Court of Appeal, the COA reduced the general damages and exemplary damages but maintained the award of legal fees to the Plaintiff. On 11.5.2023, an application for leave to appeal to the Federal Court was filed. Two questions posed were: i) are costs recoverable as special damages in the same proceedings between the same parties; ii) whether legal fees is a specie of special damages and thus claimable over and on top of costs.

Overall Conclusion of the IMLC 2023:

I am delighted to be able to attend the IMLC 2023 comprising of talks and discussions amongst learned members of the bar, foreign invitees and also our esteemed Judges. Throughout these 4 days, I have gained so much information on the current issues concerning the legal sector. I have learned about the rise of the AI and how to use it to make my work more efficient. It is interesting that the IMLC features different areas of law such as shipping law, family law involving custody of children and also criminal law which highlights the right of freedom. Another perks of attending the IMLC 2023 is that I have the chance to network with the other members of the Bar from different states during the Conference.

Dated this 26th day of August 2023.



Koay Jing Qian
BC/K/1535

INTERNATIONAL MALAYSIAN LAW CONFERENCE 2023 REPORT

PREPARED BY ELAINE FOONG SOOK YEN

Dated this 1st November 2023

INTRODUCTION:

The International Malaysian Legal Conference (IMLC) 2023 featured a thought-provoking speech by Anwar, which focused on the importance of being fair and impartial for the independence of the judiciary. Anwar emphasized the significance of basing decisions on facts and adherence to the law. This report highlights key points from Anwar's speech across the three-day conference.

PLENARY 1: INTERSECTION OF RULE OF LAW AND HUMAN RIGHTS IN MALAYSIA

Anwar's speech opened with an exploration of the intersection of the rule of law and human rights in Malaysia, featuring notable speakers such as Phil Robertson, Wei Jiat, and Ambiga. The key takeaways included:

- 1. Phil Robertson:** Phil discussed the need for a comprehensive legal framework to govern important positions, such as the Chief of Police (Ketua Polis) and others, to ensure transparency and accountability.
- 2. Wei Jiat:** Wei Jiat called for stronger leadership from important figures to support the rights of the LGBT community and emphasized that leaders should lead from the front.
- 3. Prisoner Reform:** Speaker highlighted the importance of prisoner reform, with specific mentions of Wang Kelian, Indira Gandhi, and Tong Beng Hock. He emphasized the need for independent oversight of law enforcement agencies such as the police and MACC.
- 4. Pro Bono Work:** Speaker suggested allocating more budget resources to pro bono initiatives, emphasizing the importance of fulfilling the legal needs of those who cannot afford representation.
- 5. Ravi:** Ravi proposed the creation of a comprehensive legal aid scheme to cover all aspects of the legal system, including civil, criminal, and Sharia law. He also stressed the need to provide more reasonable compensation to lawyers involved in pro bono work.
- 6. Inclusion of Women Lawyers:** Speaker acknowledged the disparity in opportunities for women lawyers and stressed the importance of providing them with a fair and equal chance.

DAY 2: THE ROLE OF AI IN LEGAL PRACTICE

Day two of the conference focused on the role of AI in the legal field, with speakers including Benjamin Cheong, Min Chen, Adilah, and Gayatri Raman. Key points from the discussions included:

1. **Generative AI:** Benjamin Cheong discussed the potential for AI to enhance legal practice by turning legal students into "super lawyers" through the use of advanced tools.
2. **Lexis Nexis:** Min Chen highlighted the continued use of human involvement to gather legal data, indicating that there is still a significant human element in the legal research process.
3. **Microsoft:** Adilah emphasized the importance of focusing on higher-value legal work that can be supported by AI, making it accessible to everyone.
4. **AI in Product Development:** Gayatri Raman advocated for active use of AI in building legal products, emphasizing the potential of AI to streamline legal processes.

DAY 2 (CONTINUED): LEGAL PRACTICE AND ETHICS

The discussion during the second day also covered various aspects of legal practice and ethics, including:

1. **Group Law Practice:** Several speakers discussed the benefits of group law practices, sharing overhead costs, and targeting larger clients.
2. **Formal Law Alliance:** An alternative approach was presented, where multiple lawyers or firms collaborate under one roof as equal partners.
3. **Mediation:** The importance of prioritizing client interests over personal interests in the resolution of legal disputes was emphasized. Concerns regarding conflicts of interest and confidentiality were also addressed.
4. **Child Custody Cases:** Strategies for handling child custody cases were discussed, including providing comfort to children through snacks, drinks, and appropriate seating arrangements. The presence of various stakeholders, including an assistant registrar and interpreter, was also addressed.

DAY 3: CONTEMPORARY LEGAL ISSUES

The final day of the conference delved into contemporary legal issues, including "greenwashing" and regulating hate speech. Notable points included:

1. **Greenwashing:** The discussion revolved around the deceptive practices of portraying products or activities as eco-friendly when they are not. The need for stringent regulations to combat this practice was highlighted.
2. **Regulating Hate Speech:** The conference explored ways to regulate hate speech, including the use of a "reasonable man" standard and soft law approaches. Examples from Europe regarding anti-migrant rules were cited.

- 3. Effective Communication:** Dato Mary Lim emphasized the importance of effective communication, thorough planning, and proper preparation in the legal profession.
- 4. Contemporary Work and Work-Life Balance:** The conference also addressed issues related to work-life balance, remote work, and flexible working hours. Different countries' approaches to legislation, such as India's "right to disconnect" bill, were discussed.
- 5. Mental Health:** The COVID-19 pandemic's impact on mental health was discussed as a significant concern, especially in the legal profession.
- 6. Menstrual Leave:** The need to address menstrual leave and its proof, as recognized in countries like Japan and South Korea, was raised as an issue in India.

CONCLUSION:

Dato Seri Anwar's speech and the discussions at IMLC 2023 shed light on a wide range of legal topics, from the independence of the judiciary to the integration of AI in legal practice and contemporary legal issues. The conference provided valuable insights into the challenges and opportunities facing the legal profession, encouraging thoughtful discussions and potential avenues for reform.

REPORT ON OBSERVATION AND EXPERIENCE ATTENDING IMLC 2023

PREPARED BY JEYAMARAN SANDANASAMY

Firstly I would like to extend my gratitude to Perak Bar for providing me an opportunity to attend this prestigious International Malaysian Law Conference hereinafter known as 'IMLC 2023'.

This is the fifth biennial conference hosted by Malaysian Bar. The motto for this conference is that "Navigating the Present, Exploring The Future" which is held at Shangri-La Kuala Lumpur for the period 10th – 13th July 2023.

As mentioned at the Malaysian Bar Website, "the main aim of IMLC 2023 is to shed light on the realities of practising in a post-COVID world that has embraced technology, and what we need to do, collectively and individually, to ready ourselves for the future." The IMLC 2023 kept it open for the participants and panellists to indulge in the exchange of ideas and prospective, taking into account the wide inevitable changes in the legal field.

The Conference emphasizes the importance of technological development in the legal field. For example inter alia the importance of technology from the Court online proceedings, online legal research, the future of AI technology such as sentencing in Criminal matters, and also the impact of the digital currencies such as Bitcoin. The said technological developments were analysed based on comparison with the Malaysian and other regional legal system.

Both the participants and the panellists are from various fields and expertise. For example they are amongst Malaysian Prime Minister, Chief Justice Of Federal Court Of Malaysia, Ministers, Member Of Parliament, Judiciary, Legal Practitioners, Academics In Legal Field, Legal Researchers, Economists, Corporate Officers, Police and Government Servants and Officials. The participants are also from various diverse geographical background. This gave the whole event the benefit of versatile and diverse discussions which let the objectives of the Conference well served.

The Conference consists of networking luncheons, cocktail reception, coffee breaks, gala dinner. And some are here sponsored session by Corporate and Law Firms. This said events benefited the participants to have some new contacts and business opportunities. This is a very positive and welcoming approach. Further the sponsors in return had the benefit of advertising their business amongst the IMLC 2023 visitors and participants.

The IMLC 2023 consists of 21 various exhibitors. From various backgrounds inter alia Corporate, Universities, Colleges, Arbitration Centre's and Automobile. Some of the exhibitors offered best price on their products to the participants. This turned to be a beneficial drive both for the exhibitors and the IMLC 2023 participants.

Most of the session I attended emphasised that changes and growth adaptation by lawyers is important in sustaining the profession. The sessions I have attended suggest that the focus is mainly on the five areas that is to say Political, Economic, Social, Technological, Legal and Environment. Most of the topics here navigated in between this five categories. In my opinion I agree with this approach as they are the pillars for lawyers to adhere to enforce law systematically, to achieve legal specialisation in the legal field, and also to have a good check and balance in evolving law practice. I feel this approach will lead to a systematic legal fraternity in Malaysia.

This also will benefit the participants who are not lawyers but are from different field. As they can apply the knowledge here to their trade directly or indirectly.

The following are the main topics featured :-

- Navigating Corporate Rescues
- Laws for an Ageing Nation: Improved Laws & New Laws
- Effective Advocacy: Exploring the Future
- Prospect and Viability of Small Firm Practice — Are Affiliation and Group Practice the Next Logical Step?
- The Development of the Law on Discovery / eDiscovery Pre- and Post-Pandemic: A Comparative Analysis
- Liability of a Law Practitioner: An Attempt to Identify and Balance between Privilege, Secrecy and Compliance Under the AMLA Regime
- Litigation Funding
- Issues Surrounding NFTs
- Publicity vs Advertisement — Where are We At?
- Waqf: The Legal and Regulatory Framework Needed for Implementation
- Challenges to Legal Education: — Where are We At?

The topics and sub-categories of the sessions are well covered to cater to the needs of the objective of the event. Generally, it gave the urge for attendees who are not experts in the topic to grasp the basics and to encourage them to dive deeper into the subject matter. All sessions here are well organized and the moderators and speakers are chosen from the expertise of the topic handled and with their diverse backgrounds. This gave the IMLC 2023 an outstanding result.

This event is a very fruitful one and it is worth and justified for Corporate, Government, State Bars and other private entities to sponsor their delegates' attendance. The important bring-home message from the IMLC 2023 is that every participant should be aware and look out for new changes and challenges in their legal business and one must be ready to accept and embrace changes for a balanced evolution and well-equipped with required evolving technology as well.

Thank you.

Dated:- 11th November 2023

Jeyamaran Sandanasamy

Messrs Segaran & Associates Ipoh

INTERNATIONAL MALAYSIAN LAW CONFERENCE (IMLC) REPORT

PREPARED BY CHELSEA YIAP

DAY 1 - 10 JULY 2023

Opening Address by The Right Honourable Chief Justice of Malaysia, The Right Honourable Tun Tengku Maimun binti Tuan Mat

The speech delves into the concept of the criminal justice system as a holistic framework involving various institutions and actors, aiming to pursue justice beyond traditional definitions. It discusses the shift from retributive justice to restorative justice, emphasizing a more compassionate approach driven by evolving human rights discourse and international norms.

The focus is on the ASEAN region's transformation, outlining efforts to bolster the rights of accused individuals and ensure a fair judicial process. The Malaysian criminal justice system's evolution towards a more compassionate approach is highlighted through legislative changes, such as the reduced reliance on the death penalty and decriminalization of attempted suicide, reflecting a shift in societal perceptions and addressing mental health concerns.

The speech also references significant legal rulings in Malaysia, showcasing a judicial commitment to upholding fundamental rights and fairness within the legal system. It concludes by expressing confidence that the collective insights shared during the conference will contribute to shaping the future of criminal justice systems in the region.

Special Address by His Highness Tunku Zain Al-'Abidin ibni Tuanku Muhriz, Founding President, Institute for Democracy and Economic Affairs ("IDEAS")

In this speech, His Highness, a non-lawyer, emphasized the crucial healing between Malaysia's judiciary and government, pointing out the historical discord and its lasting impact on the nation's institutions. He praised the evolution and influence of civil society in policymaking, stressing the importance of constitutional adherence and the need for better civic education.

The speech underscored the significance of independent institutions and merit-based appointments in pivotal bodies. His Highness also touched on the delicate balance between press freedom and necessary regulations, while highlighting concerns about statelessness among children. Conclusively, His Highness urged a collective effort to safeguard the values of the country's founding principles and constitution in the face of political challenges and the pervasive influence of social media.

Keynote Address by The Honourable Dato' Seri Anwar Ibrahim, Prime Minister of Malaysia

The speech by DSAI delves into several critical themes addressing the legal landscape of Malaysia. The oration commences with an evocative reference to T.S. Eliot's timeless words, emphasizing the cyclical nature of time and the importance of acknowledging the past in navigating the present and exploring the future. The Prime Minister highlights the significance of the International Malaysia Law Conference's theme and adds a caveat to remember the past.

Acknowledging the invaluable role of lawyers, regardless of their affiliations, the speech pays tribute to esteemed members of the legal fraternity who've left a lasting impact one of them being Karpal Singh. It touches upon the imperative of judicial independence, reflecting on its definition, guiding principles, and historical challenges to its realization.

The speech reinforces the commitment to safeguarding judicial independence and the rule of law, emphasizing the critical role played by the judiciary in upholding these principles. It recognizes the past challenges, notably the past violations of the separation of powers and subsequent assaults on the judiciary.

Corruption and its detrimental impact on society are underscored, calling for a review of the Whistleblower Protection Act and advocating for accountability and justice for past corrupt practices. The Prime Minister emphasizes the necessity of democratic accountability and justice through the legal system, drawing inspiration from historical figures like Sultan Azlan Shah.

Furthermore, the speech acknowledges the importance of access to justice for all, applauding initiatives by the Malaysian Bar and the Government's efforts to enhance legal aid services. The Prime Minister announces extra RM10m funds for National Legal Aid Foundation as the government's way to recognise that access to justice is a fundamental right.

Addressing citizenship issues for stateless persons, the speech highlights the urgency for action, particularly in amending the Federal Constitution to rectify citizenship concerns, especially for children born overseas to Malaysian mothers.

Finally, the speech concludes on an optimistic note, expressing gratitude for the collaboration and exchange of ideas at the International Malaysia Law Conference. It calls for the legal community to be agents of change, emphasizing justice, inclusivity, and sustainability in the Malaysian legal landscape.

The Prime Minister's speech encapsulates a comprehensive view of the legal challenges, historical context, and the vision for a more just and prosperous Malaysia, calling for collective efforts from the legal fraternity towards systemic reforms and a brighter future.

DAY 2 - 11 JULY 2023

Title: Generative AI : Opportunity or Threat? Speakers:

- 1. Min Chen, Vice President and Chief Technology Officer, Asia Pacific, LexisNexis**
- 2. Gaythri Raman, Managing Director, LexisNexis Southeast Asia**
- 3. Adilah Junid, Director, Legal and Government Affairs, Microsoft Malaysia**
- 4. Benjamin Cheong, Deputy Head, Technology, Media & Telecommunications, Rajah & Tann Singapore**

This session talks of how generative AI is transforming the legal profession, focusing on contract generation, the importance of legal training, and the emergence of new risks. Benjamin stressed that AI is not a replacement for lawyers but a powerful tool that can create a new breed of legal professionals, the "super lawyers", ultimately benefiting both practitioners and clients. All in all, this session explores the use of generative AI in the legal field, and Gaythri stressed that legal training is necessary on how to generate prompts for desired contracts. Min Chen addresses emerging risks such as IP infringement, confidentiality breaches, client data security, and the issue of AI-generated hallucinations.

Title: Hard Talk: The Economy — On Track or Sidetracked? Speakers:

- 1. YB Tuan Mohd Rafizi Ramli, Minister of Economy, Malaysia**
- 2. Dr Jomo Kwame Sundaram, Emeritus Professor, Universiti Malaya**
- 3. Shakira Teh Sharifuddin, Senior Economist, World Bank**

Malaysia is facing a critical economic challenge as the value of its currency, the Ringgit, continues to weaken. The diagnosis of the problem is well-understood, but the challenge lies in the sequencing of reforms, effective coordination, and long-term planning. YB Rafizi emphasizes the need for sustainable economic solutions and outlines key areas of focus, including competitiveness enhancement, legislative reforms, upskilling of the workforce, energy transition, digital talent development, and modernizing farming practices. Additionally, Dr. Jomo highlights historical context through the Pangkor Treaty and the importance of bridging the gap between policy blueprints and implementation. Shakira addresses the challenges of jurisdiction, power struggles, financial constraints, and public communication that hinder the execution of essential economic reforms. She drew insights from the movie 'Snowpiercer,' the importance of wealth redistribution, revisiting social classifications, strengthening social protection, and investing in human capital. Finally, YB Rafizi outlines a set of policy recommendations to address the issue of the weakening Ringgit, focusing on long-term strategies rather than short-term fixes.

Title : Prospect and Viability of Small Firm Practice: Is Affiliation and Group Practice the Next Logical Step?

Speakers

- 1. Lisa Sam Hui Min, Vice-President, The Law Society of Singapore**
- 2. R Jayabalan, Chairperson, Bar Council Small Firms Practice Committee**
- 3. Nahendran Navaratnam, Senior Partner, Navaratnam Chambers**
- 4. Isaac Chan, Barrister, Rede Chambers, Hong Kong**

This session delves into the prospects and challenges of implementing group law practice models in Malaysia and draws comparisons with Hong Kong. While both jurisdictions face similar issues in adopting group law practice, this report primarily focuses on Malaysia, highlighting the specific nuances and considerations relevant to the Malaysian legal profession. Nahendran explains the advantages and challenges of Group law practice models. They can attract larger and more diverse clients, provide opportunities for increased insurance coverage, and facilitate the referral of work among members, thereby enhancing collective success and competitiveness in the legal market. However, securing suitable office premises is a significant challenge for group law practices in Malaysia, as is the case in Hong Kong. Finding appropriate space for multiple practitioners necessitates innovative solutions. Additionally, the ease of setting up law firms in Malaysia poses a challenge, potentially leading to an influx of new firms, making it challenging to regulate their numbers. In conclusion, group law practice models in Malaysia face prospects and challenges similar to those in Hong Kong. While both jurisdictions grapple with issues like conflicts of interest and the viability of small law firms, Malaysia's unique regulatory landscape and market conditions require tailored solutions. By addressing these challenges, educating the public about law practice models, and supporting small law firms, Malaysia can navigate the evolving legal landscape effectively and ensure a thriving and diverse legal ecosystem.

Title: The Development of the Law on Discovery / e-Discovery Pre- and Post-Pandemic: A Comparative Analysis

Speakers

- 1. R Rishi, Advocate and Solicitor, Rishi & Partners**
- 2. Michael Armstrong, Senior Associate, Eversheds Sutherland, United Kingdom**
- 3. Linda Misbah, Senior Project Manager, Alexander Holburn, Canada**

Electronic Discovery, commonly known as e-Discovery, has transformed the way legal professionals handle information and evidence in litigation. This session provides an in-depth examination of various aspects of e-Discovery, exploring its role in legal proceedings, its challenges, and best practices. The

speakers also delve into key issues, such as equitable voluntary disclosure, grounds for objection, costs, court intervention, setting parameters, technology's role, and dealing with uncooperative lawyers.

In England, according to Michael, discovery is central to litigation, allowing parties to inspect relevant documents. E-Discovery streamlines this process by focusing on electronically stored information, expediting access to crucial evidence. He also spoke of balancing the use of e-Discovery models as essential. Overly complex models can hinder the process, creating unnecessary confusion. It is crucial to select models that align with the case's complexity and requirements. Courts may be cautious about prolonged discussions during e-Discovery, as this can increase pressure on opposing lawyers and add to clients' costs. Courts typically prefer efficient and focused discussions that advance the case. Parties withholding information during e-Discovery can face legal consequences. Court intervention, including sanctions and penalties, is a potential remedy to discourage uncooperative behavior and ensure the integrity of the process. Technological advancements have significantly impacted e-Discovery. Technology Assisted Review (TAR) and ES Locate are valuable tools in this context. TAR employs machine learning to categorize and prioritize documents, enhancing efficiency. ES Locate aids in pinpointing specific ESI within extensive datasets, streamlining the review process.

In conclusion, E-Discovery is a dynamic and indispensable component of contemporary litigation. It presents both opportunities and challenges for legal professionals, emphasizing the importance of adherence to rules, cost control, and technological adoption. Courts play a pivotal role in ensuring the equitable and efficient conduct of e-Discovery, ultimately contributing to the just resolution of legal disputes. Legal practitioners must continuously adapt to the evolving e-Discovery landscape to remain effective and compliant with the law.

Title: Sports Policy, Governance, and Regulation

Speaker: YB Puan Hannah Yeoh, Minister of Youth and Sports, Malaysia

YB Hannah advocated for a shift in the government's focus, recommending a reevaluation of where resources are allocated. She suggested a redirection of attention from leadership development for established athletes to providing support and opportunities for marginalized youth, minority communities, and individuals reintegrating into society after incarceration.

YB Hannah's proposal highlights the need for a targeted approach towards underprivileged demographics. An exemplary suggestion involves the provision of free swimming classes for the B40 community, aiming to mitigate drowning incidents while equipping them with valuable skills. This strategic measure not only addresses a critical societal concern but also serves as a gateway for skill development and empowerment.

Furthermore, YB Hannah's perspective extends to the evolving landscape of sports, incorporating newer domains such as esports. The National Esports Development and Engagement Group (NESDEG) gazetting new sports, such as cup stacking, reflects the adaptation of sports law to accommodate emerging trends, diversifying the field and broadening inclusivity.

In conclusion, YB Hannah's proposition fundamentally emphasizes the need for a paradigm shift within sports law, prioritizing inclusivity, and addressing societal needs. While the introduction of various codes and committees denotes progress, the practical enforcement and financial implications of these propositions must be thoughtfully considered. This reoriented focus not only caters to the needs of marginalized communities but also sets a foundation for a more inclusive, diverse, and safer sporting landscape.

6th Raja Aziz Addruse Memorial Lecture | The Parliamentary System and Formation of Government

Speaker: Dato' Dr Cyrus V Das, Past President, Malaysian Bar (1997–1999); Chair, Constitutional & Rule of Law Committee, LAWASIA

Cyrus began the lecture with an extensive biography of Raja Aziz Addruse.

DAY 3 - 12 JULY 2023

Title: Digitalisation of Land Transactions in Malaysia — Are We Ready? Speakers

- 1. The Honourable Puan Adlin binti Abdul Majid, Judge, High Court of Malaya, Kuala Lumpur (NCC 6)**
- 2. Sathish Ramachandran, Partner, Deol & Gill**
- 3. Anesh Ganason, Principal Assistant Director, Policies and Consultation Division, Department of Director General of Lands and Mines (Federal)**
- 4. Raja Azmi Adam, Country Director, Google for Education – Malaysia, Singapore & Brunei**

Land transactions in Malaysia are on the brink of a significant transformation, moving toward a fully digital platform known as E-Tanah. This evolution aims to streamline processes, enhance efficiency, and ensure greater transparency in land dealings across the country.

The current landscape of land transactions in Malaysia is marked by diversity, with varying practices across different states. This lack of uniformity poses a challenge to the seamless integration of land transactions on a national digital platform. Moreover, the success of this transition is contingent upon widespread access to high-speed internet, which remains a challenge in certain regions, pointed out by Sathish.

Judge said it is essential to educate employees to prevent data breaches. Robust security measures and protocols must be in place to protect sensitive data and ensure the privacy of individuals engaged in land transactions.

In conclusion, the digitalization of land transactions in Malaysia i.e. through the E-Tanah initiative represents a pivotal moment in enhancing efficiency and transparency. Though, the transition requires addressing challenges, standardizing processes, and instilling public trust in secure digital practices.

Title: Words that Wound: The Legal Dilemma of Regulating Hate Speech and Fake News in the Digital Age

Speaker: Dr Venkat Iyer, Barrister; Former Law Commissioner for Northern Ireland; Editor, The Commonwealth Lawyer

In this session, Iyer delves into the complexities surrounding hate speech, the challenges of identifying and regulating it, and the delicate balance required to protect free speech while maintaining public order. It examines the necessity for a better understanding of hate speech and the prevailing cancel culture, proposing soft law mechanisms, education, and nuanced thresholds to tackle these issues. Using examples such as the Indian Penal Code and a case in Denmark, Iyer emphasizes the protection of minorities and the vital role of truth in combating fake news.

The proliferation of fake news and hate speech in the digital age has triggered an urgent demand for legislative action. Iyer explores the intricate challenges and implications associated with combating

these issues, emphasizing the need for a balanced approach that preserves free speech while curbing the dissemination of harmful content.

Hate speech is a complex realm that necessitates a deeper comprehension. Iver says the difficulty in its identification lies in its often subtle and subjective nature, making a universal definition arduous. The "reasonable man standard" becomes a pivotal but intricate benchmark for discerning hate speech, given its multifaceted nuances. The conundrum between safeguarding free speech and maintaining public order is a formidable challenge. It requires a delicate equilibrium, particularly in cases where hate speech, although subtle, can incite violence. Determining a threshold or test to establish if hate speech can lead to violence becomes a pivotal consideration in legislating against it.

Many countries, like India, have laws that aim to prohibit speech promoting disharmony or ill-will. However, the subjective interpretation of such laws remains a significant concern. Soft law mechanisms, coupled with educational initiatives, offer a promising avenue to combat hate speech, enabling a nuanced approach without overly restrictive legal boundaries.

The prevalence of fake news demands a different approach. Legislation might not be the most effective solution. Instead, combatting falsehoods with truth and encouraging self-censorship within media outlets could prove more fruitful.

Iver mentioned a case in Denmark, where a broadcasting firm faced prosecution due to hate speech on a live broadcast. Despite the moderator's efforts to moderate the discussion on immigrants, the participant's rhetoric led to legal consequences. This exemplifies the challenges faced in mitigating hate speech, even in a moderated setting.

In conclusion, the intertwining challenges of fake news, hate speech, and free speech necessitate a multifaceted approach. Legislation, while essential, must be complemented by softer approaches, including education and self-regulation within media, to effectively counter these issues. Balancing free speech and public order, while protecting minorities, remains a complex task, requiring nuanced laws and a collective societal commitment to truth and responsible speech.

There were recommendations such as

1. Develop nuanced legislative frameworks that balance free speech and public order.
2. Emphasize soft law mechanisms and educational initiatives to combat hate speech.
3. Encourage truth-based initiatives to combat fake news.
4. Foster self-regulation within the media to curb the dissemination of harmful content.

Title: Laws for an Ageing Nation: Improved Laws and New Laws

Speakers

- 1. YB Tuan Ramkarpal Singh, Deputy Minister, Prime Minister's Department (Law and Institutional Reform), Malaysia**
- 2. Daniel Koh, Former Judge, Family Justice Court, Singapore**
- 3. Dr Nurashikin Ibrahim, Head, National Centre of Excellence for Mental Health; Public Health Physician, Disease Control Division, Ministry of Health Malaysia**
- 4. Assoc Prof Dr Prem Kumar Chandrasekaran, Consultant Neuropsychiatrist; Head of Neuro-Behavioural Medicine Services, Penang Adventist Hospital**

Malaysia, like many countries, faces a critical juncture in addressing mental health within an ageing population. Dr N highlighted that according to research, by 2030, projections indicate that 11% of the total population will be constituted by individuals aged 60 and above. Within this demographic shift, prevalent mental health issues such as dementia and depression pose significant challenges. Despite

this, health literacy hovers at a modest 50%. Additionally, the absence of a focused mental health awareness initiative compounds these challenges.

To address these challenges, several strategies can be implemented. Prem suggested establishing an affordable insurance scheme tailored to mental health needs and introducing a dedicated lane for the elderly within healthcare facilities can significantly improve access and affordability of mental health care for the ageing population. A crucial step would involve prioritizing mental health awareness campaigns to foster understanding and reduce stigma surrounding mental health issues.

Looking to neighboring Singapore's Mental Capacity Act can offer valuable insights. In Dr N's opinion, mental illness and mental incapacity ought to be differentiated, ensuring that individuals with mental health conditions are not unjustly labeled as incapable. This approach recognizes and respects the autonomy of individuals facing mental health challenges, which is a pivotal element for Malaysia to consider in its policies.

In conclusion, the impending increase in Malaysia's elderly population demands immediate attention to the state of mental health care. By implementing tailored insurance plans, establishing elderly-friendly healthcare provisions, and fostering mental health awareness, the nation can take significant strides toward supporting the mental well-being of its ageing citizens. Learning from neighboring countries, particularly Singapore's Mental Capacity Act, provides essential insights for Malaysia to advance its mental health policies and practices, ensuring a dignified and supportive environment for all individuals, irrespective of their mental health status.

DAY 4 - 13 JULY 2023

Title: Contemporary Working Norms: Is Malaysia Ready? Speakers:

- 1. The Honourable Tuan Anand Ponnudurai, Judge, High Court of Malaya, Penang (Civil)**
- 2. Selvamalar Alagaratnam, Partner, Skrine**
- 3. Mayank Francis Dias, Advocate, Michael Dias & Associates, India**

Introduction

The ever-evolving landscape of work norms globally has prompted significant considerations about Malaysia's readiness to adapt. This session aims to delve into several key facets of contemporary work dynamics and their alignment with Malaysian regulations and societal preparedness.

1) Flexi-Work Arrangements

In Malaysia, recent amendments to the Employment Act raise questions about sufficiency. Unlike the UK, where flexible work is the default, Section 60 in Malaysia does not mandate flexible working as contrasted from the UK, there are eight grounds to opt-out, prompting discussions on balancing the right to refuse, considering reasonability, industry demands, and environmental factors. In contrast, India lacks the right to apply for work from home and it is at an employee's discretion.

2) Millennial Issues: "Right to Disconnect"

Issues concerning post-working hour calls and texts, specifically the "right to disconnect," are gaining global attention. In India, a bill addressing this issue is in contemplation, yet its passage as law remains uncertain. Similarly, in Malaysia, the concept of disconnecting after work hours seems far from reality, with the focus primarily on limiting maximum working hours. Conversely, the UK deems dismissing

an employee for asserting this right as excessive.

3) Employee Well-being: Physical and Mental Health

Question arises as to whether there ought to be an employer's obligation toward employees' physical and mental health. Malaysian law lacks specific provisions on mental health, where the significance of mental wellness is acknowledged but imposes added costs on employers. In India, legislation on mental health is absent, although Occupational Safety and Health (OSH) guidelines exist.

4) Menstrual Leave

The potential benefits of offering menstrual leave, such as fostering loyalty, need to be weighed against the risk of abuse. This provision raises questions about its implementation and management within the workplace.

5) AI in the Workplace

As AI increasingly integrates into work environments, most clerical work may be outsourced to AI systems. Sarah says we have to embrace this technology but the risk of AI "hallucinating" calls for stringent checks and balances. For judicial purposes, AI might serve as a guide rather than a decision-maker.

6) Discrimination

Malaysia lags behind several other countries, such as the UK, in terms of understanding and addressing discrimination issues. The lack of awareness and frameworks to combat discrimination poses a significant challenge within the Malaysian context.

- **END OF REPORT** -

REPORT ON INTERNATIONAL MALAYSIAN CONFERENCE (IMLC) 2023

PREPARED BY MORGAN SUBRAMANIAM

At the International Malaysian Conference (IMLC) 2023, Anwar gave a stimulating address on the value of fairness and impartiality for the judiciary's independence. He also stressed how important it is to make judgements based on the truth and the law.

In light of the significant and unavoidable changes in the legal sphere, the IMLC 2023 allowed panellists and attendees to engage in a constructive dialogue about ideas and future directions. The conference placed a strong focus on the value of technology advancement in the legal industry. Among other things, consider the significance of technology in online court proceedings, online legal research, the future of technology in general, including the use of technology for criminal sentencing, and the influence of virtual currencies like Bitcoin. The aforementioned technical advancements were examined through a comparative analysis with the legal systems of Malaysia and other nearby regions.

The panellists and participants come from a wide range of backgrounds and specialties. They include, for instance, the Prime Minister of Malaysia, the Chief Justice of the Federal Court of Malaysia, Ministers, Members of Parliament, and the judiciary. Legal professionals, law professors, legal researchers, economists, corporate executives, police officers, and government employees and officials. Additionally, the individuals come from a variety of different geographic backgrounds. The conference's goals were well achieved by the flexible and varied conversations that this provided for the whole weekend.

The majority of the sessions I attended focused on how crucial it is for attorneys to adapt and evolve in order to keep the legal profession alive. From the workshops I've attended, it seems that the five arrears—Political, Economic, Social, Technological, Legal, and Environmental—are the key areas of concern. The majority of the subjects covered here fell into one of these five groups. As they serve as the cornerstones for attorneys to follow in order to methodically enforce the law, become specialists in the subject of law, and provide a good check and balance on the ever-evolving legal profession, I agree with this approach. This strategy, in my opinion, will result in a structured legal fraternity in Malaysia.

On the first day, speaker emphasised the significance of prisoner reform, citing Tong Beng Hock, Indira Gandhi, and Wang Kelian in particular. He underlined the necessity of impartial supervision of law enforcement organisations. The establishment of a comprehensive legal assistance programme that would address civil, criminal, and Sharia law is what Ravi suggested doing. Additionally, he emphasised the necessity of paying attorneys who perform pro bono work in a more fair and equitable manner. The speaker emphasised the significance of giving women attorneys a fair and equal chance while acknowledging the differences in chances that they face.

The topic of the second day's discussion was AI's role in legal practice and ethics. Min Chen emphasised the ongoing usage of human participation to collect legal data, suggesting that a substantial human component still exists in the legal research process. Gayatri Raman promoted the active use of aluminium in the creation of legal products, highlighting the metal's ability to expedite legal procedures. Benjamin Cheong talked on how AI may improve the legal profession by using cutting-edge technologies to make law students become "super lawyers." Adilah underlined the need of emphasising higher-value legal work that AI can help and make available to everybody. Targeting larger customers, splitting overhead expenses, and the advantages of group legal offices were all covered by the presenters. An alternate strategy was put up in which many legal firms or solicitors work together as equal partners under one roof.

We addressed current legal challenges on the third day of the conference, such as restricting hate speech and "greenwashing." The "reasonable man" criterion and soft law strategies were among the methods of hate speech regulation that were discussed during the conference. There were presented examples of anti-immigration laws from Europe. The topic of conversation was dishonest methods of misrepresenting goods or activities as environmentally beneficial when they aren't. It was emphasised that strict laws were required to stop this conduct. Flexible work schedules, remote employment, and work-life balance were among the topics covered during the conference. The "right to disconnect" law from India and other approaches to legislation from other nations were explored. There has been much discussion on the influence of the COVID-19 epidemic on mental health, particularly in the legal profession.

In conclusion, since this is a very productive event, corporate, governmental, state bars, and other private entities are justified in sponsoring the participation of their delegates. The key takeaway from IMLC 2023 is that all participants need to be aware of and vigilant about new developments and obstacles in their legal businesses. They also need to be prepared to welcome change in order to ensure a balanced evolution and be well-equipped with the necessary evolving technologies.

REPORT ON INTERNATIONAL MALAYSIA LAW CONFERENCE (IMLC) 2023

PREPARED BY NUR FARHANA AFIQAH BINTI RADZWAN

Dated this 10th day of January 2024.

First of all, I would like to extend my gratitude to Perak Bar for giving me an opportunity to attend this International Malaysia Law Conference (IMLC) 2023 hosted by Malaysian Bar. This conference is held at Shangri-La Kuala Lumpur from 10th July to 13 July 2023.

ILMC 2023 themed “Navigating the Future, Exploring the Present” will delve into new and dynamic realms of the present legal landscape, both on a national and global scale. It aims to inspire thought-provoking discussions, thus empowering me as one of participants to navigate the challenges and opportunities that lie ahead beyond the year 2023. By exploring the present, I equip myself with the knowledge and skill necessary to shape the future of the legal profession.

I’m so lucky to have an opportunity to meet a lot of an expert speakers from around the world, listening to their generous sharing of knowledge which is very beneficial and provide an exceptional learning experience to me as a young lawyer.

This conference provides a new and exciting format of face-to-face and online sessions (applicable for breakout sessions only) dedicated to three concurrent and compelling streams such as:

Stream A: Upgrading Skills

- upgrading the skills of law practitioners
- equipping legal professionals with the necessary tools and insights to excel in this field
- explore paradigm shifts, technological advancements dan emerging trends that are reshaping legal practice, through stimulating discussions and engaging sessions.

Stream B: Equipping Lawyers

- empowering lawyers with the knowledge and skills required to thrive in the modern legal world.
- provide a platform for professional development, offering practical guidance on leveraging technology, welcoming innovation and adapting to new practice areas.

Stream C: Exploring Opportunities

- a gateway to exploring opportunities within the legal profession, locally and globally.
- Gaining valuable insight into emerging opportunities, cross-industry collaborations, and potential areas for growth.

As for the conclusion, what I can said is, all sessions here are well organized and the moderators and speakers are chosen from the expertise of the topic handled and with their diverse background.

This conference is a very fruitful one and throughout the conference, I have gained so much information on the current issues concerning the legal field. I also have the chance to build networking with the other members of the Bar form different States throughout this conference. I also like to attach several pictures that I took during the conference as for memories.





INTERNATIONAL MALAYSIA LAW CONFERENCE (IMLC) 2023 REPORT

PREPARED BY NG PEI QI

As a pupil, I am sincerely grateful to the Perak Bar for granting me the opportunity to attend the prestigious International Malaysian Law Conference (IMLC 2023). Furthermore, I would also like to extend my heartfelt appreciation to my boss, aka my master for allowing me to step away from my packed schedule to participate in this enlightening four-day event. This experience has not only broadened my perspectives but also provided a valuable opportunity to connect with like-minded friends within the legal field.

The conference commenced with a welcoming address from Karen Cheah, President of the Malaysian Bar, followed by an opening speech from Tun Tengku Maimun binti Tuan Mat, the Chief Justice of the Federal Court of Malaysia. Tun Tengku Maimun highlighted the theme “Exploring the Future of the Judiciary with Technology”, emphasizing how technology has transformed the judiciary, moving from manual to digital systems like email for communication and case management. She discussed the evolution of courtrooms, embracing digital advancements for efficiency, accessibility, and sustainability. Addressing challenges, she has also mentioned technology’s impact on court procedures, the role of AI in legal processes, and the crucial need for cybersecurity to safeguard legal data. The opening speech was concluded by the Chief Justice to reaffirm the judiciary’s commitment to adapting technology in a way that upholds the principles of justice and equity.

Over the past four days, I have been quite impressed with several sessions. One of which is the Plenary 1 titled “Intersection of Rule of Law and Human Rights in Malaysia: Unlocking Opportunities for a Democratic Future”. Dato’ Ambiga Sreenevasan mentioned that economic and human rights cannot be separated because economic well-being is closely linked to the well-being of society as a whole. However, many people tend to overlook this connection until they personally experience issues such as death in custody, either themselves or within their families. Lim Wei Jiet also pointed out that Taiwan serves as a commendable example with its well-established legal framework that safeguards human rights and upholds the rule of law. I wholeheartedly agree with him, given that Taiwan is renowned for its commitment to protecting minority rights, including those of the LGBT community, and for respecting freedom of expression. Phil Robertson further shed light on the pressing human rights issues faced by the LGBT community in Malaysia, citing the shocking Nur Sajat case as an example. It is undoubtedly that Malaysia still has a lot of work to do to address these important issues.

The sessions have underscored the importance of fostering a society where the rule of law is paramount and where the rights of all individuals, regardless of their background or orientation, are respected and protected. This requires not only legal reforms but also a shift in societal attitudes and awareness. One notable insight from this session is the need for greater education and advocacy to raise awareness about human rights issues, especially those affecting marginalized communities. It is essential for individuals to become more proactive in championing these rights, and for governments to prioritize the creation and enforcement of laws that protect the rights of all citizens.

Furthermore, another sharing session that left a deep impression on me was “Out of the Mouth of Babes: Interviewing Children in Custody Disputes”. I was surprised by the approach of our High Court of Malaya judge, Puan Evrol Maritte, in handling child custody cases based on her insights. It is because judges are often perceived as stern, and it can be challenging to imagine how they typically deal with such cases involving children. She shared with us that when dealing with children under the age of 12, she tends to be more mindful. She will also be careful in following guidelines that outline which questions should not be asked, among other considerations. Typically, interviews with children are conducted in a child-friendly environment, aiming to be as informal as possible, always taking into account the child's wishes as the ultimate deciding factor.

Dr. Dina Lea Baranovich, a consultant psychotherapist and diagnostician, also emphasized the importance of building rapport with the child and trying to understand their perspective when handling such matters. This approach resonates with me personally as it recognizes the need for empathy and sensitivity when dealing with vulnerable individuals, especially children, in legal proceedings. It underscores the vital role that the legal system plays in ensuring the well-being of all its stakeholders, regardless of age or circumstance.

Moreover, in the session titled “Laws for Ageing Nation: Improved Laws and New Laws”, Assoc Prof Dr Prem Kumar Chandrasekaran Assoc. Prof. Prem Kumar Chandrasekaran emphasises the significance of taking into account the mental capacity of aging individuals, particularly those with conditions like dementia, Alzheimer’s disease, or Parkinson disease. The key message is that these individuals, although suffering from mental incapacity, still possess a level of understanding and decision-making ability. The video shared in the session is emotionally impactful. It showcases an Alzheimer’s patient who was asking for help and is thought to be insane by passersby. This scenario is heart-wrenching, as it reveals the complexity of mental incapacity. Assoc Prof Dr Prem Kumar Chandrasekaran emphasized the need for action in distinguishing between mental incapacity and sound-mindedness. Daniel Koh, a former judge of the Family Justice Court of Singapore, also reflected on the video, noting that the individual in question could remember to buy a meal for her granddaughter and knew how to pay, yet forgot the way back home. This illustrates that mental capacity is not a black-and-white issue, and people with such conditions can still have functional aspects in their brains. He expressed concerns on the insufficiency of the Mental Health Act in Malaysia in addressing these difficulties. He emphasised the necessity of updating the law to effectively handle these challenges.

Dr. Nurashikin further pointed out the necessity for public education on the difference between mental disorder and mental capacity, along with preparation for future incapacity, such as will writing and appointing caretakers. During a Q&A session, an audience member asked about raising awareness. YB Tuan Ramkarpal Singh suggested creating as much awareness as possible, though he noted the challenge that many people may not realize the ways they can protect themselves. He also suggested that events and publications like IMLC 2023 are crucial for spreading knowledge and managing the affairs of those affected. In brief, this session was a profound reminder of our collective responsibility to ensure that our legal and social systems evolve to meet the needs of an aging population, particularly those vulnerable due to mental health conditions. This is a challenge that requires not only legal acumen but also a deep sense of empathy and commitment to the well-being of every member of society.

To conclude, I am immensely thankful for the opportunity to attend the IMLC 2023, a platform that has significantly expanded my knowledge and professional network. The enlightening sessions and discussions have not only broadened my understanding of critical legal issues but also reinforced the importance of empathy, human rights, and evolving legal practices in our society. This experience has been incredibly enriching, and I am grateful to the Perak Bar for this opportunity. I leave the conference inspired and committed to contributing positively to our esteemed legal profession.

INTERNATIONAL MALAYSIA LAW CONFERENCE (IMLC) 2023 REPORT

PREPARED BY INTAN NABILA

This report will recap on topical issues over the course of three days, from 10th to 13th July 2023 of the International Malaysia Law conference (“IMLC”) 2023.

Day 1

Plenary 1: Intersection of the Rule of Law and Human Rights in Malaysia

From the insight given by the panelist under this Plenary my opinion is that Justice institutions play an important role in upholding the rule of law. This includes the establishment and maintenance of a strong and non-discriminatory legal, policy and institutional framework to ensure accountability for perpetrators and redress for victims for violations of human rights, as well as ensuring that justice is both fair and accessible to all.

Plenary 2: Championing Pro Bono

The idea of offering one's expertise and services for free to organizations or individuals in need can be incredibly rewarding. However, pro bono work is not without its challenges. One significant hurdle is finding a balance between pro bono commitments and paid work. Another challenge is maintaining the same level of motivation and dedication throughout the pro bono project.

Plenary 3: Exploring Diversity and Inclusion:

Empowering women in the legal profession is vital for achieving true equality and creating a more diverse and inclusive legal community. By addressing barriers, promoting equal opportunities, and fostering a supportive environment, we can break down gender-related obstacles and build a profession that celebrates the contributions and achievements of women.

Day 2

Plenary 4: Generative AI

Adopting generative AI in the legal industry offers several advantages, including improved efficiency, accuracy, and cost optimization. Lawyers can focus on more complex and nuanced legal issues by automating routine tasks such as contract review, legal research, and intellectual property management.

Breakout session 1: Stream B – Legal Practice within Asian Region

All lawyers especially young lawyer should expose chart their own course in the legal profession, including exploring working with other jurisdictions as this can equip ourselves to provide legal services across jurisdictions and build a global practice.

Breakout session 2: Stream A– Cross border and Domestic Mediation

Mediation is important step in legal system and should be encouraged. Mediation can resolve all issues important to the parties, not just the underlying legal dispute. With mediation, everyone wins. An

independent survey showed 96% of all respondents and 91% of all charging parties who used mediation would use it again.

Breakout session 3: Stream A - Child Custody Disputes:

The most basic part of the best interests standard is that custody decisions should serve the children's health, safety, and welfare. Judges will look at whether one or both parents are able to handle a child's special educational, medical, mental health, and other needs.

Day 3

Breakout session 4: Stream - A Digitalisation of Land Transaction in Malaysia

With the new digital era approaching and with technologies like ChatGPT, a change is inevitable and the property industry must also adapt and transform itself. In the past and up until today, purchasing a property is a hassle, including getting a lawyer for legal and loan agreements, settling the stamp duties, and obtaining the title transfers. All of these should be simplified to better serve the buyers

Breakout session 5: Stream A - Opportunity and Challenges in Shariah Law

There is needs in the standardised in Shariah Practice in Malaysia as there are different practice between each state in Malaysia, this can be hurdle and tedious for a lawyer that would like to practice in Shariah field.

Breakout session 6: Stream C – The rise of AI In court

From a law firm perspective law firms that apply ai technology will be able to offer services at lower cost, higher efficiency, and with higher odds of favourable outcomes in litigation.

Day 4

Breakout session 7: Stream B – Empowering Malaysian’s migrant and refugee Policies

Malaysia has to move away from policies that criminalise refugees and instead develop policies that both protect and allow refugees to contribute to society and the economy.

Breakout session 8: Stream A – Exploring contemporary issues in Criminal Law

The death penalty has not brought about the results it was intended to bring The death penalty is the ultimate cruel, inhuman and degrading punishment. Hence shifting from mandatory death penalty sentences to something more rehabilitative approach needs to look into.

Breakout session 9: Stream A – Publicity and Advertisement

With rise numbers of lawyer indirectly advertising through video such as tiktok becoming more and more popular. As it may have pros and cons to Lawyer using and creating content on tiktok, they must take caution when doing so to ensure legal and ethical rule are been followed or to avoid potential conflict and negative reputational consequences. However it undeniable it an effective way to educate community on the law and inspire people to seek legal advice.

Breakout session 10: Stream A – Is there a glass ceiling for women in practice

For years there has been a gap in the representation of females versus males in law firm partnerships. Female lawyers often say what holds them back in this industry are issues such as gender bias, stereotyping, balancing their work-personal life, unequal pay, and harassment in the workplace.

However, the bar has been very proactive about the recent claims of discrimination of female lawyers. In terms of law there is no discrimination against women is not allowed, so the law does not allow discrimination against women.

Plenary 8: Challenges to Legal Education

At present, there are various challenges confronting the legal profession and legal education in Malaysia. The challenges range from the quality of law graduates, the changing role of legal education, the emergence of new fields.

Overall Conclusions:

The IMLC 2023 has given me relevant skills and knowledge necessary to meet the demands of an ever-changing legal environment. It had provide me with a unique opportunity for me to benefit from this unparalleled platform.

A REPORT ON ATTENDING A CONFERENCE

CLEAR-2016

International Malaysian Law Conference

Organised By

Malaysian Bar

PREPARED BY: MUHAMMAD SYAMIL BIN AHMAD RODZI

Descriptions: Chambering Student

Date: 10th – 13th of July 2023

The Malaysian Bar is once again organising its signature biennial conference - the International Malaysia Law Conference (“IMLC”) 2023. This fifth edition carries the theme “**Navigating the Present, Exploring the Future**”. The main aim of IMLC 2023 is to shed light on the realities of practising in a post-COVID world that has embraced technology, and what we need to do, collectively and individually, to ready ourselves for the future.

Regardless of whether we are ready or willing, the only constant thing that we can be assured of in life is change! We have gone from typewriters to computers; and from the elite few who had libraries that were the envy of many, to every single lawyer having access to online legal research databases.

We know many of us were not ready then. We know that many of us knew we had no choice but still pleaded for time and indulgence. So, we want IMLC 2023 to be a platform to discuss what is coming and our preparedness in relation to what is coming.

Legal practice in Malaysia sorely needs to improvise and adapt to cater to the tremendous changes that are happening around us. The impact of the COVID-19 pandemic worldwide has led many to look into business sustainability and continuity to counter sudden changes and interruptions. With **changes** happening in a heartbeat, lawyers must be better equipped to move along with the tide and **grow**.

In analysing the growth and potential of a legal market, we will need to consider the following factors at play — political (“P”), economic (“E”), social (“S”), technological (“T”), legal (“L”), and environmental (“E”) (collectively known as “**PESTLE**”). Today, we hear frequently about **ESG** (Environmental, Social, and Governance) being bandied around as the next compliance norm and a new field for lawyers to explore. Next, **legal specialisation** will become a trend. The overcrowded legal space will compel the industry to recognise lawyers focusing on niche areas of practice, and more clients will, in time, require the services of specialised lawyers. As the business world changes, so will the demand towards legal specialisation.

Prior to the pandemic era, the Malaysian legal industry seemed to have stayed in its comfort zone, with a hesitance to change. Examples of this are the implementation of e-Courts, and the introduction of the continuing professional development (“CPD”) scheme among Members of the Bar. These were all met with resistance at first, but now, lawyers reap the benefits. For the Malaysian legal industry to grow and thrive in tandem with the global legal industry, it is necessary for Malaysian lawyers to experience a paradigm shift in the way they think and operate. Growth is necessary, but being **equipped for growth is mandatory**.

While change and growth is important when one becomes a fully-fledged lawyer, growth is essential from as early as when one first starts his/her **legal education**. We need to take a hard look at law schools in Malaysia and the quality of graduates entering the legal market.

Fully as important to a very large proportion of the delegates as the curricular content of their legal education was the matter of law school training in the practical skills of lawyer hood. One panel's discussions were devoted entirely to this subject, but its importance was emphasized by the frequent interweaving of specific proposals for practical training into the discussions of other panels. Most notably this was true of the Rural Lawyer panel; it was also true of the panels on the Urban Lawyer, the Labour Lawyer, Public Life, and Placement. Despite a logical tendency to refer these items to the Practical Craft Techniques panel when they came up in other panels, their relevance to the substantive matters at hand and a conviction that certain skills are part of "the very stuff of law" prevailed to cause those panels to take up particular "trade skills" regardless of the possibility of duplication. Reportorial convenience - partly in accommodation to the two-part subdivision of this report - alone accounts for the lifting of those discussions out of their context and their forced conjugation under one subhead.

At the first meeting of the Conference the general problem discussed was that of bringing home to the law student, the lawyer and the public an understanding of the nature of the lawyer's professional responsibilities. All present considered that the chief obstacle to the success of this undertaking lay in "the adversary system". Those who had attempted to arrange conferences on professional ethics between lawyers, on the one side, and philosophers, on the other, observed that communication broke down at this point. Similarly, those who had attempted to teach ethical principles to law students found that the students were uneasy about the adversary system, some thinking of it as an unwholesome compromise with the combativeness of human nature, others vaguely approving of it but disturbed by their inability to articulate its proper limits. Finally, it was observed that the legal profession is itself generally not very philosophic about this issue. Confronted by the layman's charge that he is nothing but a hired brain and voice, the lawyer often finds it difficult to convey an insight into the value of the adversary system or an understanding of the tacit restraints with which it is infused. Accordingly, it was decided that the first need was for a reasoned statement of the lawyer's responsibilities, set in the context of the adversary system. The statement printed below is intended to meet that need. It is not expected that all lawyers will agree with very detail of the statement, particularly in matters of emphasis. It was considered, however, that the statement would largely fail of its purpose if it were confined to generalities too broad to elicit dissent, but, by the same token, too broad to sharpen insight or to stimulate useful discussion. The Conference would welcome proposals as to ways in which its statement may be put to use. It would also be grateful for suggestions of further steps that may be taken to convey to students, laymen and lawyers a better understanding of the role played by the profession and of the restraints inherent in that role.

Thus, it was such a great pleasure to be involved in such programme as it was a very meaningful programme, and all of the IMLC Committees had done a very good job in supervising the conference and thank you for the Perak Bar for sponsoring us and giving us the chance to be on the conference.

REPORT ON THE INTERNATIONAL MALAYSIAN LAW CONFERENCE 2023

PREPARED BY LEE ZHEN YI

Introduction

The IMLC 2023, themed "Navigating the Present, Exploring the Future," proved to be an enriching and enlightening experience. As a newly called member to the bar, this conference presented a unique opportunity for me to delve into contemporary legal issues, network with seasoned professionals, and broaden my understanding of the legal landscape.

I am writing to express my heartfelt gratitude for the generous sponsorship provided by PerakBar that enables me to attend the International Malaysia Law Conference (IMLC) 2023. It is an honor to be selected as a representative of Perak Bar at this prestigious event, and I am sincerely grateful for the support extended to me. It is with immense gratitude and a sense of privilege that I acknowledge the support provided, which is especially meaningful as I have recently been called to the bar.

As a newly admitted member to the legal fraternity, I recognize the significance of continued learning and staying abreast of the latest developments in the legal landscape. The IMLC 2023, themed "Navigating the Present, Exploring the Future," promises to be a significant platform for legal professionals to engage in discussions about the evolving landscape of the legal profession in a post-COVID world. The conference's focus on technology, adaptability, and preparedness aligns perfectly with the current challenges and opportunities faced by the legal community.

As we reflect on the profound changes in legal practice since the pre-pandemic era, it is evident that the legal profession in Malaysia must continue to evolve and adapt to stay relevant. The IMLC 2023 aims to facilitate meaningful conversations about the future of legal practice, touching upon crucial elements such as technology, sustainability, legal specialization, and the changing demands of the business world.

The theme of "Navigating the Present, Exploring the Future" emphasizes the need for a paradigm shift in the way lawyers think and operate. The conference will delve into the essential aspects of legal growth, from embracing technological advancements to fostering legal specialization. Moreover, it will address the challenges faced by the legal education system, underlining the importance of producing high-quality graduates equipped for the dynamic legal market.

I am particularly excited about the diverse range of topics that will be featured at IMLC 2023, including but not limited to Corporate Rescues, Laws for an Ageing Nation, Effective Advocacy, Small Firm Practice, Discovery/eDiscovery, Litigation Funding, NFTs, Publicity vs Advertisement, and the Legal and Regulatory Framework for Waqf implementation. These discussions promise to provide valuable insights into the various facets of contemporary legal practice.

I am particularly excited about the focus on legal specialization, as this emerging trend will likely shape the trajectory of my legal career. The conference's exploration of sustainability reporting, environmental, social, and governance (ESG) considerations, and the challenges facing legal education in Malaysia further enhance its relevance to my journey as a newly minted lawyer.

It is with a tinge of regret that I must inform you that I will be absent on the second day of the conference due to my admission to the bar. However, I am committed to attending the remaining days of the program as I firmly believe that this conference represents a crucial juncture in my professional development. The decision to join the IMLC for the remaining days stems from my strong conviction that the knowledge gained during this conference will be instrumental in navigating the complexities

of my nascent legal career.

I want to assure Perak Bar that your sponsorship not only facilitates my attendance but also reinforces the sense of camaraderie and support within our legal community. The encouragement and trust bestowed upon me are deeply appreciated, and I am committed to representing Perak Bar to the best of my abilities during the conference.

As I anticipate the wealth of knowledge and experiences that will unfold at the IMLC 2023, I am hopeful that opportunities like these will continue to be available in the future. I express my sincere hope that, if circumstances allow, I may have the privilege of representing Perak Bar at similar events in the years to come.

Attendance and Networking

The four-day conference facilitated meaningful interactions with a diverse spectrum of legal professionals, ranging from practitioners and scholars to peers from various jurisdictions. Engaging in discussions and networking events allowed me to gain insights into the challenges and innovations shaping legal practice globally. I connected with lawyers specializing in diverse fields, fostering a collaborative spirit and expanding my professional network.

Impactful Sessions

The lineup of sessions at IMLC 2023 covered a wide array of topics that were both relevant and timely. Key sessions that left a lasting impact on me include:

a) **Corporate Rescues**

A comprehensive exploration of strategies and legal frameworks for navigating corporate rescues in an ever-changing business landscape.

b) **Laws for an Ageing Nation: Improved Laws & New Laws**

Insights into legal considerations for an aging population, emphasizing the need for enhanced legal frameworks to address the evolving needs of senior citizens.

c) **Effective Advocacy: Exploring the Future**

A thought-provoking discussion on the evolving nature of effective advocacy in the legal profession, incorporating technological advancements and changing societal expectations

d) **Themes Impacting Legal Practice**

The conference shed light on critical factors influencing the legal landscape, including political, economic, social, technological, legal, and environmental (PESTLE) considerations. Notably, the discussions around Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) compliance and the recent requirement for sustainability reporting for listed companies in Malaysia, as announced by Bursa Malaysia in September 2022, highlighted the evolving nature of legal responsibilities.

e) Legal Specialization Trends

The conference emphasized the emerging trend of legal specialization. The discussions underscored the importance of lawyers focusing on niche areas of practice to meet the evolving demands of clients and the business world. This insight is particularly relevant as I navigate the early stages of my legal career.

f) Challenges and Growth of the Malaysian Legal Industry

Reflecting on the pre-pandemic era, the Malaysian legal industry's hesitance to change was evident. However, examples such as the successful implementation of e-Courts and the continuing professional development (CPD) scheme have demonstrated the benefits of embracing change. The need for a paradigm shift in thinking and operations within the legal community was highlighted as essential for growth and global competitiveness.

Conclusion

Once again, I extend my heartfelt thanks for this invaluable opportunity. I am genuinely excited about the prospect of broadening my horizons and contributing meaningfully to the legal community upon my return. Thank you for your unwavering support.

In closing, I extend my sincere appreciation for the trust and support bestowed upon me. I am genuinely excited about the prospect of representing Perak Bar at the IMLC 2023 and believe that the knowledge gained will be instrumental in my growth as a legal professional.

REPORT ON THE INTERNATIONAL MALAYSIAN LAW CONFERENCE 2023

PREPARED BY VITHIYA RUBINY

The International Malaysian Law Conference (IMLC), held from 10th July 2023 to 13th July 2023, brought together legal professionals, scholars, and enthusiasts from diverse backgrounds to engage in dynamic discussions, presentations, and networking opportunities. The outcomes of the conference reflect a significant impact on knowledge enrichment, professional development, legal innovation, policy influence, and cultural exchange.

The conference served as a platform for the dissemination of cutting-edge legal research and academic findings. Esteemed scholars presented their work, fostering intellectual discussions that contributed to the advancement of legal knowledge. Attendees gained insights into emerging legal theories and the latest developments in various legal domains and shared their insights on the need of Artificial Intelligence in the legal field.

Networking opportunities at the conference proved invaluable for legal professionals. Participants, including attorneys, judges, and legal scholars, established meaningful connections with peers, potential collaborators, and mentors. The relationships forged during the conference are expected to lead to collaborative research projects, job opportunities, and the exchange of practical insights that contribute to ongoing professional development.

The conference showcased innovative legal technologies, strategies, and best practices. Attendees gained insights into ground-breaking developments that are shaping the legal profession. These innovations, when integrated into practice, are expected to enhance legal services and contribute to the evolution of the profession to meet the demands of a rapidly changing legal landscape.

Discussions during the conference provided attendees with a deep understanding of current legal issues and challenges. Armed with this knowledge, legal professionals are better equipped to engage in policy discussions and advocate for legal reforms. The outcomes of these discussions are likely to have a lasting impact on the development of legal frameworks and policies.

The diverse backgrounds of participants fostered a global perspective on legal issues. Exposure to different legal systems and cultural contexts broadened the horizons of legal practitioners, encouraging a more inclusive and globally aware legal community. The conference served as a catalyst for cross-cultural understanding and collaboration among legal professionals.

The conference provided a unique opportunity for law students to engage with the legal community. Through interactions with seasoned professionals, students gained insights into the challenges and opportunities within the legal field. The mentorship received at the conference is expected to contribute significantly to the development of future leaders in the legal profession.

The outcomes of the IMLC Law Conference underscore its significance in shaping the present and future of the legal profession. The knowledge gained, relationships formed, and collaborative efforts initiated during the conference are anticipated to have a lasting impact on the legal community. As we reflect on the outcomes, it is evident that the IMLC Law Conference has successfully achieved its goals of fostering knowledge exchange, professional development, and cultural understanding within the legal sphere.

REPORT ON THE INTERNATIONAL MALAYSIA LAW CONFERENCE 2023

PREPARED BY ONG HUI XUE

Day 1

Plenary 1: Intersection of rule of law and human rights in Malaysia: unlocking opportunity for a democratic future

Speakers: 1. Dato Ambiga,
 2. Lim Wei Jiet
 3. Phil Robertson (Deputy Director, Asia division, human rights watch)

Moderator: Shanmuga Kanesalingam

Phil Robertson: commented on the problem with the Independent Police Conduct Commission (“IPCC”)

1. Commissioner cannot visit the police station without prior notice;
2. Limited to make recommendations to the offending institutions;
3. Going backwards on police reformation;
4. There should be an independent police complaint commission;
5. Police will never investigate themselves;
6. There has always been an independent commissioner in other places; and
7. Prevention laws are still in place. The public is not free to criticise the institutions without fear.

Lim Wei Jiet talked on how to ensure the government takes a progressive reform agenda:

1. Get rid of gerrymandering - the extremist monsters are resurging because of gerrymandering. For example: the constituency of Bangi outnumbers Putrajaya by 10.
2. Gerrymandering incentivized the politicians to adopt the right-wing agenda.
3. The next delineation is in 2028 because the law only allows delineation every 8 years.
4. The government should emphasize more on environmental and climate issues in 3 year time.

Shanmugan (Moderator) touched on the issue of rising living costs:

“When living costs are rising, why should the government care about democracy?”

1. Ambiga: need a holistic view to approach:
 - a. Human rights are not separated from the quality of life;
 - b. Everyone doesn't care about abuse of power by police until it happens to them; and
 - c. More women's leadership will change the country.
2. Wei Jiet:
 - a. When MNCs decide whether they want to invest, they want an independent judiciary to hear their claim;
 - b. A comparison between Taiwan and China: Taiwan has an economic development with the rule of law, independent judiciary; it is not a zero-sum game; and
 - c. Human rights encompass economic rights. When the economy and health are not distributed equally and evenly, it will cause rising living costs. So democracy actually has a lot to do with living costs.

3. Phil :
 - a. When you are prejudiced, you want to voice out; this is constitutional human rights; if you don't address human rights, it will land you in jail straight when you raised issue on living costs.

4. Question 1 from the floor
 - a. What about the rule of criminal law? ppl now being remanded because they cannot pay the bail
 - b. An article about the quality of life 60 years; Penang jail still use 'bucket system'?
 - There is a need for bail reform.
 - Reform of the system – ppl not convicted, but still was kept for a very long time.
 - Given such drastic circumstance, how can people turn into a new leaf?
 - c. Phil: people should have the right to bail, with narrow exception – for example, threats of witnesses. In Thailand, the arrested people can get civil servant to write guarantee to prevent detention.

5. Question 2: for instance, the Wang Kelian fiasco, where Bangladeshi and the Thais were charged but no Malaysian have been charged. The Royan Commission Investigation pointed out that many evidence show Malaysian authorities are aware of it. This shows that the police will not investigate themselves.
 - a. Ambiga: it was initially a classified Royal Commission Report, but because Malay Mail blew it open, the public made known of it. In many cases like Indra Gandhi and Teoh Beng Hock, where the courts give court orders, but the enforcement units do not follow them. That's why MACC and IPCCCA have to be made independent.
 - b. Phil: Thai have prosecuted over 100 officials, amongst them was a 2 star general who had died in prison;
 - c. Wei jiet: it is dehumanization. We need to repeal some laws like 233 CMA. Laws like SOSMA and POTA gave the enforcement units the convenience to slack. We also have to look at the welfare of the refugees locked at Semenyih.

6. Question 3: rights of LGBT – how do we reconcile secular law and Syariah law? Especially Muslims who are LGBT. How does the law protect the most marginalized segment of society?
 - a. Ambiga: we should start from leadership. The laws are not reconcilable. It is fear of losing power that corrupts.
 - b. Phil: Malaysia has a reputation for pursuing LGBT. For instance, Nur Sarjat. The Thai backed quickly when figuring out why Nur Sarjat was being pursued. Recently there was a report called: 'I'm scared to be a woman' report. Yet, nothing has changed.

7. Question 4: Rohingya – some got UN cards, some don't have – those that have UN cards feel like they are immune from other charges. They were used by ppl. How do Malaysia as a country deal with this issue? While certain Refugees have UN cards, others are asylum seekers. Why? There is an issue of abuse of the UN card.
 - a. Phil: there are 181,000 UN cards issued in Malaysia, yet Malaysia hasn't rectify the refugee protocol. Malaysia officers often disregard their welfare, same like Thailand and other ASEAN countries. The refugee card is supposed to be a friendly card to contact UNHCR, but they were denied access to the refugee card.
 - If Malaysia denies the refugees' rights to work, why still bring in foreign workers?
 - Rights of the community had overtaken the rights of individuals.

- b. Ambiga: these refugees were cheated by corrupted agents;
 - the right to clean air were interpreted by the courts to be one of the human rights in the Federal Constitution. I don't understand why we are in the Human Rights Council.
 - Prison reform is still not being implemented today.
 - Reports of Suhakam are still being neglected.
 - c. Weijiet: When Malaysia becomes part of the UN Human Rights Council, there shouldn't be 2 modules, the UN laws cannot be subject to Malaysians own interpretation. This caused the political parties to target these marginalized segments easily.
8. Question 5: co-chair of the committee: what are your comments on policing of religious and their idea of rejecting human rights?
9. Question 6: how to balance the human rights of refugees and locals getting food, education, and a good life? If we were in such a situation, which one should we choose?
- a. Phil: the refugees are prepared to take jobs, for example the plantation. The system is bringing in more foreign labour, so it should connect them to the personal case.
 - b. Ambiga: refugees are not taking away any of the locals' rights; they are just using refugees as an excuse to justify them torture the refugees.
10. Question 7: human rights issues just don't move among the community; how to move such topics into the discussions?
- a. Weijiet: tiktok is a good tool, it has been used effectively in the previous election (also strategic litigation on human rights cases could be a good start).
11. Question 8: what do you think of China's decision where people are consulted; does China module works?
- a. Ambiga: for all it falls, use, but please remember human right is also not living in fear.
12. Question 9:
- a. Directed at Weijiet: politic is being gerrymandering: what do you think of proportional vote?
 - Weijiet supports.

Day 1 : Plenary 2: Championing Pro bona: mobilizing the legal profession to make a difference

Speakers: Ragnath Kesavan, Ravi Nekoo, Petra Oon Beng Ai
 Moderator: Dato Abdul Fareed Abdul Gafoor

1. Ragnath - experience in setting up the YBGK. Since the 13th of May, many lawyers have been involved in YBGK. YBGK used to have more than 200 volunteer lawyers. In 1998, there was a mass trial whereby 166 persons were charged. We have over 90 days of trial straight. The Malaysian Bar thought: how do we deal with this situation? The MB came out with the idea where 2 sets of lawyers and pupils came during the evening to interview, and the other set of pupils went in the morning collect the interview sheets. I still remembered the day when some charged in court were students. Whereas the legal aid, started 40 years ago.

Day 2

Plenary 4: Generative AI: Opportunity or Threat

- Speakers:
1. Min Chen,
 2. Gaythri Raman
 3. Adilah Junid
 4. Benjamin Cheong

Moderator: Izwan Zakaria

Benjamin Cheong:

1. AI is able to produce super lawyers
 - a. Costs in hiring young lawyers are rising. This business model is unsustainable.
 - b. Clients decreasing legal budget yet expecting freebies from lawyers.
2. We should be rethinking legal training, where we focus more on vocational training- how to use tool, instead of others.
3. Our Practice training should also focus more on:
 - a. Drafting and negotiating.
 - b. How do I fact check, how do I know clauses there
4. Some law firms like Rajah & Tan are developing their own AI.
5. Of course, there are also new threats brought by generative AI, for example, IP infringement and copyright infringement. These generative Ai might be breaching confidentiality, PDPA, or tradeseecrets. Or some people will be uploading those materials to train AI.
6. There was a case: where the article of an AI a semblance to an article written by an author
7. Another risk posed by generative AI is hallucination, where this generative AI has language tools. We don't know what is true or false when Ai just insert any Ai-generated photos.

Min Chen :

1. Agree with Benjamin's comment on Hallucination risk.
2. Lexis Nexis is now trying to combine Lexis Nexis and Ai.
3. But LN only feed the data that Lexis Nexis has copyright.
4. LN is trying to fine-tune the search tools with instructions.
 - a. This fine-tuning process is still being done traditionally, where a human has to prepare input and design output. LN brought in human expertise, where humans have to write the instructions to the AI.
5. There is still a need for reinforcement of human feedback: when AI generates multiple answers, the human has to rate which one is better.
6. LN has below 2 ways to address hallucination issues:
 - a. Generate answers from LN's own database rather than outside of LN, which is also called a proprietary search; and
 - b. Prompt learning – a tool to generate more accurate answer.
7. 1 practical method when using Ai, which is to ask the modul to find most relevant code, and use those codes to generate answer. So that Ai is able Trace the answer base on my modul.
8. LN is now working with Amazon , Microsoft

Adilah Junid (Microsoft) :

1. There is a difference between free and paid work and AI.
2. In-house lawyers always find ways to spend time doing higher-value work, but there are 77% of people have no time and energy to do their work because, most of the time, they are just responding to correspondence.
3. Based on the survey of Feb 2020, 62% of people are afraid of losing their jobs to AI. But there are 84% who are looking to AI to ease their work.
4. 90% of leaders think the workforce needs to upscale with ai scale
5. 1/3 of the leaders are thinking to increase productivity and not to reduce workforce.
6. That begs the question, what skills we need in the future?
 - a. Knowing the tools.
7. AI is a computational capability, it has no intelligent. It still needs human to drive it.
8. Top work skill now is using AI and having analytical judgement.
9. How India using AI. They are using Ai on their govt departments to support the rural area. So that the rural farmers can use AI to help themselves. They made the Ai to be Affordable.

Gaythri Raman :

1. There are 130 employees for the KL branch and 40-50 legally trained editors.
2. Both the commercial team and editor want to solve the lawyers' problem.
3. Throughout the journey, they have spent 200 hours per year working together with clients to test the product.
4. For the past 5 years, LN has been working with AI using AI .
5. The Legal Analytics tool's productivity is compatible of 9 LAs, and can finish the jobs within 3 mins.
6. Agreed that Hallucination is a real problem.
7. Now having knowledge is not enough to get over the edge.

Question 1: do we need Ethical guidelines for AI?

Min Chen: AI does have guidelines; they have 5 major principles when doing calculations. There is a survey on the possible impact brought by AI. We can take action to prevent unfair bias. Min Chen proceed to explain how ai works, which has high transparency, for eg: do you use my data to train AI? chat history that can be deleted will be shown. We can also create accountability with human, where a governance can be done by human. But Ai at the same time also respect privacy. There is now a partnership between the LN team privacy and data security team .

Adilah (Microsoft): both the Industry and the govt are putting effort into having a standard approach. Therefore, user knowledge is important to know how much to trust the Ai. But at the same time you will have the question of who set the standard? If you start at ground zero, where do you start, what are the key 3 steps to be taken to start generative ai?

1. Know what an ai can do;
2. Know what products we are looking for; which product is relevant to my need; and
3. know what are the source of tasks that can be delegated to ai. Can it be used to draft cross examination question?

Question 2: what is Ai is not up to date?

Minchen: you may use LN's own fight model.

Question 3: Does it help lawyer make more money?

Gaythri- yes

Ben: it helps you to hire less, generate more income.

Question 4: How does Ai impact young lawyer?

Gaythri: young lawyers can now learn differently.

Day 2: Plenary 5: Hard talk: the economy - on track or sidetracked

1. YB Rafizi Ramli
2. Dr. Jomo Kwame Sundaram
3. Shakira Teh Sharifuddin

Rafizi:

1. There is a need for decentralisation of economy.
2. Within the Ministry of Economy itself, there is a lot of planning and coordinating going on. There are many depts in the ministry, its hard to get everyone on the same page.
3. MOEcon has to also focus on mid-term and long-term policy - not just the short-term policy.
4. On how to strengthen the ringgit, they are drafting up a new policy, which is generating income through rent-seeking by renting the premises to foreigners.
5. The government cannot just keep giving cash; there must be an outcome, and the people eventually need to graduate.
6. The government is focusing investing into new segment, and there is a need to take national bets. This will create a growth narrative, and appealing to foreign investors. For example, the renewable energy has the highest investment. The country is undergoing an energy transition. The government is drafting up a national energy transition roadmap.
7. By focusing on short term policy, we can't produce such talents in tech sector. Then you will face the problem of whether you have enough talents. The government is now promoting modern farming, where the government allocated 5-50 acres of land to encourage modern farming.

Jomo Kwame Sundaram
Emeritus professor, UM

Jomo: it is also important to have food security and self - sufficiency. Look at Perak, there are so many land. We could have utilised the lands to achieve self-sufficiency.

Shakira (senior economist, World Bank)

Shakira agreed with the sequencing of the policy.

We have many plans, but there are 3 big challenges when it comes to implementation.

1. There is a Jurisdiction issue, when the power is distributed across federal and state ministrie, for example like transport, the planning is done in Putrajaya for Penang, how can one expect it to be good?
2. Data: in the Ministry of Economy, it has to streamline data available. It needs to communicate more with the public so that they know what is expected from them. There should be more conversation.
3. there need to be more trains and movies. Just like the Korean movie, there is a need for better wealth distribution. There is now a huge demarcation between T20 and M40.

Question 1: What is government doing to fix the weakened ringgit?

Rafizi:

1. M'sia import about RM60-70 billion food every year. That put us into a dangerous zone. The government is promoting setting up of small to mid scale facility of farms. Although there is a beef project in Negeri Sembilan, but it can hardly have a facility to cater 1000 cattles. We plan to grow into like Chillis.
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Day 2: Breakout Session 1: Stream A: Prospect and Viability of Small Firm Practice: Is Affiliation and Group Practice the next logical step?

Lisa Sam Hui Min:

Vice-President, the Law Society of Singapore

1. It is in a formal law alliance, providing international commercial law-related services.
2. There is no other licences issued to foreign law firms since 2008 in Singapore
3. Difference from Malaysia: services provided through joint law venture, not the foreign law venture
4. Formal law alliance v joint law venture
5. Formal law alliance la: allow Group law practice, but must issue bill using own letterhead.

Isaac Chan, barrister, Rede Chambers, Hong Kong

1. Practicing in a Group Law Practice for the past 16 years, which is the same as the chamber's concept in the UK.
2. Group Law Practice is free from conflict of interest, free to represent all sides in the same case.
3. From 1998 to 2003, Issac was in the consultation service.
4. Ever since the Financial Asian crisis & SARS, there is a change to GLP in HK:
 - a. Since 2003 till now: number of group law practice now: 3 times lower. There is no survey on why so low. It could be due to r 11 Hong Kong Solicitors Group Rules. Confidentiality deemed as partnership, be it conveyancing or litigation. No clear reason. This prohibition took out the best part of group law practice.
5. Reason for breaking out from foreign law firm: conflict with foreign partner's clientele.
6. GLP only can share expense, cannot share profit.
7. 2 key differences of M'sia from hk
 - a. Conflict of interest: M'sia, there is no such strict line like HK; instead, there is a way out in M'sia rule: if you were approached, you could act if you get all parties' written consent.
 - b. Material documents disclosures – Negligence and breach of fiduciary duty are good grounds to not give consent to disclose documents.
8. 3 Suggestions
 - a. Instead of veto power, turn it into disclosures and suggest proforma disclosure. For example, for rule 10(1)(a), collaboration amongst GLP is allowed as long as consent by the clients. This is actually to allow the client to choose.
 - b. Confidentiality amongst member firms: for a glp: there should be complete segregation of documents.
 - c. Sharing paralegal: worth more consideration for confidential

Nahendran Navaratnam:

1. Is there a future for small firms?
 2. A small firm is 5 and below. About 70-80% of law firms in Malaysia are small firms.
 3. There are over 1000 sole props in Malaysia.
 4. Singapore law firms bond together to grow larger
 5. Why Malaysia's law firms cannot grow beyond 100-120 lawyers?
 6. The country that has the largest scale is Germany, where the law firm is made up of 50-200 lawyers.
 7. What stops Msian law firms from going larger to cater for the demands of the country?
 8. What does the economy demand?
 - a. Msian bar does very little to provide info on how the economic of law firm is growing.
 9. What does the judiciary demand?
 10. How do they shape the growth of the future?
 11. What is the capability of growing big?
 - a. Msian bar gives little on projection
 12. The number of law firms in M'sia is the same as in the UK, 9k. This poses the question: are small law firms competitive enough?
 13. If you want to set up a GLP, you should look for the same industry partner to form a a GLP: because share the same resources.
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Day 2: Stream B: The Development of the law on Discovery / e-Discovery Pre- and Post-Pandemic: A comparative Analysis

The development of e pre-discovery

R Rishi:

1. The difference between Malaysian current pre-discovery Vs UK's e-discovery in our system:
 - a. It is an Equitable recourse, not as of right, court has to be satisfied with certain conditions before allowing the discovery order;
 - b. There could be first: a voluntary disclosure; 2nd, notice to produce (according to the Rules of Court 2012); 3rd, any grounds of exception to produce documents mentioned in pleading; 4th, the court has to apply the Necessity test, no fishing for evidence is allowed.
2. E-discovery could be very useful when there is an infringement on IP rights.
3. Third-party application - costs on the applicant.
4. If there is Non-compliance, Court can invoke O 24 + o34 to penalize the default party.
5. Court should also apply the Doctrine of proportionality.

Michael:

1. The Traditional regime-CPR 31 applies everywhere except business and property courts
2. However, under the traditional regime, parties usually couldn't get collaboration from the other party.
3. Therefore there is an issuance of Practice Direction 57, which is to change the disclosure attitude to become more structured, and force parties required to talk to each other.
4. Pd 57- concept of initial disclosure and extended disclosure.
 - a. Initial disclosure is where parties have to disclose the documents mentioned in pleadings.
 - b. Extended disclosure is the usual one where parties disclose the documents after the PTCM.
5. The Court may dispense with it.
6. More significantly, parties have to bear in mind that they can apply for specific or third-party disclosure throughout the procedure

7. But under the specific duties under PD 57, the parties' case can be struck out of the roll if not comply.
8. E disclosure is more data harvest, where documents can be more efficiently separate into relevant not relevant.
9. The tool is the Technology Assisted Review ("TAR"), it can predict the relevancy of the documents

Question 1: what are the advantages of England and Wales system?

A: All cards on the table. Judges like to focus on documents rather than witnesses. But very burdensome, with millions of documents to review. The Malaysian system is quicker.

Q2: ESI: documents can be deleted: whether there is verification of the authenticity of the documents.

A: Judiciary is more astute now, and will sometimes disregard s90A.

Linda: texts, messages, done forensically, by vendor, collection. Authentication is not hard for text messages, collecting the info of the firm. Linda never encountered authentication issues, using easy tools. It could be done by the vendor. Or just require some certificate.

Michael: metadata is very important. If a document has been faked and used, it's very severe.

If veracity is tested, we can get expert evidence.

Metadata analysis?

Dato' Azizul to Linda: How does AI play a role in this discovery process?

Linda: if you receive 1 GB of documents, you can run them through duplication, analytics, emails grouped together (email threading), and reveal documents. Accelerating documents disclose procedure - find documents faster based on the decision you instructed the Ai. AI will find the most relevant documents.

Michael: Ai can group documents into relevancy. It brings speed, accuracy and reduce costs.

Day 2: Breakout 3 b: Regulating the online marketplace and intellectual property issues concerning counterfeit goods sold online

Moderator: Cindy Goh Joo Seong, BC IP committee chairperson

Speakers:

1. Joshua Teoh Beni Chris, partner, Skrine. Experienced in cross border transaction, for eg, Security features, bar code, hologram,
2. Kostas Fintrilis
3. Wong Jun Nee

Cindy: What are the relevant laws being employed to address these issues?

Joshua:

1. TMA, chapter 15 - enabling officers from the Ministry of Domestic Trade to take action.
2. Chapter 13 objection to TM registration
3. S 31 Custom Act
4. Copyright act
5. In Anm Beauty Wellness v Shopee 2012:
 - a. Plaintiff's business model is to only sell to members. When they found out about Shopee, Anm Lodge complained to the Shopee to take down 232 listings. 216 taken down, whereas for the remaining, Shopee: they are original;
 - b. The court looked into the locus issue, which is the TM that has been registered. ANM has only registered skincare; Shopee is only an intermediary. Although there are bar code, the court opined that there is insufficient evidence; court thinks what the Plaintiff was requesting was too broad, which is to take down anything similar to their TM. The Shopee's requirements not fully complied with.

Wong Jin Nee (wjn&t)

1. One of the issues is the anonymity of the target, where they used pseudonyms on multiple platforms, like in the ship-dropping delivery process and consignment notes.
2. The challenge has always been this trend: difficult to track and find a platform due to PDPA. But investigators are expensive. Sellers don't disclose themselves.
3. The sellers use small parcels to avoid investigation and avoid being defined as trade.
4. For impact target-, the brand owner needs to be strategic, needs o2o collaboration, think of how to do monitoring, and be aware that their IP needs to be registered; then they may request a Private Investigator to approach them and collect evidence. sellers need to invest resources.
5. PDPA and PDPR 2013 should require merchants to disclose reg number, name, and address, just like physical stores.
6. The law compels merchants to disclose, but not a platform
7. Under PDPA, this information can be disclosed under written law because it is business details, not personal data.
8. Under TMA, the platform is deemed to be a mere conduit, but they actually get involved, and we pay the platform; the TMA should address this issue unless the platforms provide a safe harbour, they should have primary liability
9. ANM can be distinguished on facts.
10. Digital services act of EU: Register under CLASS 3 and Class 35.

Q: Views on Impute liability on platform?

A: it is hard based on the current regime. The Platform should have more accountability.

Kostas Fintrilis :

1. In regards with product level, it focuses on keywords and logos
2. On the seller level it will focus more on the registration process, and boarding process, so it is easier for the seller to create a new account
3. Challenges faced by platform: Volume is high
4. If imposed a higher standard of registration for sellers, it will exclude good sellers
5. So, what are the strategies to combat counterfeiting? Currently it's still reactive: it take down brands based on reports:
6. Lodged in the IPP portal, the platform will take down the counterfeit.
7. It's still a manual review process because there is a need to be balanced, for e.g. good seller

8. We are exploring proactive solutions between O2O and brand cooperation, but we need to figure out how to have open communication.
 9. It's a Joint effort that's needed. Parties need to build connections
 10. Account level enforcement - blacklist- same phone number or address - can block
 11. How does data protection law prevent platforms share info
 12. Can we share more? It is limited. It is limited to contact number and address name. Intention.
 13. Example, what info can be shared: Contact info, for private investigator. Help seller to shortlist, more willing to help if it's law enforcement.
 14. Brand protection team - 95% rejection is due to no clear indicator: no clear indication on what is counterfeit
 15. There is a need to impose distribution control, whether there should be More responsibility of platform?
-

Day 3: Breakout 4A: Digitalization of land transactions - are we ready?

Anesh Ganason :

1. Look at Schedule 16 NLC
2. Can we introduce blockchain into land system? Land admin can have Blockchain, but does survey dept has Blockchain? So many dept doesn't have Blockchain.
3. What about Internet platform?
4. We need to bear in mind that the apparatus is expensive. And what is the Cost of the transactions - does it increase or decrease? Because data compilation and entry are expensive. And also how is data secured?
5. Implementing online presentation and registration. Only register physically. Prepare forms at home.
6. In regards to the private cloud- how's data stored?
7. We can also introduce electronic land titles, which can reduce forgery and fraud, for e.g. loss of titles.
8. There is now a biometric system implemented for Agent by the State Authority
9. We should introduce - Electronic search, and no more private/official search
10. Extraction also should be changed to online.
11. Printing title is not required. Only RDT. No IDT. The most important thing is to register as a user.

Raja Azmi Adam - country director

Government digital transformation

Google for education

1. We can sign a Cloud framework agreement
2. It is faster, and more efficient, which is citizen-centered govt
3. Reduced in person service
4. Not tech vision, it's a business vision
5. Making data open
6. Addressing the lengthy time, they need to prepare
7. Professional will connect the dots, so we just have to be persistent and patient
8. This will allow us to work from anywhere anytime - no more physical presence needed

Sathish Ramachandran :

1. We need perfect internet
2. Of course the dream is entire land ecosystem online, payment, tracking and tracing.
3. Dubai's land system is fully online
4. Columbia, Poland, partly
5. Australia, Victoria, starting to go online

6. Starting from 1993, our country introduced LARIS, LAPIS, strata title act was amended, NLC also amended
7. We need high-bandwidth internet to implement full online land system
8. Lack of uniformity between land registry and land offices, different protocol, interpretation in the same room.
9. Art 91 (5)- national land council – the current minister in charge is Nik nazmi. The rep from each state govt – MB/CM, required to meet a min of once a year;
10. 91(6) requires the leaders to layout policy prescription within a specific timeline
11. Sarawak land code, Sabah. Each state has Malay land reserve
12. Personal data, Cyber Security hygiene are also issues to be addressed.
13. few example of successful online transition
 - a. BNM
 - b. LHDN tax filing
 - c. Bursa security announcement
 - d. Mahkamah kehakiman, e-filing system
 - e. Remote witnessing guidelines - bar council ruling - for non-statutory documents only.
 - f. 'Witness' still means physical presence until the Amendment on Evidence Act

Puan Adlin

From a Judiciary perspective

Graduated from the Oxford university

Currently serving the commercial division ncc6

Laws relevant to digitalisation

1. What is digitalization
2. Digitalisation on land- multiple stakeholders developer banks general public. Need to take everyone into account
3. S 7 ECA 2006 online form- legitimacy same as physical
4. Digital signature - the use of Ds. Public infrastructure.
5. PDPA- regulate the processing of data and exchange
6. What could go wrong?
 - a. Authentication, the introduction of Digital Signature Act, Digital Commerce Act and Pin numbers were introduced
7. Enforceability? Recognised via ECA – in the case of Yang Kok Sem, it was recognized that (SMS) / WhatsApp are valid contract
8. What about the issue Fraud and Security of data?
9. What's next?
10. Uptake: what about public members? We have to address their concerns too
11. Enforcement
12. The recent Canadian case that recognized emoji as acceptance. It opens the floodgates of emoji - court will have to be ready to interpret what all these emojis meant.
13. Legal infrastructure is ready, land requires mindset change to inforce public confidence.

Question 1: what about data lost due to cyber crash?

The cert is guaranteed by state, RDT and RDT, if there is addition info, IDT might not be updated.

A: We are preparing bill to digitalize what is being practiced, which is the third principle of Torren system: Identification of ownership, thumbprint, and to register in every state. We will Put cloud to defend penetration.

We are also preparing for assurance fund. currently working with people inside (Dept of DG of lands and mines (federal)) to develop it.

Question 2 what about the rice bowl of people?

A: UK and Australia have conveyancer, when the whole process is online

KLIA is already using retime system

Anesh- the PSA system

The system will check every information is input, only then you may proceed to the next stage

Day 3: Plenary 6: Words that Wound: The Legal Dilemma of regulating Hate Speech and Fake news in the Digital age

Speakers : Dr Venkat Iyer (Jurist in Butan, Kenya, Former Law Commissioner of Nothern Ireland)

Moderator: Dato Yeo Yang Poh:

Dr Venyat Iyer:

1. How to regulate hate speech and fake news?
2. The role of the judiciary is important.
3. Apply the Reasonable person standard.
4. Everyone has the right to offend with justification
5. But the root eradication of hate speech is through soft law than using hard law.
6. Media being the messenger that always got shoot
7. Guidance by 3 UN oaths, no should be penalised for statements that are true
8. Professional freedom enjoys by traditional media, no prior censorship, proportionality
9. What about Fake news?
 - a. Common justification for introducing prevention is to combat disinformation, censorship, chilling effect, and corruption.
 - b. But there is no necessity that warrants the Fake News Act.
 - c. The remedy of speech that is false is speech that is true.

Question: is the Constitution not multiracial?

The Intent of interpretation is relevant

Question 2: s 233 MMA

A sensible judge is needed when interpreting this section.

We cannot have such a law.

Question 3: what is your comment on abuse of collection of data

There is existing law, like Election Offences Act, where undue influence on voters are prohibited.

But these are limited time offences.

Question 4: how to balance the hard law?

1. Depends on the culture
2. Japan: doesn't have hard law on hate speech
3. There is public order law

4. Use Naming and shaming
 5. But Japan is not multiracial country like ours
 6. Use Algorithm to push different informations to the consumers
-

Day 3: Breakout Session 5B: Navigating Corporate Rescue

Speakers : 1. Tuan Nadzarin bin Wok Nordin
 2. Andrew Chiew Ean Vooi
 3. Victor Saw Seng Kee

Moderator: Ira Biswa

Victor (Accountant)

1. The first thing about corporate rescue mechanism is asking yourself: “Who are your creditors, are they secured creditors?”

Andrew Chiew Ean Vooi (LHAG)

1. CA2016 has provision to terminate liquidation
 - a. 366
 - b. 395
 - c. Voluntary arrangement
 - d. They should be applied according to how big is the problem
2. That is the Advantage and disadvantage of ca2016
3. If it's sinking down, scheme arrangement is the most sensible.
4. You should get an order from the court.
5. Ss 367,368 allow for restructuring, consolidation, amalgamation, moving of assets and at the same time allow directors to continue to be in control
6. The Disadvantage is: need court's order
7. Whereas for Judicial management, Director's have no control
8. But JM is very effective to get creditors who are sceptical on the company's liquidity to surrender. Thus the company enjoy immediate protection.
9. But JM will cause reputation deficit.
10. JM disadvantage: not for public company. Big problems because secured creditor can knock it out. Need to sort out problem with bankers.
11. Biggest limitation: cannot have securities - if taken loan,
12. JM is preferred only if the company only need time, but it's rare for company to do so.
13. JM - need more comprehensive scheme. It provides more flexible because everyone almost at the same page
14. Whereas CDA - not so popular

Andrew:

1. What are the practical considerations:
 - a. The liability of the business
 - b. Existing or new
 - c. How much cashflow
 - d. how to repay loan;
 - e. What sort of business is this size, sustainability, principal and interest rate.

The Difference

1. In JM- all creditors can vote
2. Whereas in Scheme arrangement- creditors differentiated into secured and unsecured. Unsecured also separated into different classes and size

3. Look how to get the scheme through: if the secured creditors are not the majority - then JM might be better.
4. If it's a SA, then a skeleton scheme have to prepared to tell the court, scheme of arrangement
5. JM will grant auto moratorium;

Q: what is the reaction of the companies?

Andrew: if the company is interested to save, make no different, the intention is the same. Only when they have things to hide, they want to do it themselves.

Q: When do you think a lawyer should get involved?

Andrew: Work with financial advisor with a checklist

Q: What is the Judicial expectation on the scheme? When the white knight comes in? When they inject asset in? Do they know if that's

Victor:

Never done a restructuring with advocate beside.

Judge: Advocate should come in very early because the court needs lawyer to guide the court

JM has just started, lawyer has became more voluminous. Lawyers should prepare a draft proposal, that will assist the company and the court because everyone's intention is to save the company

If the given time limit is very short, court will see if it's a scheme or JM. Accountant always say something that if not translated into affidavit , court couldn't understand.

Q: what are the difficulties faced by the parties? How to address them?

Victor:

1. The perceived independence

Whether JM manager or nomination as JM manager, its another question whether the creditors will deem you impartial.

Secured creditor cannot get lesser than unsecured creditor, there fore they will have the mindset: 'I want the scheme to go through'!

The JM manager has to be nominated by the board and convince the creditor he is impartial.

2. Funds available

To do a scheme or JM, the company will only get money until the plan has been approved.

If it's a scheme, can get restraining order. but if its JM, everything is frozen, the company can only get a little money, how is the company going to sustain?

The company needs to preserve the business at the same time.

3. Time constraint

Ideally go in 6 months before JM, the company better come out a proposal.

But if the company manage to get an extension of 12 months, will it restart the negotiation again?

4. Managing the complex stakeholders

The company has to comply with Bursa's strict requirements.

The company has to classify the creditors. It is difficult to balance all the different interests.

Q: why do we need balance sheet review?

Victor- say a liquidation scenario,

In a liquidation, in order to perform the rescue, the court need to see all the assets of the company

Whether they are cash or inventories.

How much each party can get need to be assessed carefully, because in reality they may not be able to get back so much.

Half developed properties have no value.

All assessments can only be done by reviewing balance sheet carefully in order to propose scheme.

Q: How would you develop cashflow? Because no one would put money until scheme is ready (unless manage to get super financing)

Q: How ready a scheme need to be before it can be presented?

Victor: at least 50%. In JM, the question is how much I can pay; whereas in a scheme, its about how much you can get.

Andrew: 50% is high standard, reality is when the company went into JM, the creditors are desparate. If you can demonstrate how you can deal with cashflow, who are my creditors, how much I have; if nothing happens to me, how I'm going to repay each creditors.

Need to demonstrate to the white knight, if he is going to inject cash, show how going to deal with the cash. The creditors will be less likely to object.

Judge: combination of both

Important is at the end of the day, base on what is presented, can say ' strong possibility this scheme can go through'

JM : with regards to white knight there must be evidence that this is the company that will park in money. When being opposed, it is usually because the white knight has low capital and it's in difficulty, which is a red flag.

There is no fast and hard rule, it all depends on the facts. But big companies usually have more issues.

Victor: Last mile is always difficult

Judge: Court has become more savvy, on what can be done.

Court will ask how did figures come out.

Andrew: courts suffered abuses from corporate rescue mechanism. It was at first very flexible, then rules became very rigid, because players are very conscious on tactics employed.

Judges became more probing, no point become scanty.

Q: how to do classification of creditors and scheme?

Andrew: in MESA federal case -

- Unsecured creditors at the biggest. There were inter parte application for related debts owe to related parties.

After Airasia's case, it got more complicated. The court will grant a sanction to meeting. If go to court with a scheme, I'm drawing a line between secured and unsecured, and whether any classification of unsecured creditor .

Air Asia is a wide test-

Test 2

- Big class of passengers, separate class.
- The leasing class
- Security amendments - refused to be treated as secured creditors

If placed in the wrong class in unsecured creditors, will get drown out.

AirAsia is important because it doesn't just decide how many class of creditors, but also decided what are the members of the class. So if you are adopting JM, make sure to have a list of creditors, and get financial advisor to confirm doable or not.

Judge: what would the courts look at when receive JM and scheme:

1. Statutory requirements needed

Case law

Court has to understand the classification

Whether the issues is bona fide, probing on company and lawyers. It is common for lawyers to abuse the process. Therefore the court has to probe deeper.

Eg: the the company apply JM; but turn out on the 2nd day a Winding Up Petition was filed. It is obvious it is trying to defeat the winding up petition.

There are redherrings here and there in applying for JM. But it still go back to creditors. JM should be driven by Judicial Managers and creditors. Another advantage is that JM has auto moratorium.

S 368(2)-(7) laid out when can get a restraining order, which is when 1. Proposal is made; and 2. Notice to be given to creditors.

Courts prefer for the scheme and proposal to go through.

Andrew: Can a creditor intervene a JM ? Yes

Depends on the judge.

Used to be only secured creditors. But Nazrin's judgment stated on why allow intervention.

In a JM situation, usually the company will go to a banker already.

Victor: Time limits on JM - 6 months ;

So the question to be asked is: Is it realistic to go for JM? Yes, if parties are able to start work early. But if someone block it, then 6 months are not enough.

What are the improvements that can be introduced for JM?

Victor: The amendment is very key for JM to be applied to listed company.

Andrew: Superfinancing is important. From the white knight's perspective: "If I want to fund this company, I want to get paid first." Many times the proposal failed because they cannot see through.

Judge: Regulation and law do not gell.

Question 1: Insolvency mediation has been introduced in Singapore since 2015, but has mediation been used for insolvency space?

Victor: In terms of distress, we have rescue mechanism, until money come in, someone will do distress and winding up then will leave.

Judge: Tough one. Because lack of money

Andrew: Here not so often, but Europe done a lot on asset distribution. That's because they see potential in the business, therefore secured creditors willing to share the debts.

Andrew: Law doesn't stop regulators to take action against companies and directors.

Question 3: Should classification be codified?

Victor: Yes, but the problem is how to classify.

Andrew: Problem with codification doesn't sit well with how business dynamic involve. For Eg - bitcoin - how to classify? So its better to keep it flexible, base on commercial development.

Judge: If codify, hard to put into different classification. The current circumstances look like its hard to give guidelines. When the company get a moratorium, we should have case management, as it is a judicial scheme.

Day 3: Breakout 6 A: Effective Advocacy: Exploring the future

Speakers:

1. Dato Mary Lim Thiam Suan
2. Datuk Vazeer Alam bin Mydin Meera
3. Raja Eileen Soraya
4. Alan Wong Teck Wei
5. Foo Joon Liang

Moderator: Raja Eileen Soraya

Dato Mary Lim :

1. Require more attention when doing online hearing. Because we cannot immediately perceive the surrounding.
2. Effective advocacy is seamless advocacy
3. Advocacy is replicating , to do seamlessly.
4. To create memory, visionised how it is done.
5. Seize the moment, capitalise
6. Remember: Clarity conciseness comprehensive.
7. Be heard and seen. Small motion will have big impact

Foo Joon Liang :

1. Online hearing confiscate the ability to learn. No more in physical court. Couldnt hear how and not how to argue a case.
2. We can't see how other cases being argued.
3. Need to see the audience in order to decided whether you go for facts first or striaght to jugular
4. Ability to read over screen.
5. Long hours facing the screen caused: screen fatigue

[the panel shows a series of videos demonstrating bad advocacy]

Scenario 1- overzealous counsel

Patience to interrupt.

Scenario 2

Zoom should replicate to physical.

Scenario 3

Scenario 4: sharing is caring

7 piece

Scene 5: disappearing advocate

Go and get book

Have online hearing bring any changes to preparation

Change manner to prepare

Digitalisation of court papers

Tools that are useful

Screensharing

Integrity of proceeding

7Ps

Witnesses

Colour in presentation

Is Litigation no longer attractive to the younger ones?

{The end of }

Question 1: can we use ppt to replace Pdf?

Explorable

Day 3: Plenary 7: Malaysia as a Safe Arbitration Seat: Cultivating Trust, Efficiency, and Reliability in Dispute Resolution

Speakers:

1. Mohanadass Kanagasabai
2. Kamraj Nayagam
3. Crystal Wong Wai Chin

Moderator: Heather Yee Jing Wah

Q: What are the Keys attribute of safe seat?

Mohan:

1. The London principle:
 - a. Competent Judiciary to implement law
 - b. Judiciary must want the arbitration to succeed

Crystal: political stability

[the end]

OBSERVATION AND EXPERIENCE REPORT FROM IMLC 2023

PREPARED BY PARAMASWARI A/P SAVASURI

Firstly, let me express my gratitude to Perak Bar for giving me the chance to participate in this esteemed International Malaysian Law Conference, often known as "IMLC 2023." The Malaysian Bar is hosting its fifth biennial conference this year. This conference, which takes place at Shangri-La Kuala Lumpur from July 10–13, 2023, has as its slogan "Navigating the Present, Exploring the Future."

The primary goal of IMLC 2023 is to "shed light on the realities of practising in a post-COVID world that has embraced technology, and what we need to do, collectively and individually, to ready ourselves for the future," as stated on the Malaysian Bar Website. The IMLC 2023 allowed panellists and attendees to engage in a constructive dialogue about future directions and ideas while acknowledging the significant and unavoidable changes in the legal industry.

The sessions' topics and subcategories are adequately addressed to meet the needs of the event's goal. In general, it inspired those who are not subject matter experts to learn the fundamentals and to pursue further study of the area. Every session is expertly planned, and the moderators and presenters are selected based on their varied backgrounds and subject-matter experience. As a result, the IMLC 2023 produced an amazing outcome.

Because of how beneficial this event is, corporations, governments, state bars, and other private organisations should feel justified in sponsoring their delegates' attendance.

The primary subjects covered are as follows:-

1. Navigating Corporate Rescues
2. Laws for an Ageing Nation: Improved Laws & New Laws
3. Effective Advocacy: Exploring the Future
4. Prospect and Viability of Small Firm Practice — Are Affiliation and Group Practice the Next Logical Step?
5. The Development of the Law on Discovery / eDiscovery Pre- and Post-Pandemic: A Comparative Analysis
6. Liability of a Law Practitioner: An Attempt to Identify and Balance between Privilege, Secrecy and Compliance Under the AMLA Regime
7. Litigation Funding
8. Issues Surrounding NFTs
9. Publicity vs Advertisement — Where are We At?
10. Waqf: The Legal and Regulatory Framework Needed for Implementation
11. Challenges to Legal Education: — Where are We At?

The significance of technical advancement in the legal sphere was emphasised during the conference. Among the many examples of the significance of technology are the online court procedures, legal research conducted online, the potential applications of artificial intelligence in the future, such as sentencing in criminal cases, and the influence of digital currencies like Bitcoin. Comparing the aforementioned technological advancements to the legal systems of Malaysia and other nearby countries served as the basis for analysis.

There is a wide range of backgrounds and specialties among the panellists and participants. The Malaysian Prime Minister, the Chief Justice of the Federal Court of Malaysia, Ministers, members of Parliament, the judiciary, legal practitioners, academics in the legal field, legal researchers, economists, corporate officers, police, and government employees and officials are a few examples of these. There

is a wide range of geographical background among the participants. The conference's goals were well achieved by the flexible and varied conversations that this provided for the entire weekend.

There are coffee breaks, cocktail receptions, gala dinners, and networking luncheons during the conference.

A few are also there since corporate and legal firms are sponsoring this session.

The attendees gained new contacts and commercial prospects as a result of the aforementioned events. This method is incredibly uplifting and inviting. Sponsors also benefited from the opportunity to promote their company to attendees and visitors of IMLC 2023.

Twenty One (21) different exhibitors make up the IMLC 2023. from a variety of backgrounds, including corporate, academic, college, arbitration centre, and automobile. Participants received the greatest prices from a few of the exhibitors on their goods. For both the exhibitors and the attendees of IMLC 2023, this initiative proved to be advantageous.

I attended a session where the focus was primarily on how crucial it is for lawyers to adapt and evolve in order to keep the legal profession alive. My attendance at the workshops indicates that the five arrears—Political, Economic, Social, Technological, Legal, and Environmental—are the key areas of emphasis. Here, the majority of the themes fell into one of these five groups. As they are the cornerstones that attorneys must follow in order to systematically enforce the law, become specialists in the area, and maintain a strong check and balance on the ever-evolving practice of law, I agree with this approach. This strategy, in my opinion, will result in Malaysia developing a methodical legal fraternity.

LAPORAN “INTERNATIONAL MALAYSIA LAW CONFERENCE (IMLC)” 2023

DISEDIAKAN OLEH NURUL JANNAH BINTI KHAIRUL ANUAR

Pada tahun 2023, Malaysian Bar telah menganjurkan IMLC 2023, sebuah acara yang mengumpulkan pakar-pakar undang-undang dari dalam dan luar negara. Persidangan ini bertujuan untuk menyatukan pemikir undang-undang, ahli akademik, dan ahli-ahli praktis (*practitioner*) undang-undang untuk berkongsi pengetahuan, menangani isu-isu terkini, dan merancang untuk masa depan sistem undang-undang global.

Transformasi Undang-Undang di Era Digital : Salah satu tajuk utama yang dibincangkan berulang kali melalui beberapa Plenary & Breakout Sessions sepanjang dalam konferens ini ialah transformasi undang-undang di era digital. Dengan kemajuan teknologi yang pesat, undang-undang perlu beradaptasi dengan cabaran-cabaran baru yang muncul, penggunaan sistem IT yang paling canggih dalam sistem perundangan, sistem “AI”, sistem kripto, *cyber bullying* dan isu-isu hak cipta digital. Pakar-pakar undang-undang Malaysia dan antarabangsa memberi pandangan mereka tentang bagaimana undang-undang boleh berkembang untuk menyesuaikan diri dan menangani perkembangan ini.

Pembentukan Dasar-Dasar Undang-Undang Global: Selain itu, konferens ini menjadi platform bagi pembentukan dasar-dasar undang-undang global. Para peserta, termasuk pakar-pakar undang-undang Malaysia, berkongsi pengalaman dan pandangan mereka untuk menyokong perkembangan undang-undang yang lebih adil dan sejagat. Ini termasuklah perbincangan tentang perdagangan antarabangsa, hak asasi manusia, dan kerjasama undang-undang antarabangsa.

Menjalin Hubungan dan Rangkaian Profesional: Selain daripada pendedahan kepada isu-isu terkini, IMLC 2023 menyediakan peluang unik untuk menjalin hubungan dan rangkaian profesional. Pakar-pakar undang-undang Malaysia dapat berinteraksi dengan rakan sejawat dari seluruh dunia, berkongsi pandangan, dan membina kolaborasi yang boleh membentuk masa depan undang-undang global.

Komitmen Seorang Ibu Profesional : Walaupun seorang ibu kepada dua orang anak yang masih kecil saya masih telah menghadiri IMLC ini dengan menaiki ETS dari Ipoh ke KL. Komitmen ini menunjukkan betapa pentingnya perhimpunan ini dalam membentuk landskap undang-undang, dan saya dengan penuh semangat menyertai perbincangan dan perkongsian di sini.

IMLC 2023 bukan sahaja membentangkan peluang kepada peserta untuk memahami cabaran-cabaran terkini dalam dunia undang-undang, tetapi juga mencipta satu platform bagi pembentukan dasar-dasar undang-undang global yang lebih efektif. Dengan melibatkan pakar-pakar undang-undang Malaysia, Malaysia memainkan peranan penting dalam membentuk masa depan undang-undang yang lebih adil dan bersepadu secara global.

INTERNATIONAL MALAYSIA LAW CONFERENCE (IMLC) 2023: “A BRILLIANT LEGAL MELTING POT”

PREPARED BY B.K. PILLAI

The International Malaysia Law Conference (IMLC) 2023 transcended expectations as it unfolded at the Shangri-la KL. The inauguration of this prestigious event was graced not only by the esteemed Prime Minister of Malaysia but also by the distinguished presence of the Yang Dipertua Negeri of Negeri Sembilan, adding a layer of honor and significance to the conference.

Dignitaries' Inauguration:

The conference began on a ceremonial note with the joint inauguration by the Yang Dipertua Negeri of Negeri Sembilan & the Prime Minister of Malaysia (PMX). This collective opening underscored the national and regional importance of the conference, affirming a shared commitment to the development and understanding of Malaysian and regional law.

Informative Sessions on Maritime Law:

For me personally, a standout feature of IMLC 2023 was the in-depth discussion on Maritime Law, an area which I had zero knowledge upon prior to this. This particular session not only attracted enthusiasts but also provided a comprehensive exploration of the legal intricacies shaping the maritime sector. Attendees were treated to expert insights, fostering a deeper understanding of the evolving legal landscape in maritime law in Malaysia.

Highlight on "Championing Pro Bono":

Among the diverse range of sessions, "Championing Pro Bono" emerged as a standout topic, captivating the audience's interest. This session not only shed light on the legal community's commitment to social responsibility but also inspired attendees to consider the role of pro bono work within the Malaysian Bar's legal aid framework.

Expert Moderation by Past Perak Bar Chairmen:

The conference had sessions which were expertly moderated by the past chairmen, Mr. Babu Raj and Mr. Kenny Lai. Their seasoned leadership ensured that discussions were informative, engaging, and reflective of the high standards set by IMLC. Their contribution added a layer of experience and insight to the already rich content of the conference.

Superb Networking:

IMLC 2023 continued its tradition of providing exceptional networking opportunities. Attendees found themselves immersed in an environment conducive to meaningful exchanges and collaborations, further enhancing the sense of community within the legal profession. The organisers constantly feasted us with "5 Star" food almost constantly, to a point where I had definitely piled on a couple of kilogrammes by the time the conference came to an end.

Cultural Culmination and Gala Dinner:

In the midst of the conference, we from the Perak Bar Committee managed to attend the splendid gala dinner featuring traditional dances and a celebration of Malaysian culture. Attendees enjoyed not only the intellectual stimulation of the conference but also the immersive experience of the local heritage.

CONCLUSION:

In conclusion, IMLC 2023 surpassed expectations, marking a significant milestone in the exploration of regional law. The joint inauguration by the Prime Minister of Malaysia and the Yang Dipertua Negeri of Negeri Sembilan elevated the event's prestige, while my favourite sessions; the Maritime Law and "Championing Pro Bono" showcased the diversity and depth of the legal discussions. As the conference successfully balanced intellectual rigor with cultural enrichment, participants departed with not only enhanced legal knowledge but also a renewed commitment to the broader social responsibilities of the legal profession. IMLC 2023 stands as a testament to the thriving discourse and collaborative spirit within the legal community.

Sincerely;

"B.K. Pillai"

BALAKRISHNA BALARAVI PILLAI

Perak Bar.

REPORT ON INTERNATIONAL MALAYSIA LAW CONFERENCE 2023

PREPARED BY ILAVARASI THIRUCHELVAM

I would like to express my sincere appreciation for Perak Bar's sponsorship that enabled my participation in the International Malaysian Law Conference 2023. The opportunity provided was truly invaluable, offering participants a wealth of insights and fostering a deeper understanding of the intricacies within the legal landscape.

I am thankful for your support, which made it possible for us to engage with esteemed professionals, exchange ideas, and broaden our perspectives on the legal challenges facing our nation. The International Malaysian Law Conference served as a platform for knowledge-sharing and networking, and your sponsorship played a pivotal role in our ability to benefit from this enriching experience.

While attending the conference, all the participants were pleased to learn that on July 10, 2023, the Prime Minister announced an additional RM10 million in funds for the National Legal Aid Foundation.

During the conference, critical issues surrounding police abuse and accountability were discussed. It was highlighted that the reluctance of police to question their own peers has led to a concerning number of wrongful deaths in police custody. Additionally, concerns about gerrymandering were raised, underscoring the need for electoral reforms to ensure fair representation.

Moreover, the discussions emphasized the significance of prioritizing human rights reforms over economic reforms, drawing comparisons with countries like Taiwan. The secrecy surrounding issues such as the Wang Kelian mass grave and the classified RCI report raised questions about transparency and accountability.

To counteract these challenges, suggestions were made for the independence of organizations like the IPCC and MACC, providing a mechanism for impartial investigation and oversight.

The conference also shed light on the reluctance of politicians to address taboo topics, often bending backward to satisfy extremists. Participants were reminded of the collective power to ensure that the right individuals are in power for the betterment of society.

Besides, the future of litigation and advocacy was discussed, with a focus on the increasing role of artificial intelligence. Some firms are already integrating AI into their processes, relying on technology for tasks such as drafting notices and letters. On the question whether AI is an opportunity or threat, majority viewed it as a threat as it is slowly taking over the job scope of lawyers.

In addition to listening to the speakers during the conference, we were given opportunity to test the Lexis Nexis Advance AI generative. It was a fun experience testing it because it made research seems easy and fast. There were many other booths in the conference too. The best part of the conference was that all participants were given free ice cream and coffee from Espresso Lab any time during the conference.

In conclusion, I thank Perak Bar for making my attendance at the International Malaysian Law Conference 2023 possible. The knowledge gained will undoubtedly contribute to our ongoing efforts within the legal field.

Thank you.

Yours sincerely,

Navarasi Thiruchelvam

LIST OF PUPILS AS AT 31.12.2023

<u>NO.</u>	<u>NAME</u>	<u>MASTER</u>
1.	CHEONG KAR KIN	SELVAM A/L NADARAJAH
2.	MOHAMMAD SYAMIL BIN SHAHRUNNAZRI	NOOR ASMAH BT MOHD NAWAWI
3.	MUHAMMAD SYAMIL BIN AHMAD RODZI	MUHAMMAD FUAAD BIN SAIBUN
4.	NUR HAZIRAH BT JOHN	WOO KAR LEONG
5.	TAN SIAO YEE	HARRY KOAY KHOON BENG
6.	SITI NURHAYATI BT MD RAHIM	NOOR ASMAH BT MOHD NAWAWI
7.	HARSHINI VEENA A/P ANANTHAN	RAJANDRAN A/L M. BALAKRISHNAN
8.	MAI SYUHAI DAH BT SHAMSARI	VIVEKANANDAN A/L AMS PERIASAMY
9.	NURSYAHIDDA BT AB MALIK	MUHAMMAD HASANUDDIN BIN MOHD YUSOFF
10.	LIM FOOK SIA	SILVANATHAN A/L ARUNASALAM
11.	AMAR HAKIMI BIN ALIAS	AMIR FALIQ BIN MOHAMAD JAMIL
12.	ADIB HANISAH BT HAMDAN	NOR AKMAR BT MOHD ALI
13.	NURKHAIRINA BT NOOR SUREANI	NORAZALI BIN NORDIN
14.	SITI FATIMAH IZATI BT MOHD SUDER	ZARINAH BT GHAZALI
15.	NURUL HANNA BT BADEROL HISHAM	MOHD HAKIMI BIN SHAARI
16.	NURAIN NAJWA BT MD IBHARIM	AINA BT ABDUL GHANI
17.	NABILA WAHEEDA BT AHMAD BADRUL HISHAM	AMIR KHUSYAIRI BIN MOHAMAD TANUSI
18.	SHARIFAH NURUL QAUTHAR BT SYED ROSHIDON	NAVIT KAUR RANDHAWA
19.	AINI NABILA BINTI MOHAMAD ADNAN	NG HONG DUAN
20.	MUHAMAD ADAM HIDAYAT BIN AZMI	SUHAILI BT MOHD SHARIF
21.	NUR FARHANA NATASYA BT HAJALI	SURINDAR SINGH A/L CHAIN SINGH
22.	ASHLEY LOH HUI LI	LOH YET KONG
23.	NOOR ANISAH HUSNA BT MAZLAN	NOOR SHAFARIN BIN ABDULLAH
24.	PIRASSAD A/L VESUNATHAN	SILVANATHAN A/L ARUNASALAM

<u>NO.</u>	<u>NAME</u>	<u>MASTER</u>
25.	AISYATUN NADHIRAH BT ANWAR SIDEK	PURSHOTAMDAS A/L NATHERMAL THADANI
26.	MUHAMMAD ZULZARIF BIN MOHD ZAKUAN	NARANYA SINGH A/L ASA SINGH
27.	NUR NADZRAH BT BADARUDIN	NURUL SYUHADA BT MOHD YUSOF
28.	EIRENE NABILA AMANI WILLIAMS- HUNT	EDWIN SEIBEL A/L VETHAKAN PAKIANNATHAN
29.	GOH YONG HAN	IZYAN BT ITHNAIN @ SENIN
30.	DEEVAGARAN NAIDU A/L BASKARAN	SITI NOR SYAHIDAH BT ISMAIL
31.	AMILA BT MOHD DAUD	ADHAM JAMALULLAIL BIN HAJI IBRAHIM
32.	SITI NUR EZZAH BT ZULKIFLY	MOHD HAKIMI BIN ZULKIFLY
33.	KIRTHANA A/P SUBRAMANIAN	MOHAMAD NIZAM BIN MOHAMED SALLEH
34.	KIRTHIE RUBINI A/P RUBINI	CHARAN SINGH A/L KARTAR SINGH
35.	MOHAMAD MUQRI SYAHIRAN BIN MOHD MUSTAFA	MOHD HAKIMI BIN SHAARI
36.	AINNUR SYAHIRAH BT MOHD FADZIL	NOR HISHAM BIN HJ SIRAT
37.	MAIZATUL NUR WAHIDAH BT MUHAMMAD NAJMI	SUHAILI BT MOHD SHARIF
38.	FARISHA ADANI MEOR ABDULLAH ZAIDI	TAN YING FONG
39.	CALWIN ROSHAN SINGH A/L PRITAM SINGH	PRITAM SINGH A/L SADHU SINGH
40.	STEPHEN JACOB A/L JACOB	BAWANI A/P KANIAPAN
41.	SYED SYAHIR SYAZWAN BIN SYED ASMAWI	SHHRIR BIN ABDUL KARIM
42.	NUR HASYA AIMAN BINTI AMIR	ZAIZURAIMY BIN ABD RAHIM
43.	AHMAD HUZAIFAH BIN HARIS	FARIDZUL AZLAN BIN ABD SHANI
44.	KOH YUEN HAN	CHAN KOK KEONG
45.	FATHIN SORFINA BT MOHAMAD HUSSIN	AMIR KHUSYAIRI BIN MOHAMAD TANUSI
46.	MUHAMMAD AMIRUL FAHMI BIN NAZRI	RENEKA DEVI A/P SIVALINGAM
47.	NUR ATHIRAH BT KAMSOL	MANOHARAN A/L TEVADASIN
48.	CHAI WEI WAN	TAN CHIK WAI

<u>NO.</u>	<u>NAME</u>	<u>MASTER</u>
49.	NOR ZARITH SOFEA BT ISMAIL SHAH	TAN YIN FONG
50.	QURATUL HUDA BT MOHAMAD NADZRI	AHMAD YANI BIN AMINUDDIN
51.	KOH SHEAN WAI	TERENCE NAIDU A/L V. RAJA @ RAJA NAIDU
52.	FATIN NAQIYYAH BT SUHAIMI	NOR AZIAH BT SIDEK
53.	ADRIANA SUFFIA BT ABU BAKAR	SUDESH SINGH A/L SALINDER SINGH
54.	ANIS HANINI BT ABDULLAH	PEJABAT PENASIHAT UNDANG – UNDANG NEGERI PERAK
55.	FAKHRUL RAZZI BIN ABD HAMID	PEJABAT PENASIHAT UNDANG – UNDANG NEGERI PERAK
56.	FARAH ARINA BT ZAINAL	RANJIT SINGH SANDHU A/L SHINGARA SINGH
57.	IZZAT FAKHRI BIN HALIMI	MOHAMED HAFIZ BIN JALALUDIN
58.	MUHAMMAD ASYMAWI BIN JOHARI	MOHAMAD NIZAM BIN MOHAMED SALLEH
59.	MA SIAW KEE	NG LEY CHOO
60.	CHEN MEI ERN	FONG PO KUAN
61.	ALIFF AIMAN BIN RUSLI	MUHAMMAD ALIF AFANDI BIN ZULKEFLI
62.	NAJWA FIKRIYAH BT MD RADZI	SITI KHAIRATUL HANIM BT KAMARUL ZAMAN
63.	NUR FAZLIANA BT MOHAMAD FISOL	NUR AZUREN BT MOHD OTHMAN
64.	MAHALAKSMY A/P R.KUMARASALVAM	MANOHARAN A/L TEVADASIN
65.	NAJWA BT ZAINON ABIDIN	NOOR SHAFARIN BIN ABDULLAH
66.	ABD WAHAB BIN MOHAMED	PEJABAT PENASIHAT UNDANG – UNDANG NEGERI PERAK
67.	NUR ATRIA HADFINA BT HAKIM	TEH YUNG HUOI
68.	NURUL FARHANA BT ZAIRI	MAH KOK KEONG
69.	FONG VOON YUKE	SOONG TZE TOONG
70.	SITI NUR ES'SUFINA BT SUBKI	IZYAN BT ITHNAIN @ SENIN
71.	ANIS SURAYA BT AHMAD TARMIZI	SITI NOR SYAHIDAH BT ISMAIL
72.	MUHAMMAD IQBAL BIN RAMLI	MOHAMAD GHAZALI BIN MAZRI
73.	HONG PEI FEN	NUR SHAKINAH BT HAZALI

<u>NO.</u>	<u>NAME</u>	<u>MASTER</u>
74.	ROSHAN SINGH DHALIWAL	KARUNANANTHAN A/L MUTHUVELU
75.	HOE SZE KIT	TERENCE NAIDU A/L V. RAJA @ RAJA NAIDU
76.	KHOR SWEE LIM	MODESHANANTHAM A/L S. VELUPPILAI
77.	SITI NORA BT SHARIF	PEJABAT PENASIHAT UNDANG – UNDANG NEGERI PERAK
78.	KOAY BOON HUI	CHAN KOK KEONG

PUPILS CALLED TO THE BAR IN 2023

<u>NO.</u>	<u>NAME</u>	<u>MASTER</u>
1.	NURUL FARAH ATIQAH BINTI HAZMAN WONG	HAYATI BINTI YAHYA UDIN
2.	ADIRALAILI HAWA BINTI MOHD MAZANI	MUSTAFA BIN GHAZALI
3.	SARANYA RANI RAGUNATHAN	RENEKA DEVI A/P SIVALINGAM
4.	SITI NURSUMAIYYAH BINTI MOHAMMAD AMIN	KHIRUN ANUAR BIN MALI
5.	MUHAMMAD ALIF SAIFUDDIN BIN AZHAR	CHE IZHAR BIN HAJI CHE SAIDIN
6.	MOHAMAD SAHIDAN BIN ENGAI	JOHN SELVAM A/L SAMUEL
7.	SELVAM A/L LETCHUMANA PERUMAL	T. ELLANGGOVAN A/L THAMBIRAJU
8.	MUHAMMAD IYZDHAM BIN ANG KIM HWA	MOHAMAD NIZAM BIN MOHAMED SALLEH
9.	WOK LI YAN	NGA HOCK CHEH
10.	SARRENYA A/P SANTHAKUMAR	SITI HAWA HASSAN
11.	SITI AISHAH BINTI SAPERI	MOHD AIDIL BIN ARSAD
12.	NUR MASHITAH BINTI MOHAMAD RAHIM	NORAZLINA BINTI MAT ALI
13.	LEE KAI WEN	NG HONG DUAN
14.	DEIVANA I AMMAL A/P LETCHMANAN	RAJANDRAN A/L M. BALAKRISHNAN
15.	NUR AQILAH BINTI HARUN	SURINDAR SINGH A/L CHAIN SINGH
16.	LING CHE LIK	MOHAMAD NIZAM BIN MOHAMED SALLEH
17.	WONG GUO SIONG	TEH YUNG HUOI
18.	SITI RAIHAH BINTI RAFIE	NUR AZUREN BINTI MOHD OTHMAN
19.	NURUL ADILLA ARYANI BINTI MAT DERIS	S. DHARMANATHAN A/L SUPPIAH SAMINATHAN
20.	NURSYAZWANI BINTI MUHAMAD SHARIF	KORINAVATHI A/P KRISHNAMOORTHY
21.	ANG LAI YEE	CHONG KOK YEW
22.	NUR ATHIRAH BINTI MOHD AZHAR	ROSNIZA BINTI ISMAIL
23.	NOR SYAFIQA BINTI NOR ADNI	TEH YUNG HUOI
24.	AINUL ATHIRAH BINTI AZMAN	NOR AFRIZAH BINTI ABDUL AZIZ

<u>NO.</u>	<u>NAME</u>	<u>MASTER</u>
25.	NURHUSNA BINTI MOHD THARIMAZI	SITI NOR SYAHIDAH BINTI ISMAIL
26.	NORHIDAYAH BINTI ABDULLAH SANI	CHUAH PHEI SAN
27.	AIMAN HAKIM BIN KAMARUZZAMAN	MANOHARAN A/L TEVADASIN
28.	NUR BATRISYIA HUDA BINTI MOHD ROSLI	HASNITA BINTI MOHD HASSAN
29.	ALIF AL-HADI AMIRUL PUTERA BIN HAMZAH	AZRIN ZARINA BINTI ABD RAGIS
30.	NUR HIDAYATUL HUSNA BINTI SHAMSOL KAMAL	NOR AZIAH BINTI SIDEK
31.	NAVINJIT SINGH A/L NERMALJIT SINGH	PENANG BAR STUDENT
32.	INTAN NABILA BINTI SALEHUDDIN	LEONG HWA VOON
33.	CHEE SU YIN	NORAZALI BIN NORDIN
34.	SITI SARAH BINTI MOHAMMAD JOHARI	TEH YUNG HUOI
35.	SITI AISHAH AINI BINTI HISHAMUDIN	NOOR HANIZA BT MOHD SALLEH
36.	MOK YI LIN	GUNASEGARAN S/O SUPPIAH
37.	NUR FARHANA AFIQAH BINTI RADZWAN	MUHAMMAD HASANUDDIN BIN MOHD YUSOFF
38.	NURUL HAFIZAH BINTI ABDUL RAHMAN	CHIA KAY JOO
39.	FATIN AQILAH BINTI RAHMAN	MOHD KHAIRUL FAIRUZ BIN RAHMAN
40.	MIOR FARIDALATHRASH BIN WAHID	TUN MOHAMAD AMMAR BIN AZIZ
41.	NUR RIZATUL BINTI ZULKIFLI	IZYAN BINTI ITHNAIN @ SENIN
42.	EMIRA SHAHIRAH BINTI SULEMAN	RENEKA DEVI A/P SIVALINGAM
43.	NURUL NATASYA BINTI ZAHARON	LEONG HWA VOON
44.	NUR IZZATUL IFFAH BINTI OTHMAN	AHMEENA BANU BT ABDUL AZIZ
45.	LEE ZHEN YI	LIM WAI HUNG
46.	AMEER FIRDAUS BIN MOHD AMIR	MOHD HAKIMI BIN SHAARI
47.	DIVIYARANI A/P RAMESH	VIVEKANANDAN A/L AMS PERIASAMY
48.	CHEANG ANGEL	EDWIN SEIBEL A/L VETHAKAN PAKIANNATHAN

<u>NO.</u>	<u>NAME</u>	<u>MASTER</u>
49.	KARHIKA A/P MOHGAN	RAVEE A/L PONUSAMY
50.	SUFIEA BINTI ARIPIIN	INTAN SURAYYA BINTI ABDUL HALIM
51.	MAGISHASHINI AP ASSOGAN	LIM FANG SAY
52.	NUR HAZWANI BINTI MD NOOR	AMIR KHUSYAIRI BIN MOHAMAD TANUSI
53.	HARVINDERJEET KAUR A/P CHARAN SINGH	RANJIT SINGH SANDHU A/L SHINGARA SINGH
54.	CHAN KAI XIN	JAMES HUNTZEN ONG
55.	NURUL SYUHADAH BT AHMAD SHUHAIMI	HASNITA BINTI MOHD HASSAN
56.	NURUL FATNUN BINTI ZAINUDI	CHARAN SINGH A/L KARTAR SINGH
57.	SARAH ANNESIA BINTI AHMAD JAMAL	SUHAILI BINTI MOHD SHARIF
58.	NUR HUSNINA BINTI AHMAD	MOHD FITRI BIN ASMUNI
59.	NUR AZWANI BINTI BADLISHAH	TAN YIN FONG
60.	HANI SOFEA BINTI MUSTAFA KAMAL	BALDIP SINGH S/O SANTOKH SINGH
61.	THILAGAVALLY A/P BALASUNDARAM	TEOH KWOK WAI
62.	NURUL 'AIN SYAFIQAH BINTI MOHD IQBAL	NURUL LIANA BINTI AZMIN
63.	SASIVARAN A/L KALIDASS	RAJANDRAN A/L M. BALAKRISHNAN
64.	MARYAM HUSNA BINTI ABDUL RAHIM COOKE	VIJAYA ANUSHIA D/O VENGADASALAM
65.	SITI NOORBAEYAH BINTI AMRAN	LIM NGUONG HIN, HENRY
66.	NUR KHALIDAH 'AFIFAH BINTI HASMI	ZAIZURAIMY BIN ABD RAHIM
67.	AASHWINI RAJAN	AMIR FALIQ BIN MOHAMAD JAMIL
68.	JEYARAMM A/L RAJAN	MOHAMAD NIZAM BIN MOHAMED SALLEH
69.	MORGAN A/L SUBRAMANIAM	CHARAN SINGH A/L KARTAR SINGH
70.	GHEETAL KAUR A/P JOGINDER SINGH	NARANYA SINGH A/L ASA SINGH
71.	BAMA A/P VARADARAJU	RAJASEGARAN A/L RAMASAMY
72.	SITI NUR SHUHADA BT JAMALUDDIN	RENEKA DEVI A/P SIVALINGAM
73.	SHARMILA RAJ	SELVARAJAH A/L NADARAJAH
74.	NG PEI QI	LIM SENG PENG

<u>NO.</u>	<u>NAME</u>	<u>MASTER</u>
75.	NURHAYATIE BINTI MAHADZIR	NORAZURA BINTI MOHAMED MOKHTAR
76.	SURESHMURTI A/L RAMAN	SELANGOR BAR STUDENT
77.	SITI SARAH BT SAMSUDDIN SHAH	MOHAMED HAFIZ BIN JALALUDIN
78.	WAN NOR IZZATI BINTI WAN ZAINAL ABBIDIN	NOR AFRIZAH BINTI ABDUL AZIZ
79.	YEOH KIM CHENG	SYAHIDAH HUZAIFAH BINTI AHMAD SUKRI
80.	CHEONG YUAN RONG	SELANGOR BAR STUDENT
81.	MUHAMMAD AIMAN ARIFF BIN MUHAMAD KAMIL	HASNITA BINTI MOHD HASSAN
82.	ALEYSHA KAUR BHATIA	KUALA LUMPUR BAR STUDENT
83.	NURUL HIKMAH BT ROSLAN	KUALA LUMPUR BAR STUDENT
84.	KODISWARI A/P DHEVAN	KUALA LUMPUR BAR STUDENT
85.	AQILAH KHAIRANI BINTI KHARSANI	SELANGOR BAR STUDENT
86.	ADAM HAIKAL BIN MOHAMMED HILMY	KUALA LUMPUR BAR STUDENT
87.	MU'ADZ BIN ZULKARNAIN	PENANG BAR STUDENT
88.	LIM QING YING	KUALA LUMPUR BAR STUDENT
89.	SHAREENA NAIR BINTI MUHAMMAD RIDHWAN	PENANG BAR STUDENT
90.	JONATHAN LEE ZHENG WEI	PENANG BAR STUDENT
91.	LEE ZHUN HAO	KUALA LUMPUR BAR STUDENT
92.	LIM CHIANG BOON	MADAM NG LEY CHOO
93.	MANAL HAYATI BT MOHD ARIFF	BALDIP SINGH A/L SANTOKH SINGH
94.	DHABITAH ADRIANA BT DARUL AMAN	FAUZIANA BT MOHD BHARIL
95.	SITI NURHUSNA BT HEMDAN	CHE IZHAR BIN HAJI CHE SAIDIN

PERAK BAR SENIORITY LIST

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
1	JEYARATNAM, VELUPILLAI	1953-10-21
2	ANTHONY MARIADASS	1968-01-10
3	CHONG SIN KWONG	1969-01-03
4	ROMESH ROY JOSHI	1970-03-02
5	NG YOOK WOON	1971-02-25
6	JAGDIS SINGH SANDU	1971-06-18
7	MUTHUVEERAN S/O SHANMUGAM CHETTIAR	1971-12-31
8	CHE IZHAR B CHE SAIDIN	1972-03-31
9	SINGARAM M	1972-05-16
10	MOHD RADZI BIN SHEIKH AHMAD	1972-11-17
11	HONG CHEW KING	1973-02-09
12	LAI KOK CHEOW	1973-02-09
13	WOO YEW CHOE	1973-06-11
14	TANG KHAI KIT	1973-11-08
15	SELVARAJAH A/L NADARAJAH	1974-09-20
16	GOMES, LEONARD ANSELM	1974-11-11
17	LEONG WAI MAN	1975-05-27
18	LIM NGUONG HIN, HENRY	1975-06-16
19	BALASINGAM, V W	1975-06-20
20	TING CHEK MING	1975-08-19
21	LALCHAND A/L NATHERMAL	1975-11-10
22	MOHAMED AINUDDIN B HAJI ZAINAL ABIDIN	1975-11-13
23	ONG ENG MING	1976-08-23
24	GOH CHING YANG	1976-10-04
25	IRUTHAYA RAJ, A	1976-11-22
26	NGA HOCK CHEH	1976-11-22
27	DARSHAN SINGH GILL	1976-12-09
28	LIM KIM CHOON	1977-08-19

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
29	CHOW MIN YEE	1977-11-04
30	YOGAMALAR D/O CUMARASAMY	1978-12-11
31	GURBACHAN SINGH A/L BAGAWAN SINGH	1979-02-26
32	VISWANATHAN A/L M V SHANMUGAM	1979-07-14
33	DANIEL TAY KWAN HUI	1979-09-25
34	LOH YEW DONG	1980-10-06
35	LAU CHEONG	1981-09-01
36	TING KONG HOOI	1981-09-28
37	NG CHOO BENG	1982-07-30
38	CHING BEE GEOK	1982-10-08
39	CHOY KAM LEE	1983-04-25
40	CHANG KO YOUN	1983-09-09
41	LIM TEIK CHEONG	1983-09-13
42	MANECKSHA D J	1983-12-20
43	LEE YEN SEONG	1984-01-20
44	FAISAL MOHD HANAFIAH	1984-03-10
45	SHAMSURIAH BT SULAIMAN	1984-03-10
46	POH CHEE SENG	1984-04-20
47	CHEONG YIT WAH DORIS	1984-05-26
48	LIM HIM WEE	1984-05-26
49	RUSNAH BT KASSIM	1984-05-26
50	ARUNASALAM, SILVANATHAN	1984-07-28
51	CHING MEW LING	1984-08-03
52	RANJIT SINGH S/O CHANAN SINGH	1984-08-11
53	CHAN KOK KEONG	1984-09-22
54	MINDERJIT KAUR A/P AMOLAK SINGH	1984-10-13
55	CHIA KAY JOO	1985-01-12
56	LEE SOON MING	1985-03-01
57	YAP LAI YUE	1985-04-06
58	NG LAI CHIEK	1985-04-16

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
59	LOH YET KONG	1985-06-24
60	MOHAMAD ASRI B OTHMAN	1985-06-24
61	ARTHUR YEONG CHONG SEN	1985-07-06
62	MATHIALAGAN S/O MATHURAMUTHU	1985-07-27
63	JAYA LETCHUMI D/O K K KUTTAN	1985-08-03
64	MOHD ISMAIL BIN ALI JOHOR	1985-08-24
65	DING SIEW CHING	1985-10-05
66	LOW PING CHENG	1985-12-06
67	DALGIT SINGH S/O BHAGWAN SINGH	1986-01-11
68	NGEH KOO HAM	1986-02-08
69	SUMATHI SIVAMANY	1986-03-29
70	HARBANS SINGH S/O BUDH SINGH	1986-04-29
71	TING MING	1986-06-06
72	CHONG KOK WEI	1986-06-27
73	TENH CHENG TIAP	1986-06-28
74	RAMANAIDU A/L GOLLA SOMULU	1986-07-31
75	TING HUI	1986-08-02
76	GUNASEGARAN S/O SUPPIAH	1986-12-08
77	KARAPAL SINGH @ KERPAL SINGH	1986-12-08
78	ROSHAN KUMAR A/L OAM PARKASH	1986-12-12
79	SUHAIMI B SALLEH	1987-03-28
80	RAMACHANDRAN A/L NANA PULLE	1987-06-15
81	NAMASOO, VEJAYAN A/L SUPPIAH NAMASOO	1987-08-22
82	AISHAH BT YEOP ABD. RAHMAN	1987-09-22
83	SU CHING	1988-01-08
84	LUA KUN ENG	1988-01-29
85	SURIYA P. SUBRAMANIAM	1988-01-29
86	MAD DIAH BIN ENDUT	1988-02-29
87	TOON LING LING	1988-03-12
88	MOHAMED TAWFEEK B HASSAN BADJENID	1988-05-28

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
89	ZORINAH BT MOHD SOBRI	1988-07-08
90	MOHAMAD JAZAMUDDIN B HJ AHMAD NAWAWI	1988-08-13
91	LING LEONG PENG	1988-08-27
92	PU KIT LAI	1988-08-27
93	WAN YUET SINN	1988-08-27
94	NIK MOHAMAD AMIN B NIK ABDULLAH	1988-11-19
95	MUNIANDY A/L CHADAYAN	1988-12-03
96	PRITHI MALA VERMA	1989-01-14
97	NG POH TAT	1989-02-04
98	NGEH HONG CHEONG	1989-02-11
99	PURSHOTAMDAS A/L NATHERMAL	1989-03-25
100	HAIRUL AZAM B HASSAN	1989-04-01
101	ZULKIFLI B ZABIDIN	1989-04-28
102	CHOO CHENG LEE	1989-05-27
103	MEOR SHAAZIZI B MEOR SHAARI	1989-05-27
104	SARJEET SINGH A/L BANTA SINGH	1989-05-27
105	RAMARMUTY A/L DORAISAMY	1989-06-10
106	LIM TEIK LEE	1989-07-14
107	SRISKANDA A/L THAMOTHARAM	1989-08-12
108	WAN KOON SENG	1989-08-19
109	ANATHARATCHAGAN @ ANANDAN P THATCHANAMOORTHY	1989-08-25
110	CHEE BENG WAH ROLAND	1989-08-25
111	SELVADORAY S/O THANDANYAN	1989-09-21
112	SHANTI LINGAM	1989-09-22
113	ARJAN SINGH A/L BISHEN SINGH	1989-09-23
114	MUKHTIAR KAUR A/P SURAT SINGH	1990-02-23
115	NGOO WENG JING	1990-02-23
116	YAP WAI KHEONG	1990-02-23
117	SYED AHMAD IMDADZ B SAID ABAS	1990-03-06
118	AKHIRUDDIN B MOHAMAD TAIB	1990-03-09

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
119	ZULFIKRI B HJ ULUL AZMIN	1990-04-20
120	HERLINA BT AMAN NOR RASID	1990-05-18
121	KAMALA MAHLINI A/P P JEGANATHAN	1990-06-18
122	LEE POOI MUN @ NUR AZEAN LEE BT. ABDULLAH	1990-07-06
123	SHARIFAH MAHANOM BT SYED OMAR	1990-08-04
124	RANJIT KAUR A/P SARJIT SINGH	1990-08-17
125	CHEN CHEONG HENG	1990-08-25
126	KIRANJEET KAUR SIDHU A/P CHARAN SINGH	1990-08-25
127	SHANTI A/P R. THAMBIPILLAY	1990-08-25
128	VIVEKANANDAN A/L AMS PERIASAMY	1990-08-25
129	LING YOKE TEK	1990-09-12
130	LEE KOK KHOON	1990-09-22
131	WAN KOON MENG	1990-10-20
132	RAJIT SINGH A/L TARA SINGH	1990-12-01
133	SELVARATNAM A/L VELLUPILLAI	1990-12-01
134	JOHAN SELVAM BIN ABDULLAH	1990-12-08
135	SYED MOHD TAHIR B SYED AZMAN	1991-03-01
136	HAMMAD FAESOL B ZUHAD	1991-03-22
137	LIN SOOK CHIN	1991-03-22
138	AHMAD KAMAL BIN AYOB	1991-04-26
139	LEONG KOK KEONG	1991-06-26
140	SALMIHAH BT SHEIKH MOHAMMAD	1991-07-19
141	WONG SET PEW	1991-08-02
142	PARAMJIT KAUR A/P GURBAKHES SINGH	1991-08-23
143	BALJIT SING A/L BHAGWAN SING	1991-09-14
144	LIEW MENG WAI	1991-09-14
145	FOONG KITSON	1991-10-04
146	LIM MENG HUAT	1991-10-04
147	CHEE SWI LIN	1991-10-18
148	RAJA SINGAM A/L DEVAPITCHAI	1991-11-01

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
149	SAKTHIVEL NAGALINGAM	1991-11-02
150	NOOR ASMAH BT MOHD NAWAWI	1992-03-16
151	CHE INDON BT ILYAS	1992-03-27
152	GOH MEE LU	1992-03-27
153	NORIZAN TARMEZE @ GHAZALI	1992-04-11
154	ARIYANI BT MOHD AMIN @ ABDUL HAMID	1992-04-16
155	MOHAMAD SHAM B MOHAMAD SAAD	1992-05-03
156	KHAIRUL SALLEH B IBRAHIM	1992-05-09
157	NG SENG YUM	1992-05-09
158	CHUN CHEE CHONG	1992-06-13
159	DING MING HEA	1992-08-29
160	SARANPAL SINGH GILL	1992-09-05
161	CHEANG LEK CHOY	1992-10-03
162	MANJIT SINGH S/O DARA SINGH	1992-10-03
163	ONG YUEN FUN	1992-10-03
164	CHEAH KOK NUNG	1992-10-16
165	WONG POH LENG	1992-10-16
166	TEH CHENG LEE	1992-11-20
167	CHAN HOE CHENG	1993-01-02
168	JOSEPHA LEE BEE HOON	1993-01-02
169	SUBRAMANIAM A/L KARUPPIAH	1993-01-02
170	KUTHIAH A/L ARUNASALAM	1993-02-27
171	LIM CHEONG KIAT	1993-03-05
172	MANI MARAN A/L CHELLAPPAN	1993-03-19
173	MOHD ANUAR B AHMAD	1993-03-19
174	JUHaida BT ABDUL KADIR	1993-03-20
175	MODESHANANTHAM A/L VELUPPILAI	1993-03-20
176	NORAINI BT MOHD ZAIN	1993-03-20
177	CHONG POH KUEN	1993-04-16
178	FAIZUL HILMY B AHMAD ZAMRI	1993-04-17

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
179	WAN HAMIDAH BT WAN ISMAIL	1993-05-13
180	CHONG KOK KEUN	1993-07-03
181	NEOH HOOI SIM	1993-07-24
182	PANDI DURAI A/L SINGARAM	1993-09-24
183	LOONG CHET SIEAN	1993-09-25
184	NUR ASIKIN BT ABDUL RAHMAN	1993-09-25
185	S. KALYANI A/P SINGARAM	1993-10-01
186	YOONG WENG LEONG	1993-10-08
187	CHAN SING KHUEN	1993-10-09
188	LIM SWEE SENG	1993-10-21
189	SAN YU	1994-01-15
190	MAURICE ERNEST SCULLY	1994-01-21
191	CHAN KEAN SIEW	1994-01-29
192	NAVASEELAN S/O SUPPIAH	1994-01-29
193	GANESAN S/O KARUPPANNAN	1994-02-18
194	KAMARIAH BT MOHD KASSIM	1994-02-19
195	NARANYA SINGH S/O ASA SINGH	1994-02-19
196	JUDE CELESTINE RAJ	1994-03-04
197	WONG SIEW ENG	1994-03-25
198	KIRENJIT KAUR A/P AJIT SINGH	1994-03-26
199	NOR AKMAR BT MOHD ALI	1994-03-26
200	MOHD FATHI BIN MAT ZIN	1994-04-09
201	NOR AZHANI BT ZAINAL BADRI	1994-04-09
202	NIK SALWANI BT HASBULLAH	1994-04-11
203	HAJJAH SALWAH BT HAJI MD GHAZALI	1994-04-22
204	AMINUDDIN B ZULKIPLI	1994-04-29
205	GHAZALI B MOHD RAMLI	1994-04-29
206	ATHITHAN A/L SINGARAVELU	1994-05-07
207	FAIRUZ AL-WAHIBAH BT HJ HASAN ADLI	1994-05-20
208	MOHD AZMI B OTHMAN	1994-05-20

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
209	MAZLINA BT MEOR AHMAD	1994-06-25
210	RADIN KATINI BT ABDUL WAHAB	1994-06-25
211	CHENG TING CHIN	1994-07-08
212	POH BAN CHUAN	1994-07-08
213	MURALI S/O PURANACHANDRAN	1994-08-06
214	YEOH WEN DE	1994-08-06
215	ABDULHAQ B HJ. ABDUL HADI	1994-08-19
216	LEE PEAK NAI, JOYCE	1994-10-21
217	NG LAI SHEAN	1994-10-22
218	SARANJIT SINGH A/L GURCHARAN SINGH	1994-10-29
219	LEONG CHEOK KENG	1994-11-04
220	PREETKIRAN KAUR A/P PRETHAM SINGH	1994-11-04
221	RAVICHANDARAN SELLIAH	1994-11-04
222	RAAM KUMAR	1994-11-05
223	SU KEONG SIEW	1994-11-05
224	SU KEONG SIONG	1994-11-05
225	TAN KHAY BOON	1994-11-05
226	KENNETH GEORGE WILLIAM	1994-12-03
227	LIM TA WAI	1994-12-03
228	NG MUNG YIN	1994-12-03
229	RAVEE A/L PONUSAMY	1994-12-03
230	NOR HISHAMMUDDIN B MOHD NORDIN	1994-12-23
231	TOH HOON WOOI	1995-01-06
232	ONG LET WEI	1995-01-11
233	WONG SWEE YEE	1995-02-08
234	MAH KOK LEONG	1995-02-11
235	MOHAMMAD YUNUS BIN MOHD @ AHMAD ALI	1995-02-11
236	RAVEEN RAI RATTI A/L SATIAPAL	1995-02-11
237	SELVAM A/L NADARAJAH	1995-02-11
238	VIJAYA ANUSHIA A/P VENGADASALAM	1995-02-11

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
239	GOH CHEE KEONG	1995-02-16
240	AMRIT KAUR A/P AMAR SINGH	1995-02-18
241	HO SIEW MAI	1995-02-24
242	SANTHIRAN A/L VELOO	1995-02-25
243	YUSNITA BINTI YUSOFF	1995-02-25
244	GOH SWEE MOI	1995-02-28
245	ERIC CLEMENT A/L A. SEBASTIAN	1995-03-16
246	MOHAN SINGH A/L BAGHER SINGH	1995-03-18
247	JOSEPH A/L SEBESTIAN	1995-04-01
248	SEERALASITTAN A/L ELIATHAMBY PALANYVEL	1995-04-01
249	JAMALI BIN TAJUDDIN	1995-04-12
250	TERENCE NAIDU A/L V. RAJA @ RAJA NAIDU	1995-04-12
251	MOHD JAMIL BIN ABDUL RAHMAN	1995-04-14
252	FATIMAH BINTI SABRI	1995-04-19
253	SHAHRIK BIN ABDUL KARIM	1995-04-28
254	IDRIS BIN AWANG	1995-09-15
255	JAGJIT SINGH A/L GIAN SINGH	1995-10-14
256	LEE CHIANG YUEH	1995-10-14
257	MAHINDERJIT SINGH A/L JOGINDER SINGH	1995-10-14
258	KHOO BOON CHUAN	1995-10-28
259	LIE SOOK FUNG	1995-10-28
260	CHANG KOK WEI, DAVID	1995-10-30
261	NG BOON PIN	1995-12-08
262	LIM GOOI FOOK	1995-12-09
263	HOOI WY-HON, VINCENT	1995-12-16
264	HO WOON CHOON	1995-12-22
265	AINA BT ABDUL GHANI	1996-02-10
266	ONG SWEE LONG	1996-03-08
267	GUOK JINN LIH	1996-03-09
268	KULVINDER SINGH A/L GURDIAL SINGH	1996-03-09

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
269	NAHTAN A/L N. KRISHNAN	1996-03-09
270	TAN AI LUAN	1996-03-09
271	HABEEB RAHMAN BIN ASAMARATHAR ANWARDEEN	1996-03-22
272	NOR'AMIMI @ NORLAILA BT SEPTI	1996-03-22
273	CHAN WENG ONN	1996-03-23
274	LEUK SING YEE	1996-03-23
275	PANJALINGAM A/L A. THARUMALINGAM	1996-03-23
276	MURSHIDAH BT MUSTAFA	1996-04-01
277	ROLHIZAM BIN ALIAS	1996-04-06
278	SRI HANA BT MOHAMAD	1996-04-06
279	NOORHAZLINDA BINTI MOHD NOOR	1996-04-13
280	ABDUL KHALIL BIN MOHD ZAKI	1996-04-17
281	KAMARUL ARIFFIN BIN HASSAN	1996-04-20
282	SHAIFUL RAHIMI BIN MOHD NOOR	1996-04-20
283	ROZINA BT ABD MAJID	1996-05-11
284	ANA SHAHRANA BTE ANNUAR	1996-05-18
285	CHIN PIK KHIUN	1996-06-22
286	TAN HOOI LENG	1996-06-28
287	VENGETRAMAN S/O MANICKAM	1996-06-29
288	NATHAN SUBRAMANIAM ELIATAMBY	1996-07-27
289	CHIN HEIN CHOONG	1996-08-10
290	WONG KOK HOONG	1996-08-10
291	CHEAH SAU VOON	1996-09-21
292	LOOI POH LING	1996-09-28
293	LOW SEAN HOOI	1996-10-18
294	RAJAN A/L APPLASAMY	1996-10-18
295	WONG SIANG PING	1996-10-18
296	CHONG ENG HAW	1996-11-02
297	NOR ASHIKIN BINTI NOOR AZAIDIN	1996-11-02
298	JAYAPRATHAP S/O BULOGA POTHAL	1996-11-08

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
299	NG KANG HONG	1996-11-13
300	ARULSINGAM BALASINGAM KASINATHER	1996-11-23
301	KELVIN DING	1996-11-23
302	NGA KOO KOY	1996-11-25
303	MAH YUT CHOY	1996-12-21
304	MUHAMMAD HASIF BIN HASAN	1996-12-22
305	LIM LEONG LANG @ SUSIE LIM	1997-01-09
306	NORASMADI BIN MOHD SHARIFF	1997-01-09
307	LEONG SAI HWA	1997-01-18
308	IZHAR BIN IBRAHIM	1997-01-23
309	HARRY KOAY KHOON BENG	1997-01-27
310	PARAMSIVAN A/L GOVINDAN	1997-03-01
311	CHEN KOK WAI	1997-03-22
312	EDWIN SEIBEL A/L VETHAKAN PAKIANNATHAN	1997-03-22
313	ADHAM JAMALULLAIL BIN HJ IBRAHIM	1997-04-05
314	KEW WOON LIAN	1997-04-05
315	WONG JEE LEONG	1997-04-05
316	MANJIT SINGH A/L RANJIT SINGH	1997-04-12
317	KAM BOOI KEONG	1997-05-17
318	NOR AZIAH BINTI SIDEK	1997-05-22
319	JUNAINAH BT ABD LATEB	1997-05-24
320	MIOR SHAHIDON B. MIOR MOHAMAD YUSOP	1997-05-24
321	TALHAH BIN ABDULLAH THANI	1997-06-14
322	YAU WAI LEONG	1997-06-14
323	MA FOONG YIN	1997-06-28
324	LOKMAN BIN ABDULLAH	1997-07-10
325	NG CHII FA	1997-07-11
326	SALINA BT HUSIN	1997-07-19
327	ABDUL HALIM BIN MUSTAFFA	1997-08-07
328	THINESH S/O VADIVELU	1997-08-09

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
329	NEOH ANG WEI	1997-08-16
330	BADRUL HISHAH BIN ABD. WAHAP	1997-08-30
331	KARUNANANTHAN A/L MUTHUVELU	1997-08-30
332	NOOR HANIZA BT MOHD SALLEH	1997-08-30
333	CHEN YOKE LIN	1997-09-27
334	SYED SHAFIQ ALHABSHI BIN SYED ALWI	1997-09-27
335	ELIATHAMBY ERNEST BALASINGAM	1997-11-01
336	KENNY CHAN KEAN LI	1997-11-01
337	NG LEY CHOO	1997-11-01
338	RUSIDAH BT KASSIM	1997-11-01
339	VIKNESWARAN A/L SIVANADIAN	1997-11-15
340	WOO KOR LEONG	1997-11-15
341	JASWINDER KAUR D/O ISHER SINGH	1997-11-20
342	CHITRA DEVI A/P GOPAL	1997-11-22
343	SHEANNA SHANTA A/P KENNETH VELU	1997-11-22
344	KHAIRILAZWAR BIN KHALIL	1997-12-30
345	NG HONG DUAN	1998-01-08
346	NORAINI BINTI MOHD AMRAN	1998-01-10
347	MARY LIM @ LIM MEI LENG	1998-01-17
348	V. VIJAKUMAR A/L R. VELLUPILLAI	1998-01-17
349	NG CHIAO CHON	1998-02-05
350	AZLINA BINTI ANUAL	1998-02-28
351	LEONG HOW CHOO	1998-02-28
352	LIM SENG PENG	1998-02-28
353	LOW MEE KENG	1998-02-28
354	ASHA SELVAMANI A/P SELVAMANI	1998-03-14
355	NITHIANANTHAN A/L VASUDEVAN	1998-03-14
356	OOI SIOK HOON	1998-03-14
357	TASAN SINGH A/L KRISHNAN SINGH	1998-03-14
358	AKMAL AZIDIN BIN ALWI	1998-03-20

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
359	WONG SIANG HUN	1998-03-20
360	NORALI BIN NORDIN	1998-04-02
361	LEONG YARN MING, JOSHUA	1998-04-11
362	LIM CHING CHING	1998-04-11
363	TEE SUAT CHOO	1998-04-18
364	SHHRUL AMALI BIN SHAFIE	1998-04-23
365	AHMAD YANI BIN AMINUDDIN	1998-05-09
366	SUPPIAH A/L PALANISAMY	1998-05-09
367	INTAN ZURINA BINTI DATO' HJ YAHYA	1998-05-30
368	TAN SIEW YUNG	1998-05-30
369	AHMAD SYUHAIMI BIN ADNAN	1998-06-20
370	FONG PO KUAN	1998-06-20
371	TAQRIR AKRAMIN BIN KHALIB	1998-06-20
372	NAILI BINTI MOHD HILMI @ HILMI	1998-06-27
373	RAJA BADARIAH BINTI RAJA DAUD	1998-06-27
374	TUN MOHAMAD AMMAR BIN AZIZ	1998-08-08
375	CHARANJIT SINGH A/L GURDEV SINGH	1998-10-03
376	GOH SUAN POI	1998-10-03
377	RAVEET KAUR A/P JAGDIS SINGH	1998-10-03
378	KHOO POH LI	1998-10-10
379	NOOR HAKIMI BIN OSMAN	1998-10-10
380	SHAMINI A/P A. MAHALINGAM	1998-10-10
381	SURINDAR SINGH A/L CHAIN SINGH	1998-10-10
382	THIRU MANGAI A/P KRISHNAN	1998-10-10
383	YEE SEU KAI	1998-10-10
384	YU CHON LAN	1998-10-10
385	WONG WENG TIEN	1998-10-23
386	CHIN MUN VOON	1998-10-26
387	NORAZALI BIN NORDIN	1998-10-31
388	LAU, VICTOR	1998-11-06

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
389	MOHD AZUARIZANUDDIN BIN MUSA	1998-11-11
390	DING TEO HOO @ JOSHUA DING	1998-11-18
391	PREMA GEETHA D/O M RAMALINGAM	1998-12-10
392	NESAMALAR A/P VELLAYATHAM	1999-01-09
393	NG WEI JEN	1999-01-30
394	LING LAY CHOON	1999-02-11
395	NONEE ASHIRIN BT MOHD RADZI	1999-02-13
396	BALASUNDARAM S/O PALANISAMY	1999-02-25
397	CHOONG MENG SZE	1999-02-27
398	LING LAY KEONG	1999-02-27
399	MOHD IDRIS BIN HJ JAFFAR	1999-02-27
400	KARTINI DERMA DEWI BT. SUARMAN	1999-04-20
401	SITI KHAIRATUL HANIM BINTI KAMARUL ZAMAN	1999-04-24
402	T. ELLANGGOVAN A/L THAMBIRAJU	1999-04-24
403	CHEONG YAU KHEONG	1999-05-22
404	LEONG KOK MENG	1999-05-22
405	SUHAILA BINTI OTHMAN	1999-06-11
406	JASWANT KAUR A/P RAM SINGH	1999-06-19
407	SHHRIL ADLI BIN ZAIN	1999-06-19
408	MUHAMMAD FUAAD BIN SAIBUN	1999-07-24 .
409	SAIFUL ADLI BIN HAJI MOHD ARSHAD	1999-07-24
410	BRIGITTE A/P LOURDESAMY	1999-08-21
411	RABINDER SINGH A/L JUGGEET SINGH	1999-08-21
412	KOK LI SHAN	1999-08-28
413	LOKE SU-YI	1999-08-28
414	HARI SINGH SIDHU	1999-09-25
415	NARINDER KAUR A/P LABH SINGH	1999-09-25
416	KUMARESAN A/L SHANMUGAM	1999-09-30
417	ANIT KAUR RANDHAWA A/P HIRA SINGH	1999-10-06
418	AYLESWARY A/P BATHAMANATHAN	1999-10-09

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
419	CHUNG VOON CHIN	1999-10-09
420	HABAGAN KAUR A/P CHANCHAL SINGH	1999-10-09
421	INDERJIT SINGH A/L GURDIAL SINGH	1999-10-09
422	S. DHARMANATHAN A/L SUPPIAH SAMINATHAN	1999-10-14
423	RANJIT SINGH SANDHU A/L SHINGARA SINGH	1999-10-23
424	LEE HOE LEONG	1999-11-12
425	BALDIP SINGH S/O SANTOKH SINGH	1999-11-13
426	LIM HUI KIAN	1999-11-13
427	RACHAEL SHANTI A/P P. A . SAMUEL	1999-11-13
428	IAN CHOO CHEIN - HUN	1999-11-20
429	RAKESH LAL A/L PUNI LAL	1999-11-20
430	ONG LAY HWA	1999-12-11
431	KIRENDEEP KAUR A/P SOHAN SINGH	1999-12-15
432	FATIMAH BINTI ALANG AHMAD SHAH	2000-01-29
433	HARUSIN BIN SHUIB	2000-02-11
434	BABU RAJ A/L RAJA GOPAL	2000-02-26
435	KONG WAI NGEE	2000-03-11
436	LOW YONG LAM	2000-03-11
437	NORAZURA BINTI MOHAMED MOKHTAR	2000-04-08
438	MUSTAFA BIN GHAZALI	2000-04-22
439	ZARINAH BINTI GHAZALI	2000-04-22
440	HAIZAM FITRI BIN ABDUL JALIL	2000-04-29
441	MARNIZA BINTI MOHD MOKHTAR	2000-05-03
442	ROSNIZA BINTI ISMAIL	2000-05-03
443	KATHAN MARUTHAMUTHU	2000-05-27
444	HASNAYATI BINTI HAJI YAAKUB	2000-06-20
445	MOHD FATTAH BIN RAZALI	2000-06-24
446	ZAIZURAIMY BIN ABD RAHIM	2000-06-24
447	NIK SANIHA BINTI NIK ABDULLAH	2000-06-30
448	KHIRUN ANUAR BIN MALI	2000-07-07

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
449	CHARAN SINGH S/O KARTAR SINGH	2000-07-22
450	LIEW KAR TUAN	2000-07-22
451	KUMARAVALLI A/L VARADARAJOO	2000-07-27
452	YUSHANITA BINTI MOHD YUSOF	2000-07-27
453	KANAKARAJ A/L RAJAGOPAL	2000-07-28
454	MANJEET KAUR A/P KEHAR SINGH	2000-07-29
455	ATIFAH NAZUAN BINTI RAMLI	2000-08-02
456	DILVINDER KAUR A/P GURDIAL SINGH	2000-08-17
457	HO PENG CHIN JOSEPHINE	2000-09-14
458	NOOR AZILAH BINTI MAT YAACOB	2000-09-28
459	CHUAH TEONG WAH	2000-09-30
460	FARIZATUL SHIMA BT ABDUL HAMID	2000-09-30
461	LAI CHOE KEN	2000-09-30
462	LING SING PING	2000-09-30
463	NGEH KO CHEONG	2000-09-30
464	SAROOP SINGH A/L MILKA SINGH	2000-09-30
465	SELVANAYAGAM A/L KAILASAM	2000-09-30
466	SATHEES KUMAR S/O GOVINDAN	2000-10-30
467	SUDESH SINGH A/L SALINDER SINGH	2000-10-30
468	TEO SIEW CHIN	2000-10-30
469	LIM FANG SAY	2000-11-03
470	TANG KUOK TOU WINCENT	2000-11-11
471	NOORSHAHIRAH MOHAN BINTI ABDULLAH	2000-11-25
472	AMARJIT SINGH GILL A/L DARSHAN SINGH	2000-12-08
473	AHMEENA BANU BINTI ABDUL AZIZ	2001-01-16
474	LEONG KENG WAI	2001-01-16
475	THARMALINGAM A/L KARUPPANNAN	2001-01-16
476	BALJEET KAUR A/P HARBHAJAN SINGH	2001-01-19
477	SHANTHY MARY RAJ	2001-01-29
478	ISKANDAR AL-BAKRI BIN YUSOFF AL-BAKRI	2001-04-20

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
479	AHMAD SHAZALI BIN ABA IBRAHIM	2001-05-11
480	NORHASHAM BIN HAJI HASAN	2001-05-30
481	ROSMALIZA BINTI MUSTAFFA	2001-05-30
482	IRMOHIZAM BIN IBRAHIM	2001-06-14
483	DANIAL RAHMAN BIN YANG RAZALI	2001-06-22
484	MOHAMAD NIZAM BIN MOHAMED SALLEH	2001-06-22
485	NOR HISHAM BIN SIRAT	2001-06-22
486	SUHAILI BINTI MOHD SHARIF	2001-06-22
487	ABDUL RAZAK BIN AMIN	2001-06-23
488	AHMAD MUZAMBIR BIN ABD RAZAK	2001-06-23
489	FAIZAL 'ARIF BIN TAJUL ARIFFIN	2001-06-23
490	RASADURAI A/L K. SUBRAMANIAM	2001-06-23
491	SYARIFAH AMNAH BINTI SYED ZAKARIA	2001-07-13
492	NOR RAIHAN BINTI ABDULLAH	2001-07-18
493	AHMAD ROSMY BIN ABDUL RAOF	2001-07-23
494	AWTAR KAUR A/P CHAIN SINGH	2001-07-27
495	GAVIN TANG CHENG LOONG	2001-07-27
496	LAI SUE ANN	2001-07-27
497	NAVIT KAUR RANDHAWA A/P HIRA SINGH	2001-07-27
498	NG WHUI CHENG	2001-07-27
499	SARAVANAN A/L MUTHUVEERAN	2001-07-27
500	SU ENG HOCK	2001-07-27
501	TAN MOOK CHOON	2001-07-27
502	WAN YIN FUN	2001-08-16
503	BALJEET KAUR D/O MAHINDER SINGH	2001-09-14
504	LIM YUN EDMUND	2001-09-28
505	TAN CHIK WAI	2001-10-11
506	NG KEEM MING	2001-10-26
507	RASHPAL SINGH A/L KHAJAN SINGH	2001-11-02
508	FAUZIANA BINTI MOHD BHARIL	2001-11-23

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
509	HENNIE SORAYA BT HANAFI	2001-11-23
510	KOH BOON HEE	2001-11-23
511	LEE KAR HENG	2001-12-06
512	BHUPINDER-JIT SINGH A/L KARAM SINGH	2001-12-14
513	KARTINA BINTI KAMARUDDIN	2001-12-14
514	SOONG TZE TOONG	2001-12-14
515	MOHAMAD REDZUAN BIN IDRUS	2002-01-12
516	SHARMALA A/P BATUMALAI	2002-01-18
517	NATASYAH DEWI BINTI ANUAR	2002-01-26
518	AZMAH HANIM BINTI ABD AZIZ	2002-03-08
519	RANJIT KAUR GILL A/P DARSHAN SINGH	2002-03-14
520	PUTERA BIN AB. RAHAMAN	2002-03-29
521	FEY AQIS BIN MOHD KHAIRUDDIN	2002-04-12
522	NG KING HOE	2002-04-12
523	RAHIMI BINTI RAMLI	2002-04-12
524	SYUHaida BINTI SABUDIN	2002-04-12
525	ZUFAIDI BIN MOHAMAD	2002-04-12
526	RAFIDAH BINTI SATIMIN	2002-04-18
527	AZHAR B MD. ISA	2002-04-19
528	VELMURUGAN A/L PACHAI	2002-05-23
529	RAHIMAH BT MOHAMAD	2002-06-14
530	MOHAMED HARIDAN BIN HAMDAN	2002-07-12
531	ESMAEL SHAH BIN SHAHRUDIN	2002-08-23
532	NOR ATIAH BINTI CHE HARUN	2002-08-23
533	KALAI SELVAM A/L ARUNACHALAM	2002-09-20
534	AZLINA BINTI YUSOFF	2002-09-25
535	NUR AKMAR BINTI ADNAN	2002-10-04
536	LAI YUEN SEE	2002-11-01
537	FAIZAL BIN KAMARUDDIN	2002-11-26
538	MUHAMAD NAJIB BIN MAT ZAIN	2002-12-20

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
539	LIEW SEK YUEN	2003-01-17
540	CHIAM YEONG HOCK	2003-01-24
541	ROBERT S GNANARAJAN	2003-01-24
542	SUBASHINI A/P GUNASEGRAN	2003-01-24
543	LIM POH LEONG	2003-02-14
544	NORZIDATUL AINI MOHD. NAZRI	2003-03-20
545	LOH SIEW PENG	2003-03-28
546	NURUL HUDA BINTI ADNAN	2003-04-24
547	HASNITA BINTI MOHD HASSAN	2003-06-13
548	RAIHAN BINTI AHMED FADZIL	2003-06-27
549	MARINA BINTI ABDUL MANAP	2003-06-28
550	RAJANDRAN A/L M. BALAKRISHNAN	2003-09-26
551	HONG CHONG HANG	2003-10-30
552	GUNASEGRAN A/L DESARI	2003-10-31
553	RUZITAH BINTI SARBANI	2003-10-31
554	MUMTAZ BEGUM BINTI MOHAMMED YUNUS	2003-12-05
555	MOHD RIDZUAN BIN MAMAT @ SUHAIMI	2004-01-30
556	RAJA GOPAL A/L SUBBIAH @ S GOBAL	2004-02-13
557	MOHD DZRAN BIN MD DESA	2004-03-05
558	SITI AMINAH BINTI MAT JINUN	2004-03-05
559	ZULAIHA BINTI AHMAD SIDEK	2004-03-27
560	WAN MUHD KHOMENI BIN WAN MD SHARIFF	2004-04-15
561	ROZANA BINTI ESA	2004-05-13
562	NUR SUHAILY BINTI RAMLI	2004-05-20
563	LOW JOOK YUEN	2004-05-29
564	NURWATI BINTI MOHAMED MOKHTAR	2004-05-29
565	MUHAMMAD SAFNI BIN MUSA	2004-06-18
566	TAN WAN YEE	2004-06-24
567	ZETY AKHTAR BINTI ABU BAKAR	2004-08-06
568	CHERYL ANNE GOMES	2004-09-03

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
569	AZMIRA BINTI ABD AZIZ	2004-09-27
570	TOH POH LENG	2004-10-08
571	SITI AISHAH BINTI ABDULLAH	2004-10-15
572	NGA MEI YEN	2004-10-29
573	NOORWAHIDA BINTI HAJI OTHMAN	2004-10-29
574	MARISA BINTI MAMAT	2004-11-26
575	MA'AROF BIN ABDUL KARIM	2004-12-03
576	MUNIRAH BINTI ABD RAHMAN	2004-12-09
577	NIK ERMAN BIN NIK ROSELI	2004-12-09
578	HAFSAH BINTI SHUIB	2004-12-10
579	JAGATHEASON A/L RAMIAH	2004-12-11
580	PHAN YAU YIN	2005-02-04
581	NORHANA BINTI MAHAYUDIN	2005-02-22
582	CHE SUHAILA BINTI MOHAMED IHSAN	2005-02-24
583	SUMITA KAUR BANWAIT A/P A SAVINDER SINGH	2005-02-26
584	AZHAR BIN JALALUDIN	2005-03-11
585	NUURUL `AZMI BIN ZAINAL ABIDIN	2005-03-24
586	MUHAMMAD FAIZ BIN MD SALLEH	2005-04-09
587	MOHD SYUKRI BIN YAHAYA	2005-05-27
588	NOOR HAZIRAH BINTI HASSIN	2005-06-24
589	NORA BINTI NAPIS	2005-07-14
590	WOO SOO CHOY	2005-09-08
591	HARBHAJAN SINGH A/L GURDIAL SINGH	2005-09-16
592	MIOR NOR HAIDIR BIN SUHAIMI	2005-09-29
593	SURESH ANDREW A/L RAJANSAM	2005-09-29
594	MAZUIN BINTI ABD. HAMID	2005-10-27
595	RENUKA A/P PASPANATHAN	2005-11-10
596	NOR AZDILAH BINTI MOHAMAD ZAIZI	2005-11-18
597	PRITAM SINGH A/L SADHU SINGH	2005-11-23
598	NOORULINTAN BINTI MOHAMED RIDZUWAN	2005-12-01

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
599	FAIZAH NUR BINTI ALI SHIBRAMULISI	2006-01-12
600	YAP KOK KHEONG	2006-01-20
601	CHONG KOK YEW	2006-03-09
602	OOI KAI CHEONG	2006-03-09
603	SHABNAM HASEENA BINTI MOHAMAD HANIF	2006-03-15
604	SURIAH BINTI HARIS FADILAH	2006-03-16
605	NOR AFRIZAH BINTI ABDUL AZIZ	2006-03-23
606	YEW YONG SIEW	2006-03-23
607	SITI NA'IM BINTI JAMALUDDIN	2006-03-30
608	SELVARAJA A/L CHINNIAH	2006-04-07
609	DING NGIK ENG	2006-04-13
610	MARSYARA BINTI OMAR	2006-05-04
611	ZURAINI BINTI MOHD SAID	2006-05-24
612	FAUZIAH BINTI AHMAD PUAT	2006-05-25
613	NENG BINTI RAZALI	2006-05-25
614	MOHD SYAIRUSROHAN BIN MOHD SEHAN	2006-06-30
615	ASRUL SANI BIN MOHD ANWAR	2006-07-06
616	TAN YIN FONG	2006-07-13
617	HAYATI BINTI YAHYA UDIN	2006-07-27
618	KAMALA NATHAN A/L MUNISAMY	2006-07-27
619	LALITHA A/P DORAIRAJ	2006-07-27
620	ANG KOK CHUN	2006-07-28
621	DING CHU TECK	2006-08-17
622	TAN SOO LING	2006-09-15
623	GAN DICK WEI	2006-09-21
624	SANTHA CUMARE A/P THANNIMALAI	2006-09-22
625	MOHD SHAIFUL FAIZAL BIN RAHMAN	2006-11-15
626	SITI HAJAR BINTI MOHD NAWI	2006-12-14
627	NANDA KUMAR A/L P S SUPPIAH	2007-01-10
628	MOHD HAFIZ BIN ABDUL RAHMAN	2007-01-12

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
629	MOHD HAKIMI BIN SHAARI	2007-01-26
630	KHORI BIN MOHD NOOR	2007-02-22
631	SITI AISIAH BT AZIT	2007-03-01
632	NORLIS AZURA BINTI ZAINOL	2007-04-08
633	ASHWIDA BINTI ABD SAMAD	2007-04-16
634	HIZRI BIN HASSHAN	2007-05-11
635	NOORAZMIR BIN ZAKARIA	2007-05-22
636	NG CHIN KEE	2007-05-23
637	MANOHARAN A/L TEVADASIN	2007-05-25
638	RENEKA DEVI A/P SIVALINGAM	2007-05-25
639	NAZIATUL AZRIN BINTI FAIZAL	2007-06-27
640	AMIR KHUSYAIRI BIN MOHAMAD TANUSI	2007-06-29
641	KARTINI BINTI MANSOR	2007-07-19
642	FAKHRUDDIN BIN DZULKARNAIN	2007-09-27
643	SARAVANABAVAN A/L MATHIALAGAN	2007-09-28
644	JAYANTHI DIANA A/P GNANAPATHY	2007-10-10
645	NURUL FAIZATULAKMA BINTI MOHD NGAH	2007-11-01
646	NURUL AKMAR BINTI KAMARUL BAHARIN	2007-11-28
647	MD NOOR BIN MOHAMMAD YUSOFF	2007-11-29
648	NURUL SYUHADA BINTI MOHD YUSOF	2007-12-13
649	MUHAMMAD NAJIB BIN ROHIM	2008-01-07
650	NORAZLINA BINTI MAT ALI	2008-01-17
651	VIJAYAKUMAR A/L P.SUPPIAH	2008-01-17
652	ARNOLD ANDREW A/L P. ANTHONY MUTHU	2008-01-25
653	MUHAIMIN BIN ARIS	2008-01-25
654	VICKY LEE YOKE HUI	2008-03-07
655	FARAH DIANA BINTI HASLI @ ALIAS	2008-04-18
656	MOHD KHAIRUL FAIRUZ BIN RAHMAN	2008-04-18
657	NORASHIKIN BINTI ZAINUDIN	2008-04-18
658	FADHILATUL RASHADAH BINTI AZIZ	2008-04-30

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
659	TAN GAIK SWAN	2008-06-13
660	TEOH WAN LOON	2008-06-13
661	FIRDA ELENA BINTI OMARDIN	2008-06-26
662	NORLIDA BINTI ISHAK	2008-06-26
663	EDYNOOR HIEFNEE BIN RAZALI	2008-07-10
664	MOHAMED FADZIL BIN ABDUL MANAN	2008-07-11
665	JUSTINE DEVAKUMAR A/L PANNIRSELVAM	2008-07-25
666	ONG BEE KHOON	2008-08-01
667	LIM CHI CHAU	2008-08-08
668	CHENG MEE CHING	2008-08-21
669	HEW SHEAU YING	2008-08-22
670	SOO YIN JIA	2008-09-18
671	VARPAL SINGH A/L MENENDER SINGH	2008-10-20
672	NGAN YUET KIM	2008-11-05
673	AZARATULHASNA BINTI ARIFIN	2008-11-06
674	BALAKRISHNA BALARAVI PILLAI	2008-11-13
675	SASHA BT AHMAD NASPU	2008-11-14
676	NOR ARFAH BINTI MOHD ALIB	2008-11-28
677	LING CHI HOONG	2008-12-03
678	SACHPAL SINGH A/L SIGWIND SINGH	2008-12-03
679	SUHAIBAH BINTI MD RAZIB	2009-01-02
680	FARIDZUL AZLAN BIN ABD SHANI	2009-01-23
681	NORITA BINTI ALIAS	2009-01-28
682	SINGARAVADIVEL A/L V. SINGARAM	2009-02-05
683	MANJIT SINGH GILL A/L DARSHAN SINGH	2009-04-01
684	LOW HANN YONG	2009-04-03
685	LIEW CHEN SIANG	2009-05-04
686	WAI CHONG KHUAN	2009-05-04
687	ROSLIZA BINTI RUSLAN	2009-05-15
688	BOEY XU XIAN	2009-05-20

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
689	SYARIFAH AMNAH BINTI ZAINAL ABIDIN	2009-05-20
690	NOR AZIZAH BINTI KAMARULZAMAN	2009-05-23
691	HEE WING SEONG	2009-05-26
692	AINAL BALKIS BINTI SHAIKH FADILLAH	2009-06-18
693	CHANG SUA YEAN	2009-06-20
694	LIM KIM HUI	2009-06-20
695	YEAP SIEW FEN	2009-06-20
696	KHOO CHOON PING	2009-06-26
697	ISMET AL-BAKRI BIN YUSOFF AL-BAKRI	2009-07-21
698	SARITA ASHOK KHANDHAR	2009-07-24
699	HO TSUI HSIA	2009-07-31
700	NG LAY SAN	2009-08-21
701	SUBASHINI A/P RAMAKRISHNAN	2009-08-21
702	JEYAMARAN A/L SANDANASAMY	2009-08-27
703	ADLAN ZULKURNAIN BIN MUSTAFA	2009-09-12
704	KOH CHEE HONG	2009-10-09
705	LEE JIAJIN	2009-10-28
706	RAJASEGARAN A/L RAMASAMY	2009-10-28
707	AROKIASAMY GNANAPRAGASAM	2009-11-03
708	SUSHILAYANTI BINTI SUMADI	2009-11-13
709	TAY YEW CHONG JASON	2009-11-13
710	MUHAMMAD AKRAM BIN ABDUL AZIZ	2009-11-20
711	NG KEEM FOONG	2009-12-02
712	HAYYUM SULEIKHA BINTI SELAMAT	2009-12-12
713	JAMES HUNTZEN ONG	2009-12-29
714	LAILATUL FITRIAH BINTI MA'AT	2010-02-06
715	AMIR FALIQ BIN MOHAMAD JAMIL	2010-04-09
716	ONG CHEE KEAN	2010-04-23
717	FRANCIS A/L SINNAPPAN	2010-04-30
718	SYAHIDAH HANUM BINTI MOHD GHAZALI	2010-04-30

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
719	ASWADI BIN ZAKARIA	2010-05-07
720	CHANG LIH YIK	2010-05-07
721	GRACE KUMAR	2010-05-07
722	SHAHIDATUL WAHIDAH BT MOHAMAT NAWAWI	2010-05-13
723	CHEW PEI YING	2010-05-14
724	CHIA YUH NING	2010-05-14
725	LOW BOON SEONG	2010-05-14
726	MOHD FITRI BIN ASMUNI	2010-05-14
727	YEO SOO PENG	2010-06-04
728	KAMAL ISHMAEL BIN MOHAMMED ARIFF	2010-06-18
729	LEE SIEW CHIN	2010-06-24
730	LIM BENG YEW	2010-06-25
731	TEOH CHEN YEE	2010-06-25
732	GARY ABRAHAM A/L XAVIER	2010-07-16
733	ABIGAIL LIM ERN TZE	2010-07-30
734	KEE WEI LON	2010-08-06
735	TAN AIMEE	2010-08-06
736	AW KAM MEI	2010-08-20
737	JOEL LIM PHAN HONG	2010-08-20
738	FOO HIAP CHOONG	2010-10-08
739	TAN HUEY PING	2010-10-08
740	AMANI WILLIAMS-HUNT BIN ABDULLAH	2010-10-22
741	LALITHAMBIGAI A/P MARUTHAIAH	2010-11-12
742	DAYANG NOR EMILIA BINTI AZMAN SHAH	2010-12-03
743	LING HEE JING	2011-01-21
744	MOHD YUSOFF BIN YUNUS	2011-02-02
745	SHUHAILA BINTI RUHI	2011-02-25
746	HANIS BINTI BASIR	2011-04-04
747	CHANG YING YING	2011-04-08
748	MOHD SHAHRULLAH KHAN BIN NAWAB ZADAH KHAN	2011-04-08

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
749	IMA SHAFINI BINTI WAHIDIN	2011-04-15
750	NOOR EMILIA BINTI AHMAD SAFRI	2011-04-15
751	SITI AISHAH BINTI OTHMAN	2011-04-15
752	WONG CHEE YEN	2011-04-15
753	LOGES A/L TIYAGARAJAN	2011-04-22
754	LEE CHONG HONG	2011-04-28
755	KOOI WEI KIT	2011-05-10
756	LIM BOON BEE	2011-05-10
757	NORAZALINA BINTI HAIRUDDIN	2011-05-20
758	IZYAN BINTI ITHNAIN @ SENIN	2011-05-20
759	SITI NOR SYAHIDAH BINTI ISMAIL	2011-05-20
760	VIOLET LIANG MI TIENG	2011-05-20
761	NUR SYAZWANI BINTI SHABUDIN	2011-05-27
762	NADIAH HANIM BINTI YAAKOB	2011-06-01
763	KHAIRUL ANUAR BIN MUSA	2011-06-17
764	KEE SOO HONG	2011-07-01
765	OOI CHEE KIN	2011-07-01
766	AIDIL RATNA EDORRA BINTI SUHAIMIN	2011-07-08
767	FAZLEELA ELIA BINTI JAAFAR	2011-07-11
768	TEOH KWOK WAI	2011-08-01
769	SRI RICHGOPINATH A/L SALVAM	2011-08-19
770	CHONG CHEE HON	2011-09-23
771	SITI NORAINI BINTI SABRAN	2011-09-23
772	TEH SOO JIN	2011-10-10
773	JASWANT SINGH A/L VEER SINGH	2011-10-14
774	AMIRUL FAIRUZZEEN BIN JAMALUDDIN	2011-10-28
775	LAW HONG SAN	2011-11-11
776	ONG MAY JOYCE	2011-12-09
777	JAGDAVE SINGH A/L KULDEEP SINGH	2012-01-06
778	KHAIRUNNISA BINTI BAHARUM	2012-01-06

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
779	YONG YEN LII	2012-01-20
780	RACHEL DING HSIN SHI	2012-01-21
781	SYAZWANI BINTI AZUDIN	2012-02-02
782	NOR NADIA SYAZANA BINTI MOHAMAD NOR	2012-03-23
783	NURUL JANNAH BINTI KHAIRUL ANUAR	2012-03-30
784	SITI HAWA HASSAN	2012-03-30
785	LEE WEN YIH	2012-04-02
786	NUR DIANA BINTI MAT RADZAI	2012-04-02
787	NURUL IZZATI BINTI YUSOF	2012-04-19
788	PREETPIARE KAUR A/P DARSHAN SINGH	2012-04-20
789	NURUL NADIA BINTI SHARIFFUDIN	2012-04-26
790	SITI FAIRUS BINTI ASIN	2012-04-26
791	NOR AZIAH BINTI BUNAWAN	2012-05-08
792	WAN NOOR IZRIN NAIM BINTI WAN NIK	2012-05-08
793	LIM SOON SHENG	2012-05-11
794	MUHAMMAD ASHRAFF BIN MOHD DIAH	2012-05-25
795	SYED ' AAQIL BIN SYED MUHSHIN	2012-05-25
796	VIJAYALECHUMY A/P MAHARINGGAM	2012-05-29
797	SITI ROSLIANTI BINTI ROSLI	2012-06-08
798	MUHAMMAD AL-HIRZAN BIN MAHAMAD AKHIR	2012-06-09
799	KORINAVATHI A/P KRISHNAMOORTHY	2012-06-25
800	ONG KAR BOON	2012-06-29
801	ALIA ANIS BINTI YAACOB	2012-07-02
802	FARAH NUR ATIQAH BINTI BAHARI	2012-07-02
803	ANIS BINTI ABDULLAH	2012-08-03
804	KISHORI SOOSAN PATNAIKK	2012-09-03
805	CHAN SOOK CHING	2012-09-07
806	SITI SARAH BINTI ABD RAZAK	2012-09-28
807	HOON QI ZHEN AIFRED	2012-10-01
808	PUSHPARANI A/P NEELAMAYGAM	2012-10-17

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
809	LEONG YIT CHIA	2012-11-05
810	MERLINNA CHAI	2012-11-07
811	TEOH CHIN CHONG	2012-11-21
812	JOSHUA KUAN KAI WEN	2012-11-30
813	NEOH LIAN HUI	2012-11-30
814	WONG CHOR LEE	2012-11-30
815	TEO WEE XIN	2013-01-07
816	NUR HIDAYAH BINTI MHD MUSTAFFA	2013-01-08
817	CHUAH PHEI SAN	2013-01-11
818	NOR AZIELA BINTI JAMALUDIN	2013-01-17
819	NURULJANNAH BINTI MOHD JOAINI	2013-01-22
820	SHAHREEZAL BIN SANUSI	2013-01-25
821	SITI SYAHIDA IDAYU BINTI AZNI	2013-01-25
822	NOR HANIZAWATI BINTI ISMAIL @ IBRAHIM	2013-02-21
823	ZARIFAH SYAZANA BINTI ZAINAL BAHRIN	2013-02-22
824	AMI ROZAIDI BIN CHIK ROS	2013-03-08
825	MOHD SHAHRIL EFFENDI BIN MOHD YUNUS	2013-03-15
826	A'NIL HAWA BINTI MASFANGI	2013-03-29
827	MOHD ZAID HASANI BIN AHMAD SHAZALI	2013-04-19
828	MOHD AIDIL BIN ARSAD	2013-05-15
829	THARSHINI A/P CHANDRAN	2013-05-22
830	KOH MEI HUI	2013-05-30
831	ASHVINDER KAUR A/P NARANYA SINGH	2013-05-31
832	KHONG JIA LUO	2013-06-05
833	SITI AZAH AINI BINTI AZAHARI	2013-06-05
834	MUHAMMAD HASANUDDIN BIN MOHD YUSOFF	2013-06-21
835	NUR AZUREN BINTI MOHD OTHMAN	2013-06-28
836	LUQMAN HAKIM BIN AZHAR	2013-07-05
837	MOHD NORAZIHAN BIN ADNAN	2013-07-05
838	NURUL FARAHANA BINTI MOHD AINI	2013-07-05

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
839	CHIA WILSON	2013-07-12
840	TAN HUEY SHYA	2013-07-12
841	KHAIRUL ANIS SHAFIKAH BT SAPE'I	2013-07-17
842	NURSURAYA BINTI KHAIRUL ANUAR	2013-07-23
843	MUHAMMAD ALIF AFANDI BIN ZULKEFLI	2013-08-21
844	NOOR SHAFARIN BIN ABDULLAH	2013-08-21
845	RABIATOL ADARIAH BINTI HAJI NORDIN	2013-08-22
846	IZATUL AKMAL BINTI GHANI	2013-08-23
847	MUHAMMAD SHAUQI BIN SUHAIMI	2013-08-23
848	THONG WEI SIN	2013-08-28
849	SITI MASLEHA BINTI MAKENAN	2013-08-30
850	NORHIDAYAH BINTI ABDUL RAZAK	2013-09-04
851	TEH YUNG HUOI	2013-09-04
852	HAFIZAH BINTI MOHD UPANDI	2013-09-11
853	PUTERI HIKMATUL RAUDAH DZULAIKA BINTI MOHAMAD	2013-09-12
854	FATIN NABILAH BINTI ABU BAKAR	2013-09-30
855	MUHAMMAD ADHWA' AZFAR B. MUHAMMAD TAJUDDIN	2013-10-11
856	RAYMOND HOR YONG PENG	2013-10-11
857	NORLIANA HAZWANI BT MOHAMMAD TAJUL URUS	2013-11-22
858	NGOI EVON	2013-12-11
859	RAJA MOHD IKRAM BIN RAJA MOHD HARUN AL-RASHID	2014-01-03
860	MOHAMAD HAFIZ BIN JALALUDIN	2014-01-08
861	INTAN NOR NADHIRAH BINTI ISMAIL	2014-01-23
862	WAN SHAUKI ZHAFIRAN BIN WAN MOHAMAD ZAIN	2014-01-23
863	MIOR MUHAMMAD FADHLI B MIOR SHAIFUDDIN	2014-02-05
864	ZARITH SATINA BINTI MD SANI	2014-02-05
865	ONG KIAN SIANG	2014-02-26
866	IKRAM BIN IBRAHIM	2014-03-10
867	NG SHEAU LING	2014-03-10

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
868	NUR HIDAYAH BINTI MOHD RADZI	2014-04-25
869	FARIDAH HUSNA BINTI HASHIM	2014-05-08
870	' AWATIF BINTI AHMAD BASHIR	2014-05-21
871	INTAN SURAYYA BINTI ABDUL HALIM	2014-05-21
872	GERALD CHAN	2014-06-18
873	SHARUL BIN SHABAATH ALI	2014-06-18
874	SUKHJIT SINGH GILL A/L DARSHAN SINGH	2014-06-19
875	NICHOLAS POON QIANFAN	2014-06-20
876	MATHAN RAJ A/L S. C SUBRAMANIAN	2014-07-04
877	HAZRIL AZAM BIN ABDUL HAMID	2014-07-16
878	MUHAMAD FAIZAL BIN IDRIS	2014-07-16
879	SYAKIRA BINTI ABDUL KHAIR @ KHAIRUDDIN	2014-07-16
880	MOHAMAD ZUHDI BIN AHMAD KHAN	2014-07-17
881	NUR ASMIDA BINTI ABD KARIM	2014-07-21
882	IDA TAN HUEI YIN	2014-07-23
883	LING LEUN LEE	2014-07-23
884	NUR ADNEN BINTI YAHYA	2014-07-23
885	TEOH YIN NENG	2014-07-23
886	AHMAD MUKMIN AIMI BIN AZMI	2014-07-25
887	MOHAMAD ASHRAF BIN AHMAD SOHAIMI	2014-08-07
888	ARIFFIN BIN HARON	2014-08-15
889	EFFA FARIDA BINTI NOR AZIZI	2014-08-15
890	ARNI IYANI BINTI RAMLI	2014-08-22
891	AZIEMAH BINTI AZMAN	2014-08-22
892	MOHD HAKIMI BIN ZULKIFLY	2014-08-22
893	MOHD NOOR ESWANDDY BIN JOHAN	2014-08-29
894	MOHD SALLEH BIN TOGIMIN	2014-09-05
895	NUR FATIN NADIA BT ROSLIN	2014-09-10
896	LIM QIXIU	2014-09-12
897	NORHANIM BINTI IDAHAM @ IDHAM	2014-09-30

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
898	EDA NURUL HANANI BINTI MD DAUD	2014-10-01
899	SITI NURHIDAYAH BINTI MAT SAAD	2014-10-01
900	NOOR 'ADLINA BINTI HJ BADRI	2014-10-10
901	AMANDEV SINGH A/L KARTAR SINGH	2014-11-07
902	HARBANS KAUR A/P BAKH SINGH	2014-11-07
903	KUAH CHIA JENG	2014-11-21
904	LIM HAN KEONG GARY	2014-12-05
905	GAN HWEE THENG	2015-01-19
906	LIM WAI HUNG	2015-01-30
907	NORAZIAH BINTI ABDUL AZIZ	2015-01-30
908	NURRULFARHANA BINTI IBRAHIM	2015-01-30
909	MAISARAH FATIN BINTI ABDUL RAZAK	2015-02-27
910	AZEME BIN AZHAR	2015-03-06
911	NG WEI RONG	2015-03-06
912	CHANG KAI PING	2015-03-20
913	SALINA BINTI HAMZAH	2015-03-20
914	NURADILAH BINTI RUSLI	2015-03-26
915	TAN LAY KHOON	2015-03-26
916	SYED ADAM AL-AQIB BIN SYED MOHAMMAD REDZA	2015-04-03
917	NURUL LIYANA BINTI AZMIN	2015-04-17
918	AHMAD SHAMIL AZAD BIN ABDUL HAMID	2015-04-22
919	SITI NURUL 'AIN BINTI AZMEE	2015-04-22
920	V. SREEDARAN NAIR A/L A. VELOO PILLAY	2015-05-15
921	SITI FATIMA SAFIQAH BINTI AYOB	2015-05-29
922	SITI HAJAR BINTI HAMZAH	2015-06-10
923	LAVIANIA A/P PATHMANATHAN	2015-06-19
924	MUHAMMAD FARHAN BIN AHMAD FADZIL	2015-06-19
925	MUHAMMAD RAFIQREE HAMKA BIN RUSLAN	2015-06-26
926	WIDEEYA JULIANA BT MUSTAPHA	2015-06-30
927	MUHAMMAD SYAFIQ BIN SALLEH	2015-07-01

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
928	NUR MUHAIMIN BINTI MOHD HUSAIMI	2015-07-01
929	SITI NUR FAREHA BINTI AB AZIZ	2015-07-03
930	LOW XHU HERN	2015-07-31
931	KARTIYAINI A/P JEYAPALAN	2015-08-02
932	KAMAL AZUREEN ADIKA BIN KAMAL ARIFFIN	2015-08-13
933	NOR FARHANA BINTI AHMAD TARMIZI	2015-08-13
934	NORHAZWANI BINTI YAAKOP	2015-08-13
935	CHEW JEE SAN	2015-08-21
936	OOI HEAN PING	2015-08-21
937	SYAHIDAH HUZAIFAH BINTI AHMAD SUKRI	2015-08-26
938	NURUL SYAHIRAH BINTI AZMAN	2015-09-01
939	ONG QI JUAN	2015-09-01
940	CHRISTOPHER YEO WEE CHOON	2015-09-11
941	NOR FADILLAH ANUM BINTI SIOTAR	2015-09-29
942	NOORFARIHAH BINTI ARSHAD	2015-10-05
943	HARVEYNDER SINGH TYNDALL	2015-10-07
944	NOR HASANAH BINTI ABU SAMAH	2015-10-22
945	NUR AQILAH BINTI BASRI	2015-10-28
946	MUHAMMAD MUSTAFA BIN MOHD ZIN	2015-10-30
947	EMEER MOKHSIN BIN MAT SALEEH	2015-11-04
948	MOHD RIZLAN SHAH BIN IZMAN	2015-11-06
949	NG WEI JUN	2015-11-16
950	ANG BOON CHONG	2015-12-04
951	YOON THIEN SIANG	2015-12-04
952	NORLEENA BINTI JAMAL	2015-12-09
953	MOHAMAD AMIN BIN SEGU ALAVUDIN	2015-12-11
954	RAJOO A/L A. SIRVATHAM	2016-01-13
955	CHIN SHIAW WEI	2016-01-15
956	NAJDA BINTI AZIZ	2016-01-27
957	IZYAN SYAZWANI BINTI MOHAMAD BASRI	2016-01-28

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
958	NURUL ATIQAH BINTI SAM KAMARUDDIN	2016-01-29
959	AQILAH ZUHAILI BINTI ZAHARI	2016-02-10
960	LOO MEI KUAN	2016-02-10
961	MOHAMMED AZMI BIN SHAHRUDDIN	2016-02-10
962	RAJA MOHD ISKANDAR ZULKHARNIAN BIN RAJA ABDUL MALEK	2016-02-10
963	NURUL HAFIZAH BINTI ISMAIL	2016-02-18
964	WONG JIN JING	2016-02-26
965	QURRATU 'AINI BINTI MOHD RADZI	2016-02-26
966	NOREHAN BINTI ZAKARIA	016-03-01
967	SYAZWAN BIN FAKHIRRUDDIN	016-03-08
968	NURUL HIDAYAH AL MUSTQIMAH BINTI SUHARDIMAN	2016-05-05
969	NUR SYUHADA BINTI ISMAIL	2016-05-13
970	WOO KAH LEONG	2016-05-27
971	PARVEEN SHARMA A/L KRISHNAN	2016-06-30
972	PRABAKARAN A/L ANNAMALAI	2016-06-30
973	YUVARAJ A/L RAVI	2016-06-30
974	ABDUL KHALIQ BIN MALIK	2016-07-15
975	NURHAZWANI BINTI MUHAMAD YUSOFF	2016-07-22
976	NURAFIQAH BINTI ABD AZIZ	2016-08-03
977	SANDEEP SINGH A/L GURBACHAN SINGH	2016-08-03
978	BAWANI A/P KANIAPAN	2016-08-17
979	MOHAMAD GHAZALI BIN MAZRI	2016-08-18
980	DIA SZE SZE	2016-09-09
981	INTAN SHAFINI BINTI MIOR SHAHRIN	2016-09-14
982	MUHAMMAD FARHAN BIN SAPIAN SAURI	2016-09-14
983	NUR SHAKINAH BINTI HAZALI	2016-09-28
984	JESPREET KAUR A/P GURDIP SINGH	2016-10-19
985	KALAINILAA A/P KALAIYARASU	2016-10-19
986	SITI ADZLIN BINTI MOHD ANWER	2016-11-25
987	NG JO WEN	2016-12-07

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
988	NOR IZZATUN UDDA BINTI MOHAMED	2016-12-08
989	ELYNA NABILA MADEONUS BINTI YUSDI MADEONUS	2016-12-14
990	KUNASEKARAN A/L KRISHNAN	2016-12-15
991	MATTHEWS A/L JUDE	2016-12-15
992	NGOO HOI INN	2016-12-15
993	PUVANESWARY A/P TULISIRAMAN	2016-12-16
994	WAN ERN HUI	2017-01-06
995	AZAT ARIF BIN ABU ZARRIN	2017-01-18
996	C. KALADEVI A/P CHANDRASEKHARAN	2017-01-18
997	TUN SAIFUL AMAN BIN AHMAD ZAKARIA	2017-01-25
998	ROSSHATIKA BINTI ABD RAHMAN	2017-02-09
999	NUR AIN IZZATI BINTI ABDUL RAHIM	2017-02-15
1000	PHANG YUEN MUN	2017-02-17
1001	SUSEAN KEE PEI YONG	2017-02-17
1002	TENH SWEE KEONG	2017-02-17
1003	HAZIM BIN MHD NASRUDDIN	2017-02-24
1004	AZIF HAKIEMI BIN ABDULLAH	2017-02-28
1005	MOHD SYUWARI FAIQ BIN HASMI	2017-02-28
1006	NUR ANIS IZANA BINTI MD SAID	2017-02-28
1007	NUR SYAZWANI BINTI SHAM SHUL BAHARIN	2017-02-28
1008	ZAH RATUNNUR HANIM AJLA BINTI AMINUDDIN	2017-02-28
1009	NORFASIAH BINTI MOHAMAD AZMI	2017-03-01
1010	NOR SHAHEEDA BINTI MOHD AFFANDI	2017-03-10
1011	LAU CHEE FOON	2017-04-25
1012	AFIQ AKMAL BIN ZAINAL ABIDIN	2017-05-12
1013	CHIA SONG MING	2017-05-26
1014	OLGA OCTAVIA MATHIUS	2017-05-26
1015	THEAM CHEE LARP	2017-05-26
1016	UZA NAJIERA BINTI MOHD ANUAR	2017-06-20
1017	MAHALAKSHIMI A/P KALAIVANAN	2017-06-21

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
1018	DANIELLE ANDREA GOMES	2017-07-05
1019	KALAMALAR A/P C PARAMAGURU	2017-07-05
1020	NOR AFIFAH BINTI MOHD AFENDI	2017-07-07
1021	NURAMNI FATIRA BINTI MOHD NIZAM	2017-08-11
1022	JASON NG THIEN YEONG	2017-09-15
1023	WONG SIEN YEN	2017-09-15
1024	YIAP YEE SAN	2017-09-26
1025	OMAR KUTTY BIN ABDUL AZIZ	2017-09-28
1026	MOHANJEET SINGH A/L RANJIT SINGH	2017-10-02
1027	WONG KAR KEAT	2017-10-02
1028	MAGANATHAN A/L SOORAPPDU	2017-10-24
1029	MUHAMAD SYAHRUL NIZAM BIN MOHD RABI	2017-10-24
1030	TAN XUI SHAN	2017-10-24
1031	LEE JUN HOW	2017-10-27
1032	NURUL AIN SHAHIRA AZWA BINTI LEMAN	2017-11-02
1033	CINDY NG	2017-11-03
1034	MOHAMMAD NA'IM BIN SAMSUL HAIRI	2017-11-22
1035	FARAH ATIQAH BINTI ABD RAHMAN	2017-11-24
1036	NUR IZZATI BINTI ABDUL RASHID	2017-11-24
1037	NUR ALIA BINTI MOHD ISA	2017-12-29
1038	NOR SHAFINA BINTI HASHIM	2018-01-05
1039	SYAKIRA AFIFAH BINTI AMINUDIN	2018-02-09
1040	TEOH YEE CHERN	2018-02-09
1041	NURALYAA AMAL BINTI YUSOP	2018-03-12
1042	MOHAMAD NAIM BIN KAMARUDDIN	2018-03-23
1043	MOHAMMED MIRAN BIN MOHAMMAD SALIP	2018-03-23
1044	MUHAMAD IZZAD EMIR BIN SAZALI	2018-03-23
1045	SUKHVINDER SINGH SIDHU	2018-03-23
1046	ABDULLAH MUNIR BIN ROSLAN	2018-05-17
1047	JUDY BLACIOUS S/O A F PEREIRA	2018-05-17

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
1048	SITI RAUDAH BINTI MOHD RAIS	2018-05-18
1049	MOHAMAD MOKRY BIN HASHIM	2018-05-22
1050	TAN ZHI YING	2018-05-24
1051	NABILA ASYIQIN BINTI GHAFAR @ BASRANI	2018-06-01
1052	NUR AFFA AFFIFAN BINTI MOHD ZAIN	2018-06-01
1053	NUR AZREEN BINTI JAMIL	2018-06-11
1054	CHEN SIN YEE	2018-06-21
1055	MAHAJOTH SINGH A/L DARSHAN SINGH	2018-06-29
1056	LING XIN JING	2018-07-06
1057	SHARMELA A/P TAMIL MANI	2018-07-06
1058	CHONG XIN TONG	2018-07-12
1059	MAS NADHIRAH BINTI BADROLHISHAM	2018-07-12
1060	LOW SIN LOONG	2018-07-20
1061	YEE ZI XIN	2018-07-24
1062	WONG WEI CHAO	2018-07-29
1063	TING CHEE BOON	2018-08-03
1064	ELAINE FOONG SOOK YEN	2018-08-16
1065	ILAVARASI A/P THIRUCHELVAM @ SELVAM	2018-08-16
1066	NURUL FARZANA BINTI RUS BAKARURRAINI	2018-08-16
1067	ZAIM ZHAFRI BIN AZHAR	2018-08-16
1068	NUR LIYANA IZZATI BINTI ABD AZIZ	2018-08-17
1069	CHEAH YONG HUI	2018-08-28
1070	LEE XIN JIA	2018-08-30
1071	ALYA ANATIE BINTI ABDUL RAHMAN	2018-09-13
1072	LAVENYIA A/P SIVANESAN	2018-09-20
1073	WAN ZAKIAH BINTI ZULKHEFLI	2018-09-20
1074	LEE AI YIN	2018-09-21
1075	ANIS ASMIRA BINTI AMIR SHARIFUDDIN	2018-09-24
1076	DIVIYA A/P MUTTIAH	2018-10-05
1077	NUR MURNI BINTI CHE MOOD	2018-10-19

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
1078	YU SY JIA	2018-12-07
1079	CHRISTINA ATTHI A/P TASAN SINGH	2019-01-04
1080	NUR ATIQA BINTI HAMRAN	2019-01-04
1081	CHOONG HUI YEAN	2019-01-18
1082	ATHIRAH NAJIAH BINTI MOHTAR	2019-02-21
1083	NURAREENA BINTI SAID	2019-02-21
1084	SHASSIDAREN A/L DEVA SANA PATHY	2019-02-21
1085	MUHAMMAD SYAFIQ BIN TAJUDIN	2019-03-01
1086	ZAINAL ARIFUDDIN BIN ZAINAL ALIMUDDIN	2019-03-01
1087	LING DAOJUN	2019-03-08
1088	VIVIEN MITCHIEL A/P SELVARJU BENEDICT	2019-03-08
1089	SYAMIL HAIDHAR BIN ABDUL JALIL ALWI	2019-03-15
1090	TAY YEW GUO JARED	2019-03-15
1091	NUR ADILLAH BINTI OSMAN	2019-04-26
1092	VIGNESHVAR A/L RAMARMUTY	2019-05-14
1093	KHOO KOK TONG	2019-05-30
1094	NUR IYLIA BALQIS ZUHANI BINTI NUR MOHAMMAD BAKHTIR	2019-07-21
1095	ESTHER A/P TAMIL CHELEVAM	2019-08-09
1096	AZLEEN FARHANA BINTI AZMAN	2019-08-15
1097	AMRICK SINGH SANDU	2019-08-22
1098	KOMATHY A/P SOMASAKARAN	2019-08-22
1099	NG YUN KHONG	2019-08-22
1100	KHAIRA KHALISYAH BINTI MISRAH	2019-08-30
1101	BENJAMIN CHWEE YEW KENG	2019-09-06
1102	IZWAN ARIFF BIN IBRAHIM	2019-09-20
1103	AW SHENG MIN	2019-09-24
1104	KALA A/P JEYA KUMAR	2019-09-24
1105	NORZAININ ASYIKIN BINTI ZAINAL ABIDIN	2019-09-24
1106	MUHAMAD KAMAL ADHA BIN MOHD HAROZI	2019-10-03
1107	EVELYN JAYA SHOBA A/P A AMALADOSS	2019-10-11

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
1108	NURUL ZAHIDDA BINTI ABDUL RAHIM	2019-10-18
1109	PARAMASWARI A/P SAVASURI	2019-10-25
1110	AHMAD SYAHMI BIN AMRAN	2019-11-20
1111	KOH POH LUN	2019-11-20
1112	TAI MIN HUI	2019-11-20
1113	EMALIANA A/P BAH ALI	2019-12-05
1114	VITHYA LETCHEMY A/P DIAGARAJAN	2019-12-05
1115	SIVE GANESH A/L ANANTHAN	2019-12-06
1116	NUR FARAHAANIM BINTI RUSLAN	2019-12-17
1117	NURIANA BINTI ABD MAJID	2019-12-17
1118	NURUL NAJIHAH BINTI ROSZEMAN	2020-01-17
1119	KELLY LING FEI	2020-01-22
1120	ALIA NAJIHA BINTI AHMAD RIDZUAN	2020-02-07
1121	NUR'INANI BINTI MUHAMAD SUHIMI	2020-02-14
1122	HONG VAEY SYUEN	2020-02-18
1123	NUR AMIERA BINTI SALEHUDIN	2020-02-18
1124	TEOH YIE LING	2020-02-18
1125	MUHAMMAD SYAFIQ BIN MUHSIN	2020-06-19
1126	CHIA WAI CHEE	2020-07-14
1127	FATIN AFIQAH BINTI ZAINUDDIN	2020-07-14
1128	KAVIETHA A/P PARAMSIVAN	2020-07-14
1129	PRIVESH PAUL SINGH A/L SUCHA SINGH	2020-07-14
1130	AHMAD RADZMIN BIN MOHD RAZI RAJINDAR	2020-07-15
1131	ARIFAH ZAKIAH BINTI BADRUZZAMAN	2020-07-15
1132	JOANNE PRIYA A/P SANTANASAMY	2020-07-15
1133	KOAY JING QIAN	2020-07-15
1134	LOI TEIK YAW	2020-08-07
1135	VARSHA CHELVI MANIMUTHU	2020-08-07
1136	MUHAMMAD WAFI BIN ABDULLAH	2020-08-28
1137	NURUL HAIQA BINTI HASSAN	2020-08-28

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
1138	TEOH CHUN WEI	2020-08-28
1139	MUHAMMAD ARIF BIN ISHAK	2020-09-10
1140	DHARSSINI A/P RAJANDRAN	2020-09-25
1141	AMIRAH BINTI MHD SHUKREE	2020-09-30
1142	PREMELA A/P RAJENDRAN	2020-09-30
1143	FOO MEI JANE	2020-10-09
1144	AMIRA BINTI AHMAD NIZA	2020-10-21
1145	NUR FADHLIN BINTI MOHAMMAD FADZLI	2020-10-21
1146	SANGITHA NAMASOO	2020-10-21
1147	SOO LIANG XHE	2020-11-06
1148	TENG YUAN TING	2020-12-04
1149	AFINA BINTI ABDUL HAKIM	2021-01-14
1150	MUHAMMAD HAZIQ BIN KHAIRI	2021-02-26
1151	DHIVIYA A/P ANBANANTHAN	2021-03-17
1152	TULASI A/P AYAOO	2021-03-17
1153	DAVID PHANG ZHUN LEONG	2021-03-24
1154	NUR SHAQIRA BINTI IBRAHIM	2021-03-24
1155	KOI CHI SIANG	2021-06-01
1156	FAN JIA YEE	2021-08-03
1157	PAVITHIRA A/P RAJENDRAN	2021-08-06
1158	ABDUL MUHAIMIN BIN PAIIZI	2021-09-24
1159	AWATHIF BINTI AZMAN	2021-10-01
1160	SITI AISHAH BINTI MOHAMED AZAHARI	2021-10-01
1161	NUR AFINI BINTI KAMAL ARIFFIN	2021-11-10
1162	NUR AQILAH BINTI MOHAMMAD ZAIBI	2021-11-10
1163	KIROSHINI A/P BALAKRISHNAN	2021-11-15
1164	FAUSTINA A/P FRANCIS	2021-11-29
1165	GOBINDEEP SINGH A/L GURBACHAN SINGH	2021-11-29
1166	MAHALATCUMI A/P THAMILSELVAM	2021-11-29
1167	RIZWANA BINTI ROSLAN	2021-12-03

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
1168	TAN WEI HOW	2021-12-10
1169	ABD RAHIM BIN MD ARIFF	2021-12-20
1170	SEAH WEN CHI	2021-12-20
1171	THAM JIE YING	2021-12-20
1172	NG MEE YAN	2022-02-08
1173	FAATHIMA AZZAHRA BINTI ROSLI	2022-02-18
1174	NOOR FAIZEEN BINTI KAMARUDDIN	2022-03-07
1175	NURSHAMIERA MAZWANIE BINTI MAHZAN	2022-03-07
1176	NURYASMIN SURAYA BINTI AZHAR HAKIMIN	2022-03-11
1177	NUR FAZIERA ALIAH BINTI AHMAD	2022-03-29
1178	PRESNA A/P PANDIAN	2022-03-29
1179	NG XIN RU	2022-04-22
1180	SKANDA A/L YAGASENA	2022-06-23
1181	ADRINA ONG	2022-07-26
1182	KAREENA KAUR A/P JAGJIT SINGH	2022-07-26
1183	LOGAPRIEYAN A/L ARICHANDRAN	2022-07-26
1184	MOHAMAD KHAZALI BIN YIN	2022-07-26
1185	SIOW MENG WEI	2022-07-26
1186	NURUL NADIAH BINTI CHE ROS	2022-08-18
1187	DIONG WERN EE	2022-08-19
1188	FOO PEAK EAN	2022-08-19
1189	TING ZHI LING	2022-08-19
1190	ANUSHA JULIANNA A/P RAVEE	2022-09-08
1191	AHMAD DARWIS BIN AHMAD ZAIDI	2022-09-22
1192	MUHAMMAD AMIN BIN SALLEH	2022-09-22
1193	SANDEEP SINGH A/L JIT SINGH	2022-09-22
1194	BARGAVILASHINI A/P ALAKASVARAN	2022-10-07
1195	NG ZHI YIK	2022-10-07
1196	KURSI AH BINTI AHMAD SANI	2022-10-11
1197	MOHAMMAD YUNUS BIN RAZAK	2022-10-11

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
1198	JASON TIEW BOON KEAN	2022-11-03
1199	MUHAMMAD AIMAN BIN KAMARUL AZIZI	2022-11-03
1200	NURUL QASSIMI BINTI ABDUL RASHID	2022-11-03
1201	AINA MASTURA BINTI ABD KHAIR	2022-11-15
1202	NUR AMIRAH BINTI NOOR AZLAN	2022-11-15
1203	ONG HUI XUE	2022-11-15
1204	ANISATUL AKMALIA BINTI FAHMIZAR	2022-12-07
1205	AHMAD MAHFUDZ BIN MAHAYUDIN	2022-12-09
1206	ANIS SABRINA BINTI MOKHTAR	2022-12-09
1207	S. SAI YUHASHINEE SELVARAJA	2022-12-09
1208	ANG RU CHOO	2022-12-16
1209	NOOR KHUZAIFAH BINTI WAN MOHAMAD NOOR	2022-12-16
1210	WIDAD BINTI MOHD SIDIK	2022-12-16
1211	LIM CHIANG BOON	2023-01-05
1212	NUR MASHITAH BINTI MOHAMAD RAHIM	2023-01-05
1213	LEE KAI WEN	2023-01-11
1214	LING CHE LIK	2023-01-11
1215	MANAL HAYATI BINTI MOHD. ARIFF	2023-01-11
1216	SELVAM A/L LETCHUMANA PERUMAL	2023-01-11
1217	SITI NURHUSNA BINTI HEMDAN	2023-01-11
1218	NADHIRAH IRDINA BINTI HUZAIMY	2023-01-13
1219	WONG GUO SIONG	2023-01-19
1220	LAU YEE LEE	2023-02-03
1221	NURSYAZWANI BINTI MUHAMAD SHARIF	2023-03-03
1222	LIEW CHONG WEI	2023-03-10
1223	NUR ATHIRAH BINTI MOHD AZHAR	2023-03-31
1224	NURHUSNA BINTI MOHD THARIMAZI	2023-03-31
1225	SITI RAIHAH BINTI RAFIE	2023-03-31
1226	NUR IMAN SYUKRINA BINTI SUHAIMI	2023-05-11
1227	HOE WEI EE	2023-05-26

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
1228	SARANYA RANI A/P RAGUNATHAN	2023-05-26
1229	EMIRA SHAHIRAH BINTI SULEMAN	2023-06-28
1230	NUR ALYAA KHAIRIYAH BINTI KHUSAIRI	2023-07-07
1231	LEE ZHEN YI	2023-07-11
1232	MUHAMMAD IZZAN KHAIRIN BIN ZAKARIA	2023-07-14
1233	AQILAH KHAIRANI BINTI KHARSANI	2023-07-20
1234	NOR SYAFIQA BINTI NOR ADNI	2023-07-25
1235	SITI SARAH BINTI MOHAMMAD JOHARI	2023-07-25
1236	AMEER FIRDAUS BIN MOHD AMIR	2023-08-09
1237	DIVIYARANI A/P RAMESH	2023-08-16
1238	FATIN AQILAH BINTI RAHMAN	2023-08-16
1239	NUR FARHANA AFIQAH BINTI RADZWAN	2023-08-17
1240	NUR HAZWANI BINTI MD NOOR	2023-08-17
1241	NUR IZZATUL IFFAH BINTI OTHMAN	2023-08-17
1242	NUR RIZATUL BINTI ZULKIFLI	2023-08-17
1243	NURUL FATNUN BINTI ZAINUDI	2023-08-17
1244	HARVINDERJEET KAUR A/P CHARAN SINGH	2023-08-30
1245	NURUL NATASYA BINTI ZAHARON	2023-08-30
1246	CANICE CHAN HONG YAN	2023-09-01
1247	KARTHIKA A/P MOHGAN	2023-09-14
1248	MORGAN A/L SUBRAMANIAM	2023-09-29
1249	NURUL SYUHADAH BINTI AHMAD SHUHAIMI	2023-09-29
1250	SITI AISHAH AINI BINTI HISHAMUDIN	2023-09-29
1251	MUHAMMAD ALIF SAIFUDDIN BIN AZHAR	2023-10-06
1252	CHAN KAI XIN	2023-10-24
1253	GHEETAL KAUR A/P JOGINDER SINGH	2023-10-24
1254	MAGISHASHINI A/P ASSOGAN	2023-10-24
1255	JEYARAMM A/L RAJAN	2023-10-25
1256	SHARMILA RAJ	2023-10-31
1257	AASHWINI RAJAN	2023-12-01

NO	NAME	CALLED DATE
1258	YEOH KIM CHENG	2023-12-01
1259	ADIRALAILI HAWA BINTI MOHD MAZANI	2023-12-07
1260	JONATHAN LEON ZHENG WEI	2023-12-27

FLOWERS AND CONDOLENCES

- | <u>NO.</u> | <u>NAME</u> |
|------------|--|
| 1. | LATE MR. SUNDARAJAN A/L SOKALINGAM |
| 2. | LATE MR. TONY WONG SIEW KEE |
| 3. | LATE FATHER OF MR. SAKTHIVEL NAGALINGAM |
| 4. | LATE MOTHER OF MR. LIM KIM GUAN |
| 5. | LATE MOTHER OF MR. LEONARD ANSELM GOMES |
| 6. | LATE MR. JULIAN LEON MOON WAN |
| 7. | LATE DATO' SUKHJIT SINGH GILL S/O TAN SRI DARSHAN SINGH GILL |

MOTIONS

Kindly be informed that the following motions will be put for discussion and adoption (if approved by the house) by the Perak Bar Committee :

- (a) To revert the annual subscription payable to the Perak Bar for the year 2024 and the years thereafter to RM 150.00 unless otherwise resolved by the members at the AGM. The annual subscription had been reduced to RM 100.00 for the years 2020 to 2023 to ease the financial burden to members as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- (b) Proposal for new premises to be purchased for the use of the Perak Bar to cater for the increasing needs of the secretariat and to attend to the demands of growing numbers of members. The present premises which has been in use since 2020, is lacking in space and sufficient amenities and this causes constraints and difficulties for the Perak Bar Committee to cater efficiently to the needs of the members in general. The proposed purchase will also look towards minimising cost of hiring halls / venues to hold state meetings/ conferences/ talks/ seminars and will take account of long term benefits for members. You can forward your views and suggestions on this proposal and or any premise which you think is a viable consideration via email (perakbar@gmail.com) on / by 9th February 2024.
- (c) Whether Perak Bar is to subscribe to LEXIS NEXIS for online legal materials/ journals/ books and whether the cost of same is to be borne wholly or partially by the funds in the Perak Bar and if the cost is to be borne partially by the members then the same is to be paid annually by the members simultaneously with payment of the state bar subscription commencing 2024.

MOTION

WHEREAS the Perak Bar is lagging behind other State Bars:

AND WHEREAS the legal fraternity is now highly concentrated in Kuala Lumpur

IT BE RESOLVED that the Perak Bar reinvent itself by: -

1. Concentrating its financial and other resources to train its members to be at the cutting edge of advocacy skills and in the efficient running of their practice;
2. Organising Legal Seminars on a regular basis and fully subsidising speakers and members attending; and
3. Focusing on local legal issues such as Land Law, Town Country Planning, Health and the Environment



CHAN KOK KEONG

31.1.2024